# **SERVICE MANUAL**



FILE NO.

SPW-U253GH56 / SPW-C253GH5 SPW-U253GH56 / SPW-C253GH8

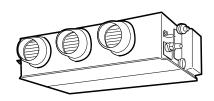
SPW-U363GH56 / SPW-C363GH8

SPW-U483GH56 / SPW-C483GH8

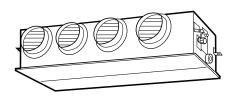
## **SPLIT SYSTEM AIR CONDITIONER**

INDOOR MODEL No.	PRODUCT CODE No.	OUTDOOR MODEL No.	PRODUCT CODE No.
SPW-U253GH56	854 011 53	SPW-C253GH5	854 012 18
SPW-U253GH56	854 011 53	SPW-C253GH8	854 012 19
SPW-U363GH56	854 011 54	SPW-C363GH8	854 012 20
SPW-U483GH56	854 011 55	SPW-C483GH8	854 012 21

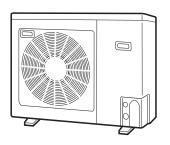
**Indoor Unit** 



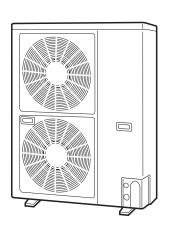
SPW-U253GH56



SPW-U363GH56 SPW-U483GH56 **Outdoor Unit** 



SPW-C253GH5 SPW-C253GH8



SPW-C363GH8 SPW-C483GH8 Section

4

2

3

4

5

## Important

### **Please Read Before Starting**

This air conditioning system meets strict safety and operating standards. As the installer or service person, it is an important part of your job to install or service the system so it operates safely and efficiently.

## For safe installation and trouble-free operation, you must:

- Carefully read this instruction booklet before beginning.
- Follow each installation or repair step exactly as shown.
- Observe all local, state, and national electrical codes.
- Pay close attention to all warning and caution notices given in this manual.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in severe personal injury or death.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in personal injury or product or property damage.

### If Necessary, Get Help

These instructions are all you need for most installation sites and maintenance conditions. If you require help for a special problem, contact our sales/service outlet or your certified dealer for additional instructions.

### In Case of Improper Installation

The manufacturer shall in no way be responsible for improper installation or maintenance service, including failure to follow the instructions in this document.

### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

### When Wiring



ELECTRICAL SHOCK CAN CAUSE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. ONLY A QUALIFIED, EXPERIENCED ELECTRICIAN SHOULD ATTEMPT TO WIRE THIS SYSTEM.

- Do not supply power to the unit until all wiring and tubing are completed or reconnected and checked.
- Highly dangerous electrical voltages are used in this system. Carefully refer to the wiring diagram and these instructions when wiring. Improper connections and inadequate grounding can cause accidental injury or death.
- Ground the unit following local electrical codes.
- Connect all wiring tightly. Loose wiring may cause overheating at connection points and a possible fire hazard.

### When Transporting

Be careful when picking up and moving the indoor and outdoor units. Get a partner to help, and bend your knees when lifting to reduce strain on your back. Sharp edges or thin aluminum fins on the air conditioner can cut your fingers.

#### When Installing

#### ...In a Room

Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating" that can cause dripping and water damage to walls and floors.

### ...In Moist or Uneven Locations

Use a raised concrete pad or concrete blocks to provide a solid, level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents water damage and abnormal vibration.

#### ...In an area with High Winds

Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.

# ...In a Snowy Area (for Heat Pump-type Systems)

Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher than drifting snow. Provide snow vents.

### When Connecting Refrigerant Tubing

- Execute enough ventilation in case refrigerant gas leaks during operations. Be careful not to contact the refrigerant gas with the flame. It will cause the generation of poisonous gas.
- Keep all tubing runs as short as possible.
- · Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
- Apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union tubes before connecting them, then tighten the nut with a torque wrench for a leak-free connection.
- Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.

#### NOTE

Depending on the system type, liquid and gas lines may be either narrow or wide. Therefore, to avoid confusion, the refrigerant tubing for your particular model is specified as either "narrow" or "wide" rather than as "liquid" or "gas".

### When Servicing

- Turn the power OFF at the main power box before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
- Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving parts.
- Clean up the site when finished servicing. Don't forget to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit.

# WHO SHOULD USE THIS MANUAL

This service manual is made to assist the service technician apply his knowledge and training to this model air conditioner. This manual is written both for **experienced service persons** and **those who are new** to air conditioning service. To help those with less experience or who are new to this kind of unit we have included more explanations of basic procedures in simple language than is usual in some service manuals. The **experienced technician** will of course find he knows many of these things already and can go directly to the procedures and information he needs; the less experienced technician will better understand what to do even before he arrives on the job, and therefore be better able to work by himself as well as assist the more experienced technician.

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# Introduction: Read Me First!

This manual will help you understand and service the air conditioner. To help you find the information you need, we have divided it into 5 main sections. Each section is divided into chapters with charts, tables and explanations to help you find and repair problems.

<b>Section 1: Specifications,</b> tells you about the physical and electrical make up of the unit, as well as its heating and cooling capacities. Look in this section to find the correct values for components and functions.
<b>Section 2: Processes and Functions,</b> explains each different part of the cooling and heating cycle, and how each control function reacts to changing conditions to keep the room at the set temperature range.
<b>Section 3: Electrical Data</b> , which has fold-out schematic and wiring diagrams so you can find the parts you need to check when something is wrong, and see how they should be connected.
<b>Section 4: Service Procedures,</b> has two main parts, a <i>diagnostic</i> chapter to help you find the specific component to replace or adjust, and a chapter with specific procedures and values to guide you in checking the electrical components in the unit.
<b>Section 5: Instruction Manual</b> , is the same manual the user will have, and it contains general information about how to set and use the features of this particular air conditioner. Knowing this information will help you tell the owner how to use and care for this air conditioner, and also help you install and set the unit correctly.

### **HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL**

You can use this manual both as a *reference* to find specific information about the capacity, functions and construction of this unit, and as a source of information to help you set up and maintain the unit. When this unit is not working properly, and the cause is not known, you can use the procedures in **Section 3: Servicing Procedures** to find the problem, fix it, and restore the unit to its proper functioning.

This air conditioner has many helpful self diagnostic features to help you identify problem areas quickly.

So you will be ready when a problem happens, we suggest you look this manual over and become familiar with it by following these steps:

- Look at the TABLE OF CONTENTS to get an idea of what is in this manual and where to find it
- 2. **Look at the chapter about TROUBLE SHOOTING**, so you are familiar with the way the flow charts work. They are designed to guide you quickly through the possible causes for each kind of problem that is likely to happen to the Unit. Particularly read the introduction to this section, and the parts about the self-diagnosis and error codes which show on the display.
- Look at the chapter about CHECKING ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS. You already know
  about most of these procedures. This chapter gives you the specific values and methods for
  these components. If you don't know some of these procedures, you can easily learn them
  here.
- 4. **Read the Instruction Manual!** The Instruction Manual is included here because it helps you help the user to set the temperature controls properly and know how to take care of any simple problems that may happen, as well as know when to call for service. The Instruction Manual also has illustrations, care, and installation information not found in the rest of the service manual. It is short, and if you read it carefully, you will be able to answer the customers questions easily, and also know the most efficient ways for setting times and temperatures.

Please use this manual to make your work easier, keep the air conditioner functioning well, and keep your customers satisfied.

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# 1. SPECIFICATIONS

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MODEL No. Indoor Unit Outdoor Unit			SPW-U253GH56						
	SPW-C253GH5								
POWER SOURCE			220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 Phase / 50 Hz						
PERFORMANCE			Cooling Heat				Heating		
Capacity		kW		7.3			8		
		BTU / h		25,000			27,000		
Air circulation (Hi/Me/Lo)		m3 / h			1,260/1	,080/780			
Moisture removal(High)		Liters/h		3.2			-		
External static pressure(Hi	gh)	mmAq(Pa)	5(49)	: at shipm	ent, 10(98	) : using t	he booster	r cable	
ELECTRICAL RATINGS									
Voltage rating		V	220	230	240	220	230	240	
Available voltage range		V		198 - 264			198 - 264		
Running amperes*		Α	15.1	15.4	15.5	15.3	15.4	15.6	
Max. running amperes**		Α	17.2	17.3	17.3	16.6	16.5	16.4	
Power input		kW	3.2	3.26	3.31	3.22	3.28	3.33	
Power factor		%	96.3	92	89	95.7	92.6	88.9	
C.O.P		W/W	2.28	2.24	2.21	2.48	2.44	2.4	
Max. starting amperes		Α	69	72	75	69	72	75	
FEATURES						8			
Controls / Thermostat con	trol		Microprocessor / I.C. thermostat						
Timer			ON / OFF 72-hours						
Fan speeds Indoor/Outdo	or		3 and Automatic control/ 2 (Auto)						
Airflow direction (Indoor)			-						
Air filter			Field supply						
Remote controller (Option	)		Wired:RCS-SH80TG						
Refrigerant control			Electronic Refrigerant Control Valve						
Drain pump (drain connect	tion)		Max. head 25cm above drain connection (25A,OD32mm						
Compressor	,		Rotary						
Operation sound	Indoor - Hi/Me/Lo	dB - A	36 / 31 / 26, (41 / 38 / 35 : using the booster cable					cable)	
	Outdoor - Hi	dB - A	52						
REFRIGERANT TUBING	•	•							
Limit of tubing length		m (ft.)	50 (164)						
Limit of tubing length at sh	nipment	m (ft.)	30 (98)						
Limit of elevation difference		m (ft.)	Outdoor unit is higher than indoor unit: 50 (164)						
between the two units		, ,	Οι	ıtdoor unit	is lower th	han indooi	r unit: 30 (	98)	
Refrigerant tube	Narrow tube	mm (in)	6.35 (1 / 4)						
outer diameter	Wide tube	mm (in)	15.88 (5 / 8)						
Refrigerant amount at ship		kg	R22 - 3.0						
DIMENSIONS & WEIGHT				Indoor uni			Outdoor un	nit	
Unit dimensions	Height	mm (in)	310	(12-7/32)		735	(28-30/32	2)	
	Width	mm (in)	1,050 (41-11/32)		2)	940 (37)		,	
	Depth	mm (in)		(26-6/32)	,	340	(13-12/32	2)	
Package dimensions	Height	mm (in)		(14-31/32	2)		(32-17/32		
<u> </u>	Width	mm (in)		(49-6/32)	,	1,016		,	
	Depth	mm (in)		(34-3/32)			(16-12/32	2)	
Net weight	1 1	kg (lb)		(90)			(157)	,	
Shipping weight		kg (lb)	50	(110)		77	(170)		

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

### Cooling:

Rating conditions(\*): Indoor air temperature 27 °C DB / 19 °C WB, Outdoor air temperature 35 °C DB Full load conditions(\*\*) Indoor air temperature 35 °C DB / 25 °C WB, Outdoor air temperature 45 °C DB Heating:

Outdoor L	Jnit kW				253GH8 V / 3N / 5			
	15/0/			400 - 415	V / 3N / 5			
	14/4/		Cooling			11 0		
	1,1/1			Cooling Heating				
Capacity			7.3			8		
			25,000			27,000		
	m3 / h			1,260/1,	080/780			
	Liters/h		3.2			-		
h)	mmAq(Pa)	5(49)	: at shipme	ent, 10(98)	): using th	ne booster	cable	
	V	380	400	415	380	400	415	
	V					342 - 456		
	Α	4.9		4.6	5.1	4.9	4.9	
	Α	5.5	5.3	5.1	5.9	5.7	5.4	
	kW	2.81	2.84	2.87	2.92	2.94	2.98	
	%	87.1	87.2	86.8	87	86.6	84.6	
	W/W	2.6	2.57	2.54	2.74	2.72	2.68	
	А	27	29	30	27	29	30	
							•	
rol		Microprocessor / I.C. thermostat						
		ON / OFF 72-hours						
r								
		-						
		Field supply						
		Wired:RCS-SH80TG						
on)		Max. head 25cm above drain connection (25A,OD32mm						
Indoor - Hi/Me/Lo	dB - A	36 / 31 / 26, (41 / 38 / 35 : using the booster cabl					cable)	
Outdoor - Hi	dB - A	52						
	-1							
	m (ft.)	50 (164)						
pment	. ,	30 (98)						
p	` /							
	()							
Narrow tube	mm (in)							
	` ′							
	\ /	R22 - 3.0						
	9	1	ndoor unit			Outdoor un	it	
Height	mm (in)							
Width	\			)			,	
	\ /			,			2)	
Height	mm (in)		(14-31/32	)	826	(32-17/32	2)	
Width	mm (in)		(49-6/32)	,	1,016		,	
	111111 (111)							
	mm (in)	866	(34-3/32)		416	(16-12/32	')	
Depth	mm (in)		(34-3/32)			(16-12/32 (157)	!)	
	mm (in) kg (lb) kg (lb)	41	(34-3/32) (90) (110)		71	(16-12/32 (157) (170)	2)	
	on) Indoor - Hi/Me/Lo Outdoor - Hi  Pment  Narrow tube Wide tube nent  Height Width Depth	h) mmAq(Pa)  V V A A A KW % W / W A Fol  Indoor - Hi/Me/Lo Outdoor - Hi	Max. heat	Max. head 25cm a   Max. head 25cm a   Max. head 25cm a   Micropromon   Max. head 25cm a   Micropromon   Micropro	Narrow tube   mm (in)   Microwrus tube   Microwrus tube   mm (in)   Microwrus tube   Microwrus tube   mm (in)   Microwrus tube   Microwr	MmAq(Pa)   5(49) : at shipment, 10(98) : using the shipment   10	MmAq(Pa)   5(49) : at shipment, 10(98) : using the booster	

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

### Cooling:

Rating conditions(\*): Indoor air temperature 27 °C DB / 19 °C WB, Outdoor air temperature 35 °C DB Full load conditions(\*\*) Indoor air temperature 35 °C DB / 25 °C WB, Outdoor air temperature 45 °C DB Heating:

MODEL No. Indoor Unit			SPW-U363GH56						
	Outdoor U	SPW-C363GH8							
POWER SOURCE			380 - 400 - 415 V / 3N / 50 Hz						
PERFORMANCE		_	Cooling Heatin						
Capacity		kW		10.6			11.4		
		BTU / h		36,000			39,000		
Air circulation (Hi/Me/Lo)		m3 / h			1,920/1,4	140/1,200			
Moisture removal(High)		Liters/h		3.9			-		
External static pressure(High	gh)	mmAq(Pa)	7(69):	at shipme	ent, 12(118	B): using	the booste	r cable	
ELECTRICAL RATINGS									
Voltage rating		V	380	400	415	380	400	415	
Available voltage range		V		342 - 456			342 - 456		
Running amperes*		Α	5.5	5.3	5.2	5.6	5.4	5.3	
Max. running amperes**		Α	6.5	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	
Power input		kW	3.17	3.2	3.24	3.27	3.31	3.37	
Power factor		%	87.6	87.1	86.7	88.7	88.5	88.5	
C.O.P		W/W	3.34	3.31	3.27	3.49	3.44	3.38	
Max. starting amperes		А	31	33	35	31	33	35	
FEATURES		-				•			
Controls / Thermostat con	trol		Microprocessor / I.C. thermostat						
Timer			ON / OFF 72-hours						
Fan speeds Indoor/Outdo	or		3 and Automatic control/ 2 (Auto)						
Airflow direction (Indoor)			-						
Air filter			Field supply						
Remote controller (Option)			Wired:RCS-SH80TG						
Refrigerant control			Electronic Refrigerant Control Valve						
Drain pump (drain connec	tion)		Max. head 25cm above drain connection (25A,OD32mm						
Compressor			Rotary						
Operation sound	Indoor - Hi/Me/Lo	dB - A	42 / 36 / 30, (46 / 42 / 38 : using the booster cable)					cable)	
	Outdoor - Hi	dB - A	53						
REFRIGERANT TUBING	•	-							
Limit of tubing length		m (ft.)	50 (164)						
Limit of tubing length at sh		m (ft.)	30 (98)						
Limit of elevation difference	e	m (ft.)	Outdoor unit is higher than indoor unit: 50 (164)						
between the two units			Ou	ıtdoor unit	is lower th	han indooi	unit: 30 (	98)	
Refrigerant tube	Narrow tube	mm (in)				3/8)			
outer diameter	Wide tube	mm (in)	19.05 (3/4)						
Refrigerant amount at ship	ment	kg				- 3.5			
DIMENSIONS & WEIGHT				Indoor uni	l		Outdoor un		
Unit dimensions	Height	mm (in)		(12-7/32)		1,235	(48-20/32	2)	
	Width	mm (in)		(58-9/32)			(37)		
	Depth	mm (in)		(26-6/32)			(13-12/32	2)	
Package dimensions	Height	mm (in)		(14-31/32	)		(52-7/32)		
	Width	mm (in)		(66-3/32)		1,016			
	Depth	mm (in)	866	(34-3/32)			(16-12/32	2)	
Net weight		kg (lb)		(141)			(207)		
Shipping weight		kg (lb)		(157)			(223)		
Shipping volume		m³ (Cu. ft.)		(19.5)		0.56			

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

### Cooling:

Rating conditions(\*): Indoor air temperature 27 °C DB / 19 °C WB, Outdoor air temperature 35 °C DB Full load conditions(\*\*) Indoor air temperature 35 °C DB / 25 °C WB, Outdoor air temperature 45 °C DB Heating:

MODEL No. Indoor Unit				SPW-U483GH56						
	Outdoor L	SPW-C483GH8								
POWER SOURCE				380 - 400 - 415 V / 3N / 50 Hz						
PERFORMANCE		=	Cooling Heating							
Capacity		kW		14			16			
		BTU / h		47,800			54,600			
Air circulation (Hi/Me/Lo)		m3 / h			1,920/1,4	40/1,200				
Moisture removal(High)		Liters/h		6.8			-			
External static pressure(F	ligh)	mmAq(Pa)	7(69):	at shipme	ent, 12(118	3) : using	the booste	r cabl		
ELECTRICAL RATINGS										
Voltage rating		V	380	400	415	380	400	41:		
Available voltage range		V		342 - 456			342 - 456			
Running amperes*		Α	8.6	8.8	9	9.2	9.2	9.		
Max. running amperes**		Α	9.3	9.3	9.5	10	9.7	9.4		
Power input		kW	4.95	5.16	5.27	5.32	5.47	5.5		
Power factor		%	87.5	84.6	81.5	87.9	85.8	81.		
C.O.P		W/W	2.83	2.71	2.66	3.01	2.93	2.8		
Max. starting amperes		Α	71	73	75	71	73	75		
FEATURES		-								
Controls / Thermostat co	ntrol		Microprocessor / I.C. thermostat							
Timer					ON / OFF	72-hours				
Fan speeds Indoor/Outd	oor		3 and Automatic control/ 2 (Auto)							
Airflow direction (Indoor)			-							
Air filter			Field supply							
Remote controller (Option	١)		Wired:RCS-SH80TG							
Refrigerant control	,		Electronic Refrigerant Control Valve							
Drain pump (drain conne	ction)		Max. head 25cm above drain connection (25A,OD32mn							
Compressor	,		Scroll							
Operation sound	Indoor - Hi/Me/Lo	dB - A	42 / 36 / 30, (46 / 42 / 38 : using the booster cab					cable)		
· ·	Outdoor - Hi	dB - A	55							
REFRIGERANT TUBING	•	•								
Limit of tubing length		m (ft.)	50 (164)							
Limit of tubing length at s	hipment	m (ft.)	30 (98)							
Limit of elevation difference	ce	m (ft.)	Outdoor unit is higher than indoor unit: 50 (164)							
between the two units		` ,	Outdoor unit is lower than indoor unit: 30 (98)							
Refrigerant tube	Narrow tube	mm (in)	9.52 ( 3 / 8 )							
outer diameter	Wide tube	mm (in)	19.05 (3/4)							
Refrigerant amount at shi		kg	R22 - 4.5							
<b>DIMENSIONS &amp; WEIGHT</b>				Indoor uni			Outdoor un	it		
Unit dimensions	Height	mm (in)		(12-7/32)		1,235	(48-20/32	2)		
	Width	mm (in)		1,480 (58-9/32)		940				
	Depth	mm (in)		(26-6/32)		340	(13-12/32	<u>'</u> )		
Package dimensions	Height	mm (in)		(14-31/32	)		(52-7/32)	•		
	Width	mm (in)		(66-3/32)		1,016	. ,			
	Depth	mm (in)		(34-3/32)			(16-12/32	2)		
Net weight		kg (lb)		(141)			(238)			
Shipping weight		kg (lb)		(157)			(254)			
Shipping volume		m³ (Cu. ft.)		(19.5)			(19.8)			

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

### Cooling:

Rating conditions(\*): Indoor air temperature 27 °C DB / 19 °C WB, Outdoor air temperature 35 °C DB Full load conditions(\*\*) Indoor air temperature 35 °C DB / 25 °C WB, Outdoor air temperature 45 °C DB Heating:

## (A) Indoor Unit

MODEL No.			SPW-U253GH56				
Source			220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz				
Remote Controller (Option)			RCS - SH80TG (Microprocessor)				
Controller P.C.B. Ass'y			CR - X253GH (Microprocessor)				
Fan (Numberdiameter)		mm	Centrifugal (2ø190)				
Fan Motor							
ModelNominal output		W	KFC4X - 101B5P100 W				
Source			220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz				
No. of poler.p.m. (230 V, High)		rpm.	41,021				
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 20 °C)		Ω	BRN - WHT : 48.8 , ORG - YEL : 37.1 WHT - VLT : 10.3 , YEL - BLK : 90.0 VLT - ORG : 8.7 , ORG - PNK : 30.6				
Safety device							
Operating temperature	Open °C		130 ± 5 °C				
	Clo	se °C	Differential 15 deg. (min.)				
Run capacitor	VA	4C, μF	440 V, 2.5 μF				
Electronic refrigerant control valve							
Solenoid control model			DKV - MOZS550E0				
Coil resistance (at 20 °C)		Ω	ORG - GRY : 46 , YEL - GRY : 46 RED - GRY : 46 , BLK - GRY : 46				
Solenoid control valve model			IKV - 24D12				
Heat exchanger							
Coil			Aluminum plate fin / Copper tube				
Rowsfin pitch	Rowsfin pitch		31.7				
Face area	Face area m <sup>2</sup>		0.202				
Drain pump			WP20SL - 9				
Raterd		V, W	AC 230 V, 50 Hz, 14.7 W				
Total head & capacity			400 mm, 600 cc/min				

## (A) Indoor Unit

MODEL No.		SPW-U363GH56		
Source		220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz		
Remote Controller (Option)		RCS - SH80TG (Microprocessor)		
Controller P.C.B. Ass'y		CR - X253GH (Microprocessor)		
Fan (Numberdiameter)	mm	Centrifugal (3ø190)		
Fan Motor				
ModelNominal output	W	KFG4X - 101B5PA100 W / KFC4X - 161B5P160 W		
Source		220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz		
No. of poler.p.m. (230 V, High)	rpm.	41,191 / 41,182		
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 20 °C)	Ω	BRN - WHT : 75.8 , BRN - WHT : 44.4 WHT - VLT : 18.6 , WHT - VLT : 9.6 VLT - ORG : 21.2 , VLT - ORG : 33.1 ORG - YEL : 44.3 , ORG - YEL : 32.0 YEL - BLK : 310.5 , YEL - BLK : 74.0 PNK - ORG : 42.1 , PNK - ORG : 35.7		
Safety device				
Operating temperature	Open °C	130 ± 5 °C		
	Close °C	Differential 15 deg. (min.)		
Run capacitor	VAC, μF	440 V, 3.5 μF / 440 V, 6.0 μF		
Electronic refrigerant control valve				
Solenoid control model		EKV - MOZS559E0		
Coil resistance (at 20 °C)	Ω	ORG - GRY : 46 , YEL - GRY : 46 RED - GRY : 46 , BLK - GRY : 46		
Solenoid control valve model		HKV - 30D16		
Heat exchanger				
Coil		Aluminum plate fin / Copper tube		
Rowsfin pitch	mm	41.7		
Face area	m²	0.310		
Drain pump		WP20SL - 9		
Raterd	V, W	AC 230 V, 50 Hz, 14.7 W		
Total head & capacity		400 mm, 600 cc/min		

## (A) Indoor Unit

MODEL No.		SPW-U483GH56				
Source		220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz				
Remote Controller (Option)		RCS - SH80TG (Microprocessor)				
Controller P.C.B. Ass'y		CR - X253GH (Microprocessor)				
Fan (Numberdiameter)	mm	Centrifugal (3ø190)				
Fan Motor						
ModelNominal output	W	KFG4X - 101B5PA100 W / KFC4X - 161B5P160 W				
Source	·	220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz				
No. of poler.p.m. (230 V, High)	rpm	41,191 / 41,182				
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 20 °C)	.2	BRN - WHT : 75.8 , BRN - WHT : 44.4 WHT - VLT : 18.6 , WHT - VLT : 9.6 VLT - ORG : 21.2 , VLT - ORG : 33.1 ORG - YEL : 44.3 , ORG - YEL : 32.0 YEL - BLK : 310.5 , YEL - BLK : 74.0 PNK - ORG : 42.1 , ORG - PNK : 35.7				
Safety device	·					
Operating temperature	Open °C	130 ± 5 °C				
	Close °C	Differential 15 deg. (min.)				
Run capacitor	VAC, μF	440 V, 3.5 μF / 440 V, 6.0 μF				
Electronic refrigerant control valve						
Solenoid control model		EKV-MOZS559E0				
Coil resistance (at 20 °C)	Ω	ORG - GRY : 46 , YEL - GRY : 46 RED - GRY : 46 , BLK - GRY : 46				
Solenoid control valve model		HKV - 30D16				
Heat exchanger						
Coil		Aluminum plate fin / Copper tube				
Rowsfin pitch	mm	41.7				
Face area	m <sup>2</sup>	0.310				
Drain pump		WP20SL - 9				
Raterd	V, W	AC 230 V, 50 Hz, 14.7 W				
Total head & capacity		400 mm, 600 cc/min				

# (B) Outdoor Unit

Unit Model No.			SPW-C253GH5	
Source			220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz	
Controller P.C.B. Ass'y			CR - C253GH5 (Microprocessor)	
Control circuit fuse			250 V, 3.15 A	
Compressor			Rotary (Hermetic)	
Model number			C - R221H5W	
Source			220 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz	
Nominal output		W	2200	
Compressor oil		сс	1500	
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 25 °C)		Ω	C-R: 0.76 , R-S: 3.52 C-S: 2.76	
Safety devices				
Overload relay models			Internal type	
Operating temperature	Open	°C	160 ± 5	
	Close	°C	87 ± 11	
Crank case heater			240V, 25 W	
Refrigerant amount at shipment		kg	R22 - 3.0	
ligh pressure switch			ACB - 1TB07	
Set pressure	OFF	kg/cm²	30 <sup>+ 2.0</sup> <sub>+ 0.5</sub>	
ON		kg/cm²	24 ± 2.0	
Fan			Propeller	
Numberdiameter		mm	1 ø460	
an speeds			2 (AUTO)	
an motor				
Model			KFC6T - 91C5P	
Source			220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz	
No. of pole rpm (230V, High / Med.)			6772 / 376	
Nominal output		W	70	
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 20°C)		Ω	WHT - BRN : 127.3 , VLT - YEL : 15.0 WHT - VLT : 56.7 , YEL - PNK : 7.2	
Safety device			Internal type	
Operating temperature		°C	130 ± 8	
		e °C	79 ± 15	
Run capacitor	VAC,	μF	440 V, 6 μF	
leat exchange				
Coil			Aluminium plate fin / Copper tube	
Rows fin pitch		mm	2 2.0	
Face area		m²	0.616	

# (B) Outdoor Unit

Unit Model No.		SPW-C253GH8		
Source			380 - 400 - 415 V / 3 phase / 50 Hz	
Controller P.C.B. Ass'y			CR - C253GH (Microprocessor)	
Control circuit fuse			250 V, 3.15 A	
Compressor			Rotary (Hermetic)	
Model number			C - R224H8U	
Source			380 - 400 - 415 V / 3 phase / 50 Hz	
Nominal output		W	2400	
Compressor oil		сс	1350	
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 25 °C)		Ω	T-R: 5.54 , R-S: 5.54 S-T: 5.54	
Safety devices				
Overload relay models			Internal type	
Operating temperature	Open	°C	120 ± 5	
	Close	°C	98 ± 11	
Crank case heater			240V, 25 W	
Refrigerant amount at shipment		kg	R22 - 3.0	
High pressure switch			ACB - 1TB07	
Set pressure OFF		kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	30 + 2.0	
		kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	24 ± 2.0	
Fan			Propeller	
Numberdiameter		mm	1 ø460	
Fan speeds			2 (AUTO)	
Fan motor				
Model			KFC6T - 91C5P	
Source			220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz	
No. of pole rpm (230 V, High / Med.)			6772 / 376	
Nominal output		W	70	
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 20°C)		Ω	WHT – BRN : 127.3 , VLT – YEL : 15.0 WHT – VLT : 56.7 , YEL – PNK : 7.2	
Safety device			Internal type	
Operating temperature	Open	°C	130 ± 8	
	Close	°C	79 ± 15	
Run capacitor VAC,		μF	440 V, 6 μF	
Heat exchange				
Coil			Aluminium plate fin / Copper tube	
Rows fin pitch		mm	2 2.0	
Face area		m²	0.616	

# (B) Outdoor Unit

Unit Model No.			SPW-C363GH8	SPW-C483GH8	
Source			380 - 400 - 415 V / 3 phase / 50 Hz		
Controller P.C.B. Ass'y		CR - C253GH (Microprocessor)			
Control circuit fuse			250 V, 3.15 A		
Compressor			Rotary (Hermetic)	Scroll (Hermetic)	
Model number			C - R243H8V	ZR61KC - TFD - 522	
Source			380 - 400 - 415 V / 3 phase / 50 Hz		
Nominal output		W	2,400	3,700	
Compressor oil		СС	1,350	2,130	
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 25 °C)		Ω	T-R: 5.54, R-S: 5.54 S-T: 5.54	T 1 – T2: 2.72 , T2 – T3 : 2. T 3 – T1: 2.72	
Crank case heater			240 V, 25 W	240 V, 36 W	
Safety devices					
Overload relay models			Interna	l type	
Operating temperature	Open	°C	120 ± 5	130	
	Close	°C	98 ±11	61	
Refrigerant amount at shipment		kg	R22 - 3.5	R22 - 4.5	
High pressure switch			ACB - 1TB07		
Set pressure	OFF	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	30 + 2.0		
ON		kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	24 ± 2.0		
Fan			Propeller		
Numberdiameter mm		mm	2 ø460		
Fan speeds			2 (AUTO)		
Fan motor					
Model			KFC6T - 91C5P × 2		
Source			220 - 230 - 240 V / 1 phase / 50 Hz		
No. of pole rpm (230V, High / Med.)			6772 / 376		
Nominal output		W	70 W×2		
Coil resistance (Ambient temperature 20°C)		Ω	BRN – WHT : 127.3 WHT – VLT : 56.7	, VLT – YEL : 15.0 , YEL – PNK : 7.2	
Safety device			Internal type		
Operating temperature		°C	130 ± 8		
		°C	79 :	± 15	
Run capacitor VAC,		μF	440 V,	6 μF × 2	
Heat exchange					
Coil			Aluminium plate	fin / Copper tube	
Rows fin pitch		mm	2 2.0		
Face area		m²	1.08		

# 1-3 Other Component Specifications

Unit model No.		Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit		
		SPW-U253GH56	SPW-C253GH5, SPW-C253GH8		
Power Transformer		ATR - II215TB	ATR - 165B		
Rated					
Primary	V. Hz	AC 230 V, 50 Hz	AC 230 V, 50 Hz		
Secondary		10.2V,1.4 A	14 V, 0.4 A		
		14 V, 0.5 A	_		
Coil resistance	Ω	WHT - WHT:110 , BRN - BRN: 0.5	WHT - WHT: 300 , BRN - BRN: 2.		
		RED - RED : 2.3			
Thermal cut off temperature	°C	145	145		
Thermistor (Coil sensor)		PBC - 41E - S36, PBC -	41E - S25, PBC - 41E-S4		
Coil resistance	kΩ	-10 °C : 23.7 - 5 °C : 18.8 0 °C : 15.0 5 °C : 12.1	10 °C : 9.7 20 °C : 6.5 30 °C : 4.4 40 °C : 3.1 45 °C : 2.6		
Thermistor (Room or coil senso	or)	KTEC - 35 - S6	PTC - 51H - S1		
Coil resistance	kΩ	0 °C: 16.5 , 40 °C: 2.7 5 °C: 12.8 , 45 °C: 2.2 10 °C: 10.0 , 50 °C: 1.8 20 °C: 6.3 , 55 °C: 1.5 30 °C: 4.0 ,	60 °C: 13.8 , 90 °C: 5.1 70 °C: 9.7 , 100 °C: 3.8 75 °C: 8.2 , 110 °C: 2.8 80 °C: 7.0 , 120 °C: 2.2 85 °C: 5.9 , 130 °C: 1.7		
Relay		_	FMCA - 1SZ607		
Coil rated	V	_	AC 220 - 240 V		
Contact rating	V.A	_	AC 440 V, 13 A		
Coil resistance (at 25 °C)	Ω	_	_		
Solenoid control valve or coil					
Solenoid control valve		IKV - 24D12	CHV - 0201		
Solenoid coil		DKV - MOZS550E0	CHV - 01AJ504D1		
Drain pump		WP20SL - 9	_		
Rated		AC 230 V, 14.7 W	_		
Float switch		FS - 3502 - 202	_		
Rated (Contact rated)		AC 230 V, 50 W	_		

# 1-3 Other Component Specifications

Unit model No.		Indoo	Indoor Unit Outdoor Unit		or Unit	
		SPW-U363GH56	SPW-U483GH56	SPW-C363GH8	SPW-C483GH8	
Power Transformer		ATR - II	215TB	ATR - 165B		
Rated						
Primary	V. Hz	AC 230 \	/, 50 Hz	AC 230 V, 50 Hz		
Secondary		10.2V	, 1.4 A	14 V, 0.4 A		
		14 V	, 0.5 A	_		
Coil resistance	Ω	WHT – WHT :110	, BRN – BRN: 0.5	WHT - WHT : 300	, BRN – BRN: 2.2	
		RED - RED : 2.3				
Thermal cut off temperature	°C	14	5	14	45	
Thermistor (Coil sensor)		PBC	- 41E - S36, PBC -	41E - S25, PBC - 41E	E-S4	
Coil resistance	kΩ	-10 °C : 23.7 , -5 °C : 18.8 , 0 °C : 15.0 , 5 °C : 12.1 ,		10 °C : 9.7 20 °C : 6.5 30 °C : 4.4 40 °C : 3.1 45 °C : 2.6		
Thermistor (Room or coil senso	r)	KTEC - 35 - S6		PTC - 51H - S1		
Coil resistance	kΩ	5 °C : 12.8 10 °C : 10.0	, 40 °C: 2.7 , 45 °C: 2.2 , 50 °C: 1.8 , 55 °C: 1.5	60 °C: 13.8 70 °C: 9.7 75 °C: 8.2 80 °C: 7.0 85 °C: 5.9	100 °C : 3.8 110 °C : 2.8 120 °C : 2.2	
Relay	'	_	_	FMCA - 1SZ607		
Coil rated	V	_	=	AC 220 - 240 V		
Contact rating	V.A	_	=	AC 440 V, 13 A		
Coil resistance (at 25 °C)	Ω	_	_		_	
Solenoid control valve or coil	'					
Solenoid control valve		HKV - 30D16		CHV - 0301	CHV - 0401	
Solenoid coil		EKV - MO	ZS559E0	CHV - 01AJ504D1		
Drain pump		WP20	SL - 9	_		
Rated		AC 230 V	′, 14.7 W	_		
Float switch	Float switch		02 - 202	_		
Rated (Contact rated)		AC 230 V, 50 W		_		

### 1-4 Dimensional Data

## (A) Indoor Unit: 25 Type

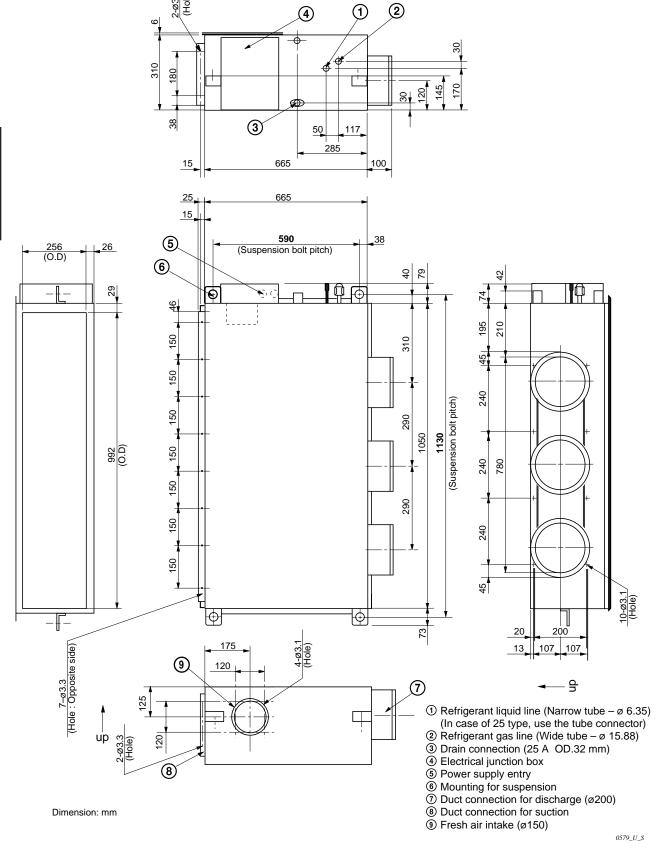
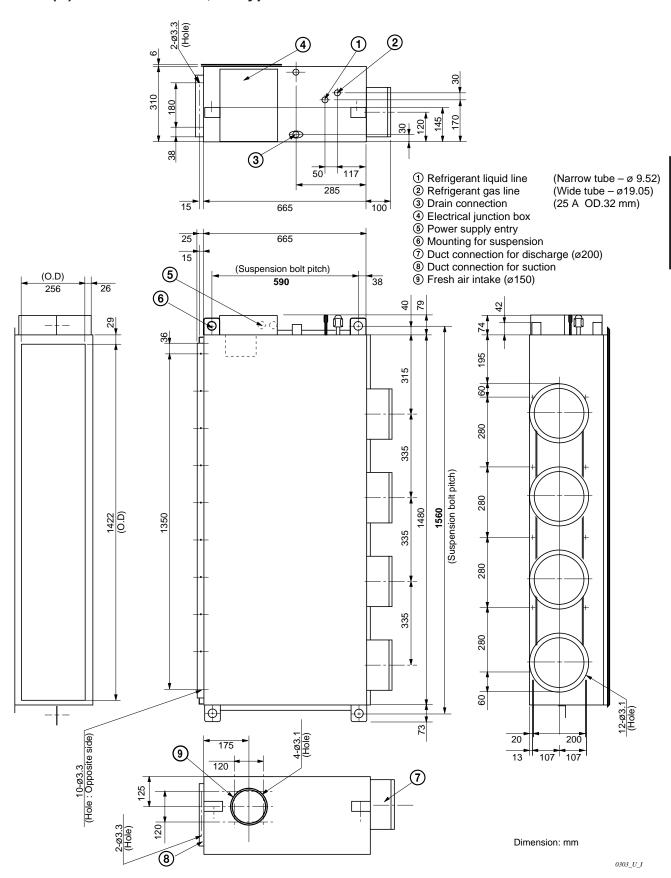
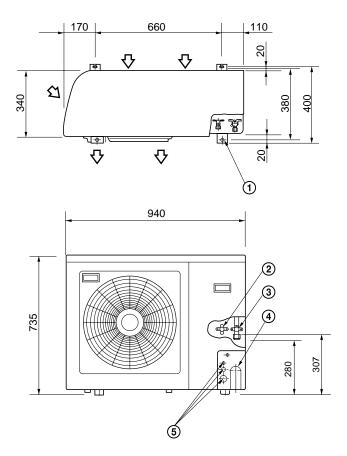


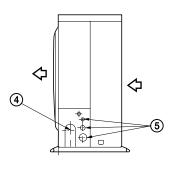
Fig. 1

## (A) Indoor Unit: 36, 48 Type



## (B) Outdoor Unit:SPW-C253GH5 SPW-C253GH8





Dimension: mm

- ① Hole for anchor bolt (4-ø13)
- Refrigerant tube joint (narrow tube)
- Flare connection 1/4 in (6.35 mm)

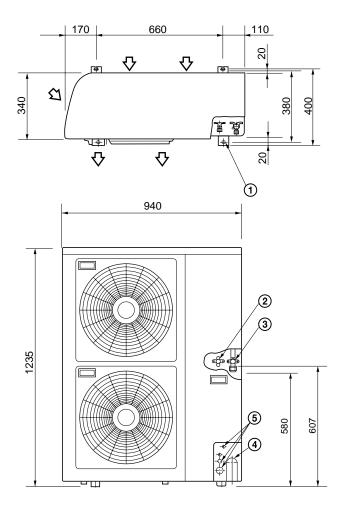
  Refrigerant tube joint (wide tube)
  Flare connection 5/8 in (15.88 mm)

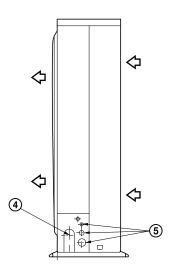
  Refrigerant tubing inlet
- ⑤ Power supply inlet

0411\_C\_S

Fig. 2

## (B) Outdoor Unit:SPW-C363GH8 **SPW-C483GH8**





Dimension: mm

- ① Hole for anchor bolt (4-ø13)
- Refrigerant tube joint (narrow tube)
   Flare connection 3/8 in (9.52 mm)

   Refrigerant tube joint (wide tube)
- Flare connection 3/4 in (19.05 mm)

  4 Refrigerant tubing inlet
- ⑤ Power supply inlet

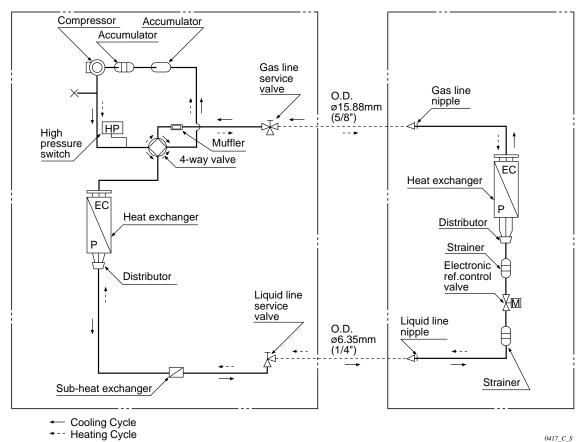
0412\_C\_S

Fig. 3

## 1-5 Refrigerant Flow Diagram

Outdoor Unit: SPW-C253GH5 Indoor Unit: SPW-U253GH56

SPW-C253GH8



0417\_C\_S

Outdoor Unit: SPW-C363GH8 Indoor Unit: SPW-U363GH56 SPW-C483GH8 SPW-U483GH56

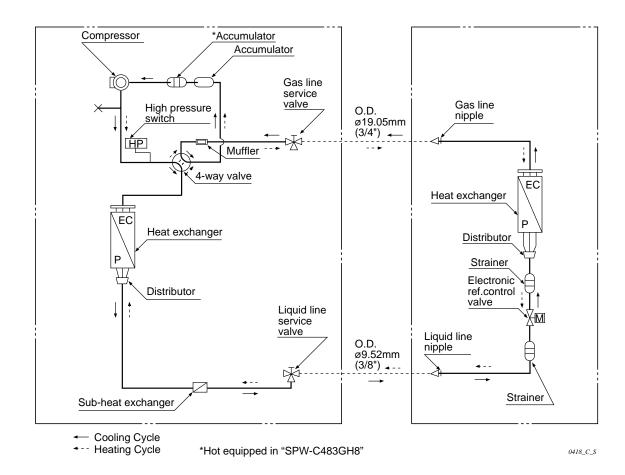


Fig. 6

## 1-6 Operating Range

	Temperature	Indoor air intake temp.	Outdoor air intake temp.
0 15	Maximum	35°C DB / 25°C WB	45°C DB
Cooling	Minimum	17°C DB / 14°C WB	−5°C DB
11 6	Maximum	27°C DB / — WB	24°C DB / 18°C WB
Heating	Minimum	16°C DB / — WB	–15°C DB / — WB

1

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# 2. PROCESSES AND FUNCTIONS

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## 2-1 Room Temperature Control

The unit adjusts room temperature by turning the outdoor unit's compressor ON and OFF. This process is controlled by the **thermostat** located in the indoor unit.

The figures on this and the next page show how each part of the system performs as the room temperature changes and the thermostat activates the compressor to start (**thermo ON**) or stop (**thermo OFF**). Fig. 1 shows about the cooling cycle, and Fig. 2 shows about the heating cycle.

### (A) Cooling

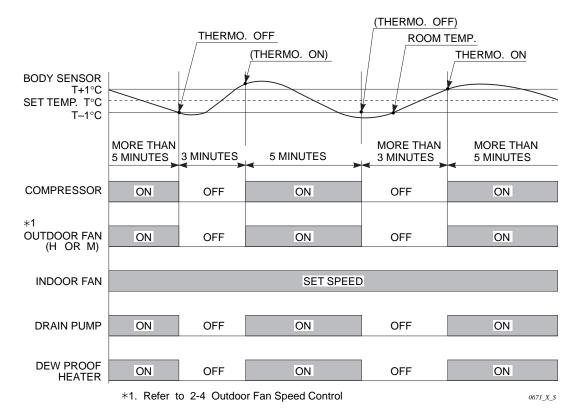


Fig. 1

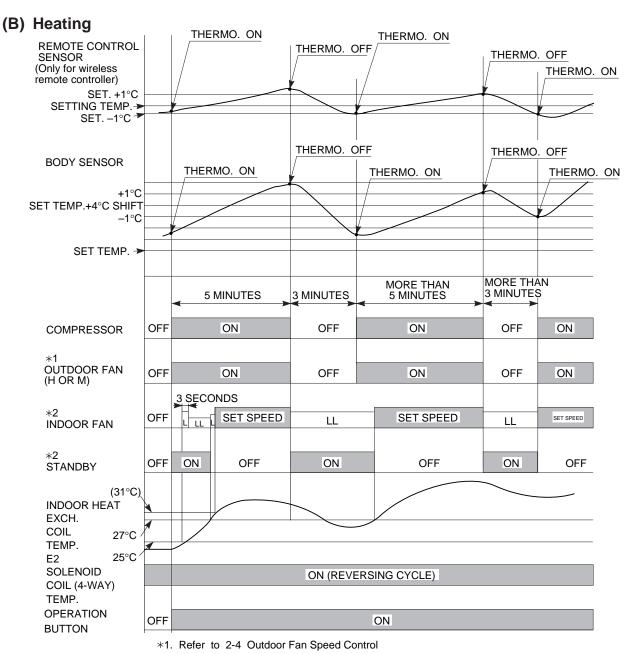
### **Chart Summary and Explanations**

- ☐ Once the compressor **starts**, it keeps running for 5 minutes.
- Once the compressor **stops**, it will not start running again for 3 minutes.
- ☐ If you **change** the operation mode (**HEAT, DRY, COOL,** or **FAN**) during the cooling cycle, the control circuit **stops** the compressor for 3 minutes.
- For 5 minutes after the compressor is first turned on, and for 3 minutes after it is turned off, the compressor is not controlled by the room sensor.
- ☐ Thermo ON: When room temperature rises 1°C (2°C when set on body sensor) above the set temperature T°, (T°+1°C or T°+2°C when set on body sensor):

Compressor → ON

☐ Thermo OFF: When the room temperature is −1°C below the set temperature T°:

Compressor → OFF



\*2. Refer to 2-2 Cold Draft Prevention (Heating)

<sup>0672</sup>\_X\_S **Fig. 2** 

### **Chart Summary and Explanations**

- ☐ Once the compressor starts, it keeps running for 5 minutes.
- Once the compressor stops, it will not start running again for 3 minutes.
- ☐ If you change the operation mode (**HEAT, DRY, COOL** or **FAN**) during the heating cycle, the control circuit **stops** the compressor for **3 minutes**.
- ☐ For 5 minutes after the compressor is first turned on, and for 3 minutes after it is turned off, the compressor is not controlled by the room sensor.

When set on remote control sensor

**Thermo ON:** When room temperature is  $-1^{\circ}$ C below the set temperature T°.

Compressor → ON

**Thermo OFF:** When the room temperature is  $1^{\circ}$ C above the set temperature  $T^{\circ}$ ,  $(T^{\circ}+1^{\circ}C)$ 

Compressor → OFF

When set on body sensor

NOTE: In case of Body sensor, operating temperature is shifted to setting temperature +4°C.

## 2-2 Cold Draft Prevention (Heating Cycle)

The cold draft prevention function controls indoor fan speed so a strong draft of cold air will not blow out before the indoor heat exchange coils have warmed up.

- ☐ STANDBY shows on the remote controller when the indoor fan speed is LL (very low) or OFF. This condition occurs in the following 3 cases:
  - During Thermo OFF (refer to 2-1 B). Room Temperature Control, Heating)
  - During the defrosting operation (refer to 2-10 Defrosting Control, Heating)
  - Until either the coil temperature E2 reaches 27°C or when a maximum of 6 minutes has past.
- ☐ The indoor fan motor operates in L instead of LL for 3 seconds as it starts to give the fan an initial boost.

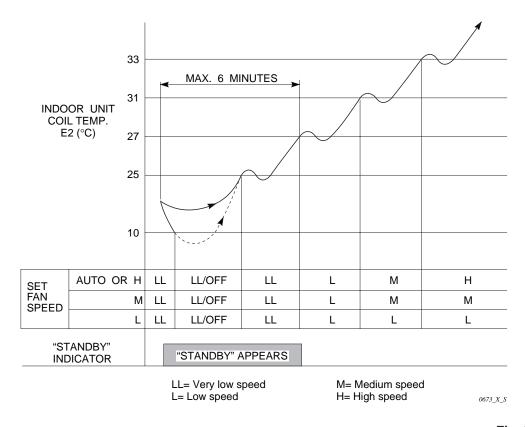


Fig. 3

### **Chart Summary and Explanations**

- ☐ The main idea of this chart is to show that the indoor fan speed increases and gets closer to the set fan speed as the coil temperature **E2** rises.
- ☐ The indoor unit's coil temperature is taken from sensor **E2** located in the middle of the indoor heat exchange coil.
- ☐ The dotted line shows that the indoor fan motor is **OFF**. When the temperature at sensor **E2** falls below 10°C, the indoor fan motor stops running.

## 2-3 Automatic Fan Speed (Indoor Unit)

By pressing the FAN SPEED button on the remote controller, the fan speed can be set at one of four steps: AUTO., HI., MED., or LO. When set at AUTO. the indoor unit fan speed will be automatically adjusted to the room temperature as the two charts shown below.

### (A) Cooling

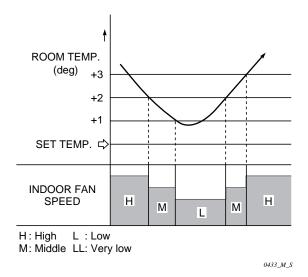


Fig. 4

### **Chart Explanations and notes**

☐ When the fan speed changes, it keeps the speed step for at least 3 minutes, even if the temperature changes to another speed step during the time.

## (B) Heating

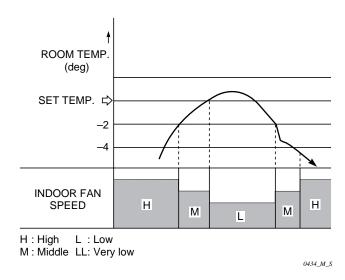


Fig. 5

### **Chart Explanations and notes**

□ When the fan speed changes, it keeps the speed step for at least 1 minute, even if the temperature changes to another speed step during the time.

## 2-4 Outdoor Fan Speed Control

To optimize the performance of air conditioner, the outdoor fan speed is selected automatically according to the outdoor temperature.

- □ Note that in both Cooling and Heating modes, the fan comes on at first at high speed (H mode) for 5 seconds. Since outdoor conditions sometimes make it difficult for the fan to start, this sudden surge of power may be necessary.
- ☐ The outdoor fan operates in H mode for 3 minutes after the compressor stops (excluding defrosting operation period).
- ☐ Charts below show how the outdoor fan speed changes with the change in outdoor temperature.

## (A) Cooling

Outdoor unit coil temperature [C2]	Outdoor fan motor (FMo)
Not less than 25° c	Н
Not more than 25° c	M

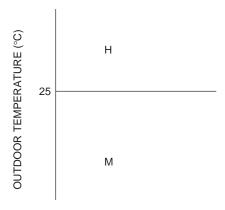


Fig. 6

## (B) Heating

Outdoor coil temperature [C2]	Outdoor fan motor (FMo)
Not less than 14° c	M
Not more than 14° c	Н

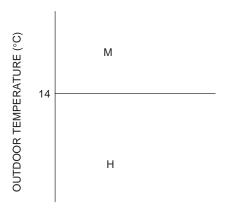


Fig. 7

## 2-5 Freeze Prevention (Cooling)

Freeze Prevention keeps the indoor heat exchange coil from freezing. Freezing reduces the efficiency of the unit, and frost buildup on the coil blocks cool air circulation from the indoor unit's fan.

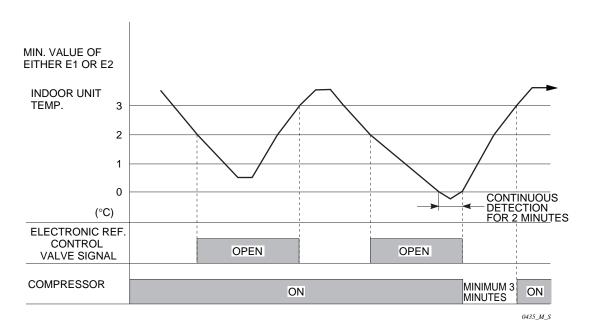


Fig. 8

**Note:** Freeze prevention is controlled by the temperature at the indoor heat exchanger coil as sensed by either sensor **E1** (located at the entrance of the coil) or sensor **E2** (located on the middle of the coil). Freeze prevention cycle is controlled by the lower temperature sensed at either of the two sensors.

### **Chart Explanations and notes**

- ☐ This chart shows when the **electronic refrigerant control valve** opens to regulate the temperature of the indoor unit coil to prevent freezing.
- If the refrigerant control is not effective and the temperature continues to drop and stays below 0°C for 2 minutes continuously, the control circuit stops the compressor. The compressor does not start again until the temperature rises above 3°C. The compressor stops for 3 minutes minimum.

## 2-6 Condensing Temperature Control (Cooling)

Condensing temperature is controlled by the outdoor heat exchanger coil temperature as sensed by sensor **C2**.

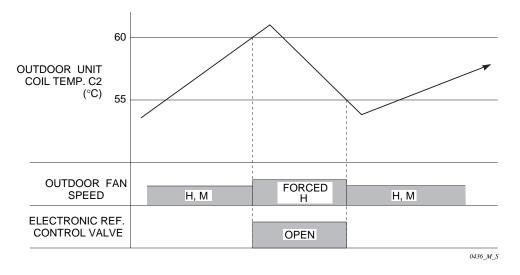


Fig. 9

### **Chart Explanations and notes**

- ☐ This chart shows how the outdoor fan speed and the electronic refrigerant control valve react to coil temperature to control condensing temperature.
- □ Sensor C2 is located in the middle of the outdoor unit heat exchange coil.
- □ When **C2** rises above 60°C the electronic refrigerant control valve opens at 50 steps/30 seconds, and the outdoor fan speed is forced to change to high (H) until **C2** falls below 55°C.

## 2-7 Overload Protection (Heating)

This function prevents the air conditioner from overloading.

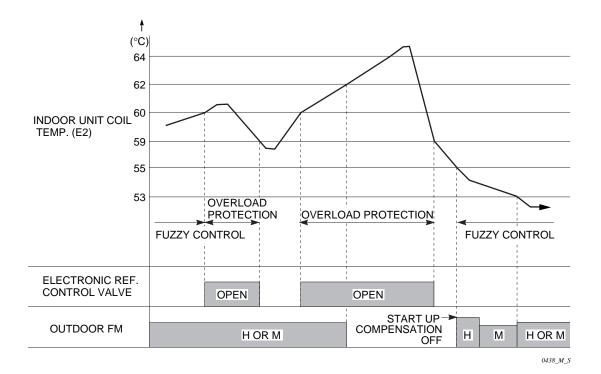


Fig. 10

### **Chart Explanations and notes**

- This chart shows how the outdoor fan speed and the electronic refrigerant control valve react to coil temperature to keep the indoor heat exchanger coil from overloading.
- ☐ When sensor **E2** rises above 60°C the electronic refrigerant control valve opens at 50 steps/ 30 seconds until **E2** falls below 59°C.
- ☐ Sensor **E2** is located in the middle of the indoor unit heat exchange unit.
- ☐ When sensor **E2** rises above 62°C, the control circuit stops the outdoor fan motor till the temp. drops to 55°C
- ☐ Fuzzy control controls the electronic refrigerant control valve.

## 2-8 Discharge Temperature Control (Cooling and Heating)

This function prevents the compressor motor from burnout by overheating.

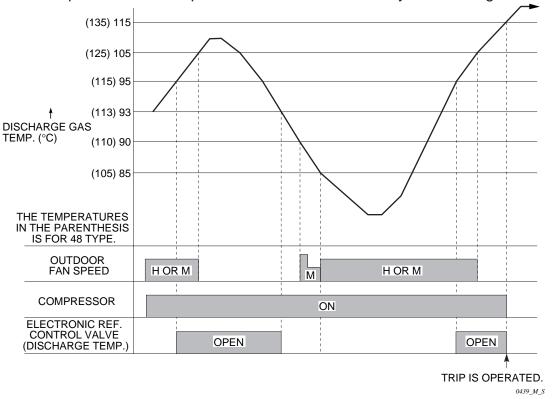


Fig. 11

### **Chart Summary and Explanations**

- ☐ Discharge temperature is sensed by **TH8** (discharge gas sensor).
- ☐ When the temperature rises **above 95°C** the electronic refrigerant control valve opens at 50 steps/30 seconds until the temperature falls **below 93°C**.
- □ During **HEATING** operation, when the temperature rises **above 105°C**, the control circuit stops the outdoor fan motor until the temperature falls below 90°C. Please note that this control does not function during **COOLING** operation.
- ☐ For both **COOLING** and **HEATING** modes, if the temperature reaches **115°C** (135°C for 48 type) the operation shuts down and alarm **P3** appears on the remote controller.
- ☐ The outdoor fan speed is controlled on discharge temp. at heating mode.

## 2-9 Auto. Mode for Automatic Heating/Cooling Switching

□ When the AUTO mode is selected, the microprocessor calculates the difference between the set temperature and the room temperature, and automatically switches to the COOLING or HEATING mode to maintain the desired temperature.

> Room temp. ≥ Set temp. → COOLING Room temp. < Set temp. → HEATING

This means that if the room temperature is **higher or equal to** the set temperature, **COOLING** operation starts. If the room temperature is **lower** than the set temperature, **HEATING** operation starts.

### 2-9 Auto. Mode for Automatic Heating/Cooling Switching

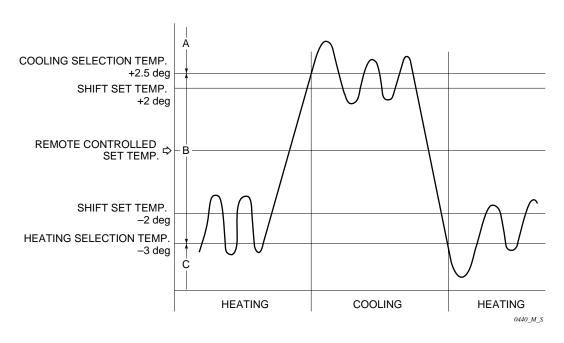


Fig. 12

#### **Chart summary and Explanations**

- ☐ This chart shows how the Operation Mode (**COOLING** or **HEATING**) is determined by the microprocessor taking the room temperature into consideration. It also shows the temperature points at which the cooling or heating mode is switched, when the AUTO mode is selected.
- □ After operation starts, the set temperature shifts automatically by +2 deg. at cooling and by 2 deg. at heating. For example, if cooling is selected, the set temperature changes from 20° C to 22° C.

(The display of the remote controller remains 20° C.)

☐ The change of the operation mode (heating to cooling, cooling to heating) by the change of the room temperature during the operation is as follows.

Heating to Cooling; Room temp. ≥ Shifted temp + 0.5 deg.

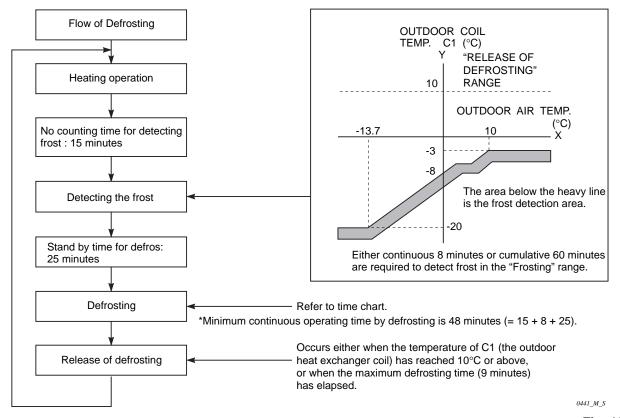
Cooling to Heating; Room temp. ≤ Shifted temp -1.0deg.

For example, if the room temperature rises above 22.5  $^{\circ}$ C (=22+0.5) during the cooling operation at the room temperature 20 $^{\circ}$  C set by the remote controller, the operation changes to cooling. When the room temperature lowers below 17 $^{\circ}$  C (=18-1.0) thereafter, the operation changes to heating again.

- ☐ In heating operation, using the body sensor, room temperature control is designed so that room air temp. is sensed as 4 deg. lower than suctioned air at indoor unit taking into account of the temperature gap between upper part and lower part of the room.
- □ Within 10 minutes after the compressor turns OFF, the operation does not change to cooling (heating), even when the room temperature changes from C to A (A to C).
- ☐ When switching from cooling (heating) to heating (cooling), the actuation of the 4 way valve will delay about 30-50 seconds after the compressor turns ON.

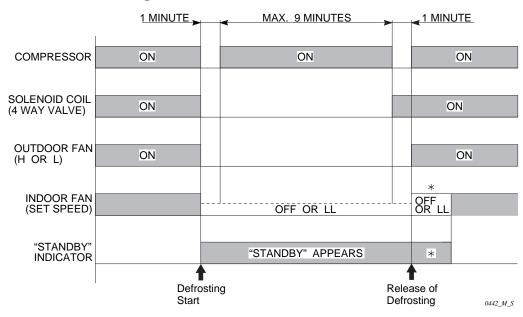
### 2-10 Defrosting Control, Outdoor Heat Exchanger Coil (Heating)

When the outdoor temperature is low, frost may form on the outdoor heat exchanger coil. When this occurred, the defrosting system operates. The microprocessor in the outdoor unit monitors the relationship between the temperature of the outdoor heat exchanger coil and the outdoor temperature so it can defrost when necessary.



#### **Time Chart for Defrosting**

Fig. 13



- ☐ During the defrost cycle, **STANDBY** appears on the remote controller.
- \*.....Cold Draft Prevention may operate occasionally

Fig. 14

### 2-11 4-Way Valve, Solenoid Control

The basic function of the 4-way valve is to direct the refrigerant in the correct direction according to the Operation Mode (**COOLING** or **HEATING**) selected.

The following two charts show conditions of the controls and functions listed in the left hand column when the solenoid is **ON** or **OFF**. Chart (A) on this page shows the relationships when the temperature control is in **NORMAL** mode, and Chart (B) on the next page shows the relationships when the remote controller is set to **AUTO** mode.

### (A) Normal Control Mode

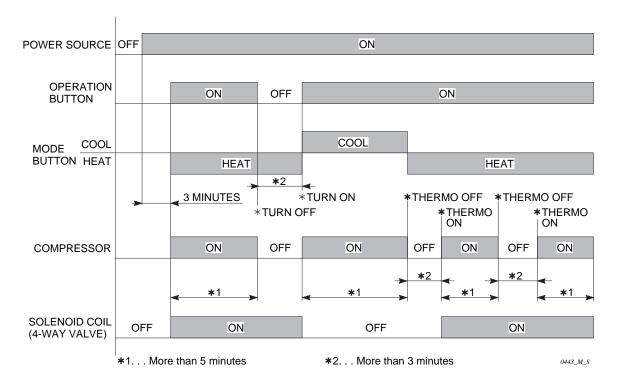


Fig. 15

#### **Chart Summary and Explanations**

- ☐ For the first 3 minutes after power is applied, the 4–way valve remains OFF and the compressor will not operate, even if the ON button is pushed.
- ☐ If the 4–way valve is turned OFF with the compressor operating, the air conditioner operates in COOLING mode. See Table below.
- ☐ If the 4–way valve is turned ON with the compressor operating, the air conditioner operates in HEATING mode. See Table below.

Operation Mode	4-way valve solenoid	Compressor
COOLING	OFF	ON
HEATING	ON	OIV

### (B) AUTO Control Mode

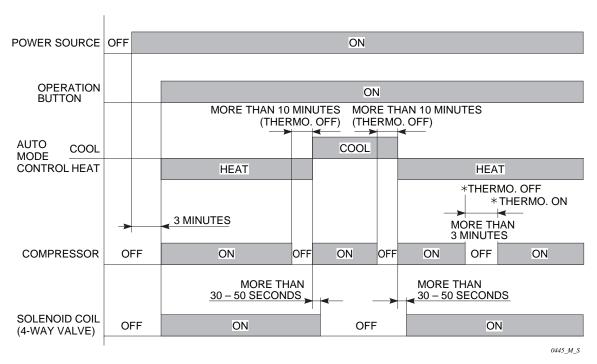


Fig. 16

When the Compressor has stopped while in **AUTO** mode, the 4-way valve switches on (heating) or off (cooling) within 1 minute according to the following conditions:

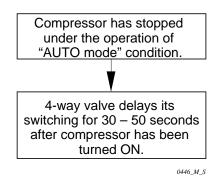


Fig. 17

# 2-12 Automatic Restart after Power Interruption

This air conditionner has a power failure recovery function.

### 2-13 Electronic Refrigerant Control Valve

☐ This valve allows very precise and smooth control of the amount of refrigerant flow in the system. Since the valve is operated by a step motor, the control circuits can open or close it in very exact amounts, so the degree of heating or cooling can be changed by just a little, or changed very quickly or slowly.

(Completely close ..... 0 step)

(Full open ......480 step)

Madal	Min.	Max. open	
Model	HEAT	COOL	Max. open
25 type	100 step	120 step	
36 type	90 step	90 step	480 step
48 type	100 step	110 step	

### ☐ Fuzzy Control

Fuzzy Control is a controlling system to control electronic refrigerant control valve using fuzzy logic. It regulates the functions of heating and cooling, as well as some of the processes inside the unit, by taking account of many different conditions of temperature, fan speed, etc. These control circuits work automatically to send just the right amount of refrigerant through the **Electronic Refrigerant Control Valve**.

## 2-14 Compressor Discharge Gas Temperature

# (A) Cooling

Indoor temp. (°C)	20 – 25		26 – 28	29 – 32
Outdoor temp. (°C)	13 or below 14 – 16		27 – 35	36 – 43
Compressor discharge gas temp. (°C)	40 – 80	40 – 90	60 – 100	70 – 105

# (B) Heating (Except During Defrosting)

Indoor temp. (°C)	18 -	- 21		22 – 25			26 – 30	
Outdoor temp. (°C)	0 or below	1 – 10	0 or below	1 – 10	11 – 21	0 or below	1 – 10	11 – 21
Compressor discharge gas temp. (°C)	40 – 80	50 – 90	40 – 90	50 – 100	60 – 105	50 – 90	60 – 100	70 – 105

- Operate the unit at least 30 minutes to stabilize the discharge temperature.
- ☐ The above discharge temperature was measured with a 15m tubing length. The temperature may vary with tubing length.

### 2-15 Compressor Current Detection Circuit

- □ The Compressor Current Detection Circuit detects the compressor current and, depending on the current range, can stop the compressor motor so it will not be damaged by overcurrent.
- Overcurrent can be caused by several factors, particularly mechanical seizing of the compressor or liquid backflow. Either of these conditions can hold the compressor to run, and thus drawing so much current that the motor can burn out.

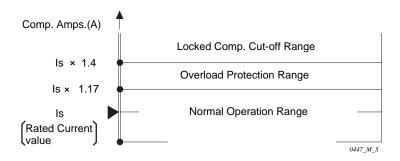


Fig. 18

Outdoor Model	Rated Current Value Is (A)	Overload Protection Is x 1.17 (A)	Locked Compressor Cut-off Is x 1.4 (A)
SPW-C253GH5	24.0	28.08	33.6
SPW-C253GH8	7.1	8.3	9.9
SPW-C363GH8	7.5	8.8	10.5
SPW-C483GH8	10.4	12.2	14.6

#### **Chart Summary and Explanations**

#### □ Overload Protection

- When the detected current is 1.17 1.4 times greater than the rated current value (Is) and continues for 30 seconds, both compressor and outdoor fan stop (Thermostat **OFF**).
- After 3-minute pause, if the air conditioner is ready for Thermostat **ON**, it starts again. However, if the condition mentioned above repeats **twice within 30 minutes**, the remote controller displays the alarm message **H01**, **compressor overload**.

#### □ Locked Compressor Cut-off

- When the detected current is 1.4 times greater than the rated current value (Is) and continues for 2 seconds, both compressor and outdoor fan stop (Thermostat OFF).
- After 3-minute pause, if the air conditioner is ready for Thermostat ON, it starts again. However, if the
  condition mentioned above repeats twice, the remote controller displays the alarm message H02,
  compressor locked.

#### ☐ Failure of Compressor Current Detection

- When the Compressor Current Detection Circuit fails to detect the compressor current within 2 seconds after compressor starts, both compressor and outdoor fan stop (Thermostat OFF).
- After 3-minute pause, if the air conditioner is ready for Thermostat ON, it starts again. However, when
  the circuit fails to detect the current twice in a row, the remote controller displays alarm message H03,
  Failure of compressor Current Detection.

### 2-16 Dehumidifying Operation

**Dehumidifying** operation uses the cooling cycle to remove moisture from the air, but by running an indoor fan at a low speed, to dehumidify without greatly lowering room temperature. In this mode, the microprocessor automatically controls the ON-OFF operation between +2 deg. and -2 deg. of the set temperature.

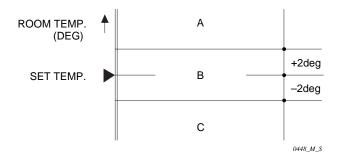


Fig. 19

**A range:** When the room temperature is in this range, cooling operation starts. However, when the temperature is below 18°C, the cooling operation does not start.

**B range:** When the room temperature is in this range, the air conditioner automatically repeats the dehumidifying cycle of 5 minutes **ON**, 3 minutes **OFF** – see **Fig. 22** for details.

**C range:** When the room temperature is in this range, the microprocessor shuts off the air conditioner.

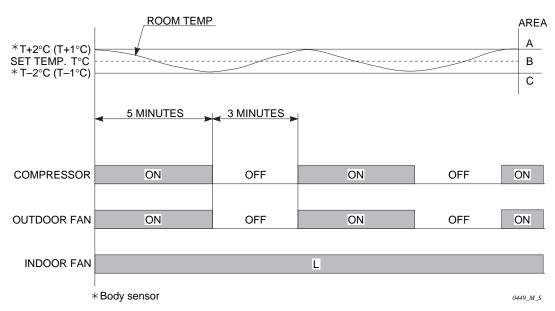


Fig. 20

- ☐ The indoor fan speed is automatically set to L and cannot be adjusted to M or H.
- □ When the set temperature is either 18 or 19°C, the set temperature is considered the same as 20°C.
- Room temperature is monitored every 8 minutes when it is in the **B** range to select the best operation mode.

# 2-17 Drain Pump Control

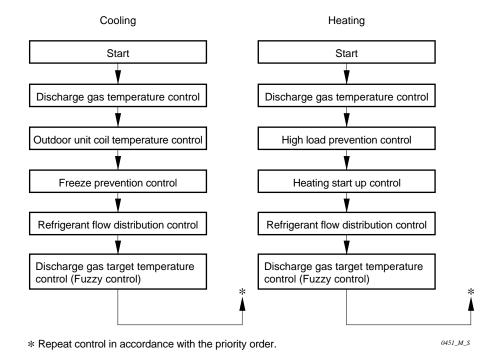
- 1) When the compressor is ON in cooling operation, the drain pump will start to operate.
- 2) When the compressor is stopped by freeze prevention function, the drain pump will run for 20 minutes.
- 3) After the float switch turns ON, the drain pump will start to operate 5 minues. After the recovery of the float switch, the drain pump turns OFF.

### 2-18 Electronic Refrigerant Control Valve Control

The circulation volume of the refrigerant is controlled by a pulse type electronic control valve.

When the power is switched ON, the opening degree of the electronic control valve is controlled between 90 and 480 steps after setting the initial step at the time when the thermostat is ON.

#### **Contents and Order of control**



Even though the operation is performed every 30 seconds, the control of discharge gas temperature, high load prevention, outdoor unit coil temperature and freeze prevention activates when it occurs.

#### (1) Refrigerant flow distribution control

At the control of flexible combination (a plural number of indoor units are set), the opening degree of the electronic control valve is controlled by the indoor unit coil temperature.

Cooling: indoor unit coil E2 temperature (located at the middle of coil) Heating: indoor unit coil E1 temperature (located at the outlet of coil)

### (2) Fuzzy control (optimal refrigerant flow rate control)

By outputting the fuzzy estimation result corresponding to the fuzzy input variables (the indoor unit coil temp., the deviation between the actual discharge gas temp. and the target discharge gas temperature calculated from the outdoor unit coil temperature and the change thereof), the electronic refrigerant valve is controlled so that the unit can perform its maximum ability in accordance with the indoor and outdoor temperature conditions at the operation.

# 2-19 Voltage Detection Control

When the power voltage falls below 160 V (voltage between N phase and each phase) or rises above 260 V, the "P2" alarm is issued to protect the compressor and electrical components.

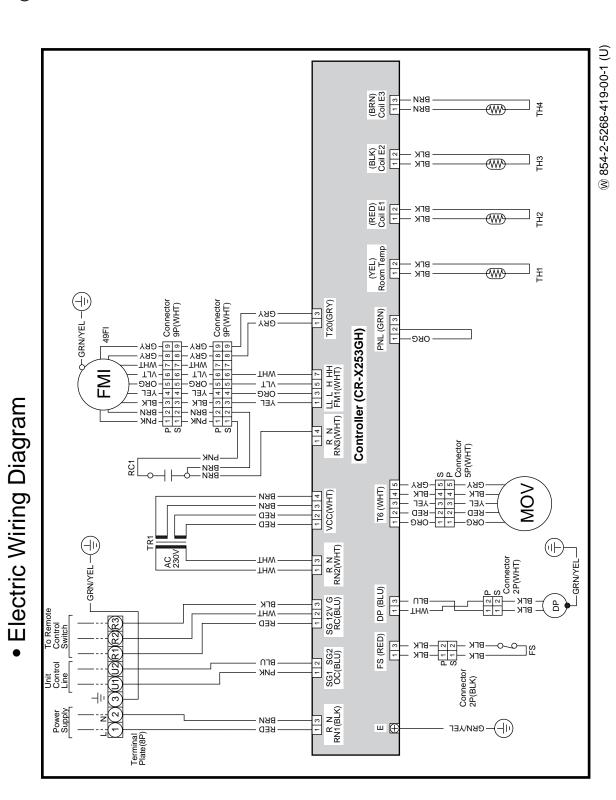
### 3

# 3. ELECTRICAL DATA

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### 3-1 Indoor Unit

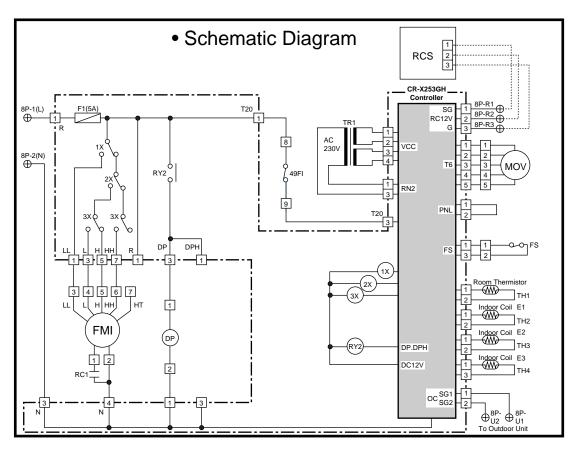
### ① SPW-U253GH56



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# 3-1 Indoor Unit

### ① SPW-U253GH56

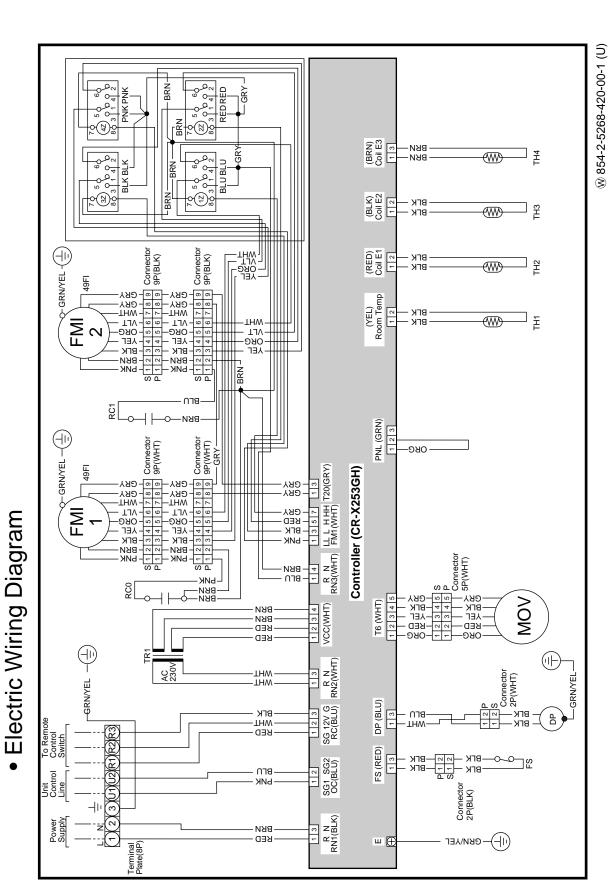


Symbols	Description	Symbols	Description
FMI	Indoor Fan Motor	TH4	Thermistor (Indoor Coil E3)
49FI	Indoor Motor Thermal Protector	CR-X253GH	Indoor Controller
RC1	Running Capacitor	$\oplus$	Terminal Plate
F1	Fuse		Connector
TR1	Power Transformer	Ð	Terminal
1X-3X	Auxiliary Relay	DP	Drain Pump
RY2	Auxiliary Relay	FS	Float Switch
MOV	Motor Operated Valve		
RCS	Remote Control Switch		
TH1	Room Thermistor		
TH2	Thermistor (Indoor Coil E1)		
TH3	Thermistor (Indoor Coil E2)		

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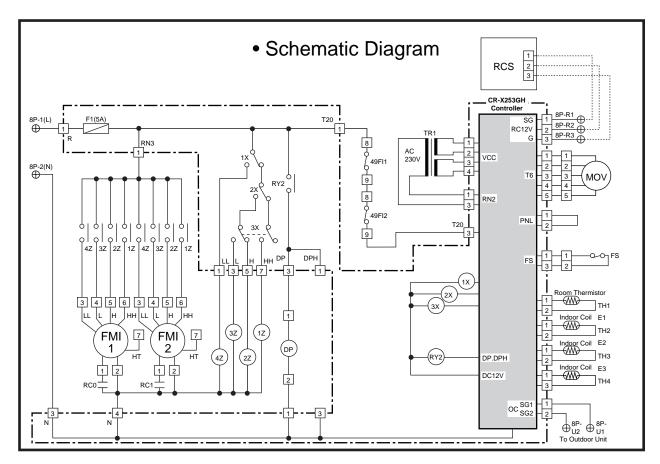
#### 3-1 **Indoor Unit**

## SPW-U363GH56, SPW-U483GH56



### 3-1 Indoor Unit

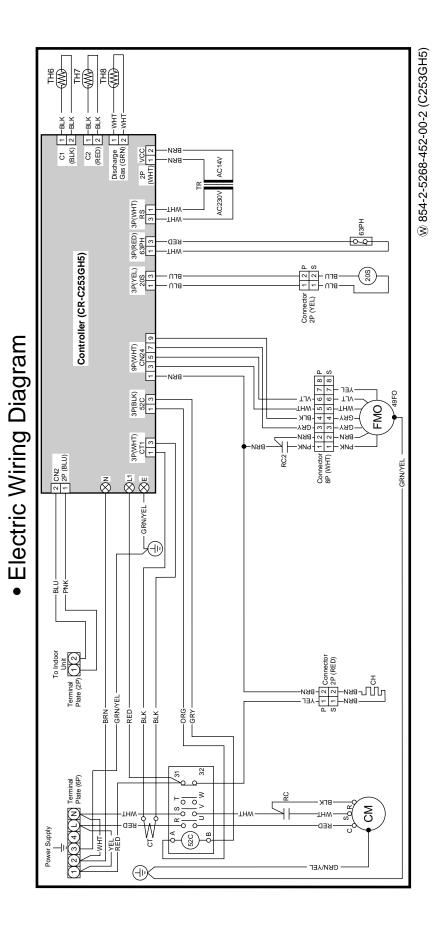
### ① SPW-U363GH56, SPW-U483GH56



Symbols	Description	Symbols	Description
FMI1, 2	Indoor Fan Motor	TH4	Thermistor (Indoor Coil E3)
49FI1, 2	Indoor Motor Thermal Protector	CR-X253GH	Indoor Controller
RC0, 1	Running Capacitor	$\oplus$	Terminal Plate
F1	Fuse		Connector
TR1	Power Transformer	$\oplus$	Terminal
1X-3X	Auxiliary Relay	DP	Drain Pump
RY2	Auxiliary Relay	FS	Float Switch
MOV	Motor Operated Valve	1Z-4Z	Auxiliary Relay
RCS	Remote Control Switch		
TH1	Room Thermistor		
TH2	Thermistor (Indoor Coil E1)		_
TH3	Thermistor (Indoor Coil E2)		

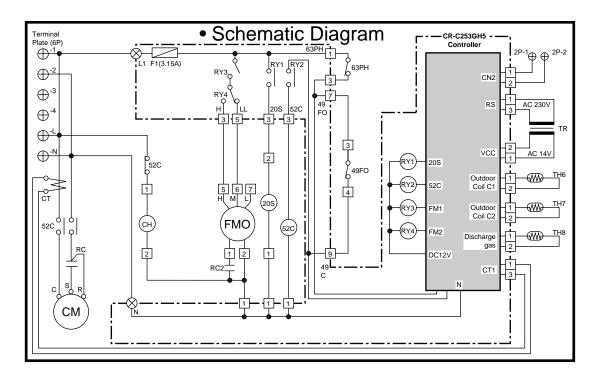
§ 854-2-5268-420-00-1 (U)

### ① SPW-C253GH5



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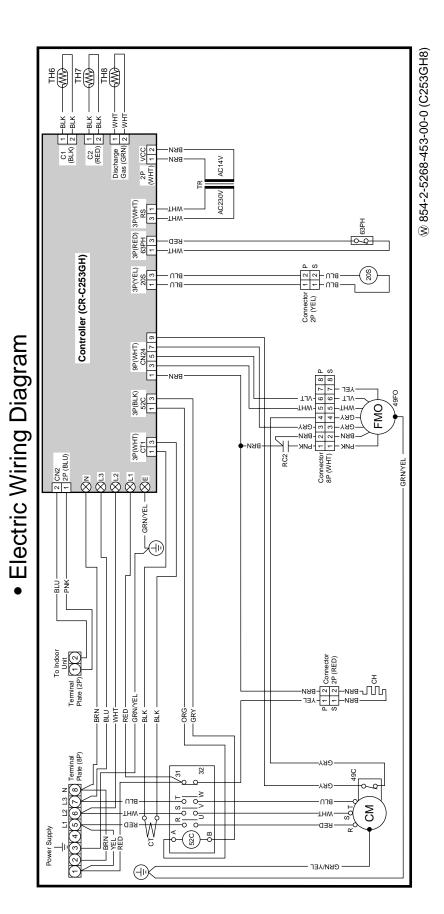
### ① SPW-C253GH5



Symbols	Description	Symbols	Description
СМ	Compressor Motor	CR-C253GH5	Outdoor Controller
FMO	Outdoor Fan Motor	RY1~4	Auxiliary Relay
52C	Compressor Motor Magnetic Contactor	$\oplus$	Terminal Plate
49FO	Outdoor Fan Motor Thermal Protector	$\otimes$	Terminal
63PH	High Pressure Switch		Connector
СТ	Current Transmitter		
RC,RC2	Running Capacitor		
TR	Power Transformer		
СН	Crank Case Heater		
20S	Four Way Valve		
F1	Fuse		
TH6	Thermistor (Outdoor Coil C1)		
TH7	Thermistor (Outdoor Coil C2)		•
TH8	Thermistor (Discharge Gas)		

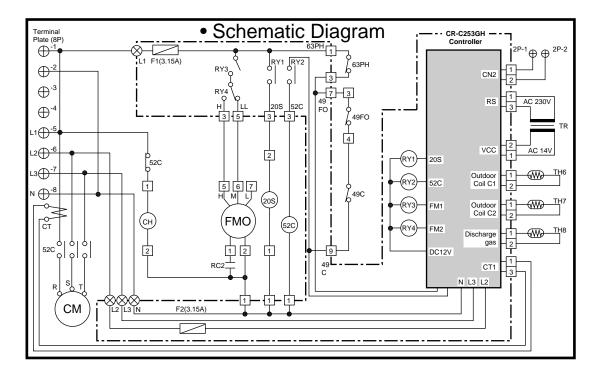
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### ② SPW-C253GH8



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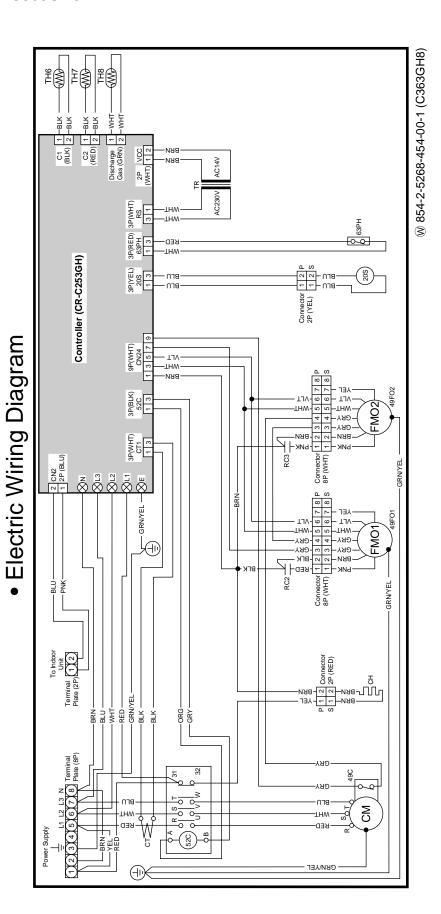
#### ② SPW-C253GH8



Symbols	Description	Symbols	Description
СМ	Compressor Motor	CR-C253GH	Outdoor Controller
FMO	Outdoor Fan Motor	RY1~4	Auxiliary Relay
52C	Compressor Motor Magnetic Contactor	$\oplus$	Terminal Plate
49C	Compressor Motor Termal Protector	$\otimes$	Terminal
49FO	Outdoor Fan Motor Thermal Protector		Connector
63PH	High Pressure Switch		
СТ	Current Transmitter		
RC2	Running Capacitor		
TR	Power Transformer		
СН	Crank Case Heater		
20S	Four Way Valve		
F1,2	Fuse		
TH6	Thermistor (Outdoor Coil C1)		
TH7	Thermistor (Outdoor Coil C2)		
TH8	Thermistor (Discharge Gas)		

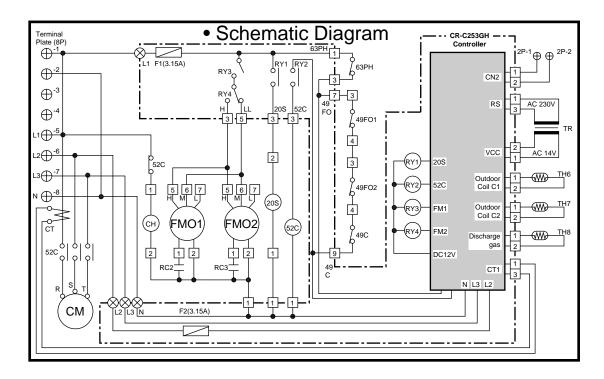
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### ③ SPW-C363GH8



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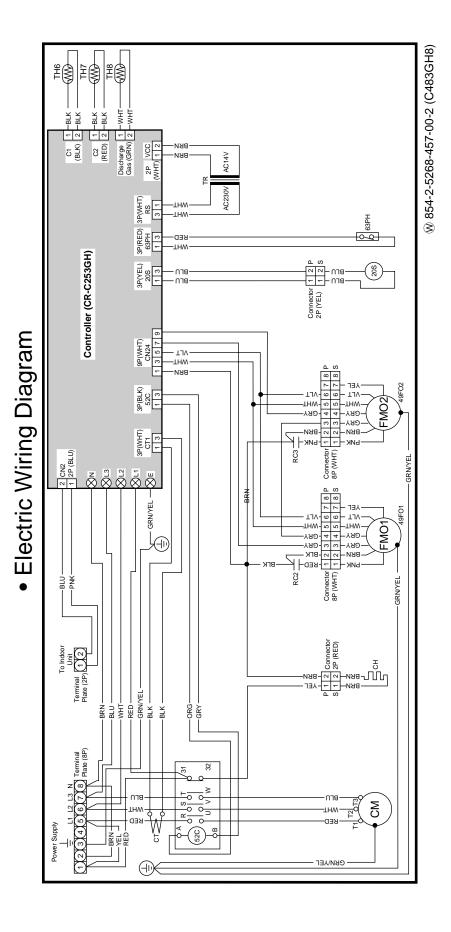
#### ③ SPW-C363GH8



Symbols	Description	Symbols	Description
СМ	Compressor Motor	CR-C253GH	Outdoor Controller
FMO1,2	Outdoor Fan Motor	RY1~4	Auxiliary Relay
52C	Compressor Motor Magnetic Contactor	$\oplus$	Terminal Plate
49C	Compressor Motor Termal Protector	$\otimes$	Terminal
49FO1,2	Outdoor Fan Motor Thermal Protector		Connector
63PH	High Pressure Switch		
СТ	Current Transmitter		
RC2,3	Running Capacitor		
TR	Power Transformer		
СН	Crank Case Heater		
20S	Four Way Valve		
F1,2	Fuse		
TH6	Thermistor (Outdoor Coil C1)		
TH7	Thermistor (Outdoor Coil C2)		
TH8	Thermistor (Discharge Gas)		

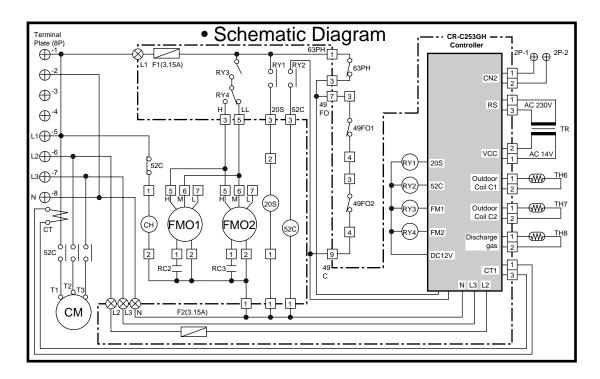
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### 4 SPW-C483GH8



SM830035

### **4** SPW-C483GH8



Symbols	Description	Symbols	Description
СМ	Compressor Motor	CR-C253GH	Outdoor Controller
FMO1,2	Outdoor Fan Motor	RY1~4	Auxiliary Relay
52C	Compressor Motor Magnetic Contactor	$\oplus$	Terminal Plate
49FO1,2	Outdoor Fan Motor Thermal Protector	$\otimes$	Terminal
63PH	High Pressure Switch		Connector
СТ	Current Transmitter		
RC2,3	Running Capacitor		
TR	Power Transformer		
СН	Crank Case Heater		
20S	Four Way Valve		
F1,2	Fuse		
TH6	Thermistor (Outdoor Coil C1)		_
TH7	Thermistor (Outdoor Coil C2)		
TH8	Thermistor (Discharge Gas)		

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3

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# 4. SERVICE PROCEDURES

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### 4

### 4-1 Troubleshooting

#### This section explains:

What the LED codes mean
What the remote control unit display screen messages mean
How to use the flow charts to find and solve problems
How to use the self-diagnostic tests to find parts that aren't working right

This unit is made to be trouble free, and not need much service. However, with time, moving parts wear out, electronic components break down, and sometimes misuse damages the unit.

The purpose of this section is to help you when the unit is not working properly. Sometimes your experience will tell you right away where to look for a problem, and when you find it you will know how to fix it at once.

Often, however, all you have is a *symptom* like "poor cooling" or "outside fan doesn't come on." Now you must find out the cause of the problem, and then how to fix it. This section provides several ways to help you go from the symptom to the cause and then the solution.

The first chart, **General Troubleshooting Flow Chart** is divided into two sections: Poor heating and Poor Cooling. Under each heading you will find the main things that can go wrong and cause either of these problems. Sometimes you can start with this chart and find the problem right away, but often you will come here for more suggestions after you have looked at the error code on the remote control unit display. This chart gives you the "big picture" of problems and solutions.

The other main tool we explain here is the use of the **Alarm Messages**. When a certain part fails or a safety device has shut the unit down, any alpha-numeric codes appears on the display to guide you to the problem.

By understanding the code you can often go right to the problem area and then, with this manual and your knowledge of air conditioning, find the solution.

#### (1)-1 Check before and after Troubleshooting (SPW-C253GH5)

Many problems may happen because of wiring or power supply problems, so you should check these areas first. Problems here can cause false results in some of the other tests, and so should be corrected first.

### 1). Check power supply wiring

□ Check the power supply wires are correctly connected between terminal No. 1 & 2 on the 3P terminal plates in the indoor unit and the outdoor unit.

#### 2. Check inter-unit wiring

☐ Check that inter-unit control wiring (DC low voltage) is correctly connected between the indoor unit and outdoor unit.

Power Supply: 50 Hz, single-phase, 220-230-240 V

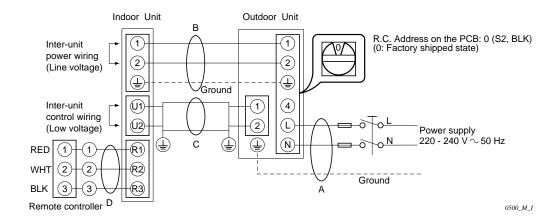


Fig. 28

## 3. Check power supply

- $\Box$  Check that voltage is within the specified range ( $\pm 10\%$  of the rating).
- Check that power is being supplied.



If the following troubleshooting must be done with power being supplied, be careful not to touch any uninsulated live part that can cause ELECTRIC SHOCK.

#### 4. Check the lead wires and connectors in indoor and outdoor units.

- ☐ Check that the sheath of lead wires is not damaged.
- ☐ Check that the lead wires are firmly connected at the terminal plate.
- ☐ Check that the wiring is correct.

#### (1)-2 Check before and after Troubleshooting (SPW-C253GH8, C363GH8, C483GH8)

Many problems may happen because of wiring or power supply problems, so you should check these areas first. Problems here can cause false results in some of the other tests, and so should be corrected first.

#### ①. Check power supply wiring

- ☐ Check that power supply wires are correctly connected to terminal No.5 through No.8 on the 8P terminal plate in the outdoor unit.
- □ Check the power supply wires are correctly connected between terminal No.1 and 2 on the 3P terminal plate in the indoor unit and terminal No.1 and 2 on the 8P terminal plate in the outdoor unit.

#### 2. Check inter-unit wiring

☐ Check that inter-unit control wiring (DC low voltage) is correctly connected between the indoor unit and outdoor unit.

Power Supply: 50 Hz, 3-phase, 380-400-415 V

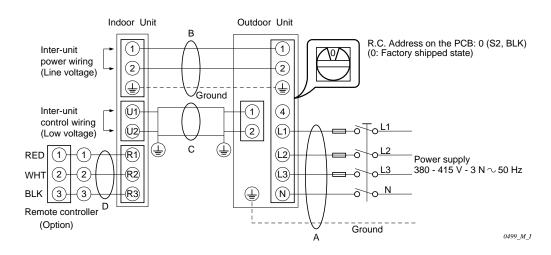


Fig. 29

#### 3. Check power supply

- $\Box$  Check that voltage is within the specified range ( $\pm 10\%$  of the rating).
- ☐ Check that power is being supplied.



If the following troubleshooting must be done with power being supplied, be careful not to touch any uninsulated live part that can cause ELECTRIC SHOCK.

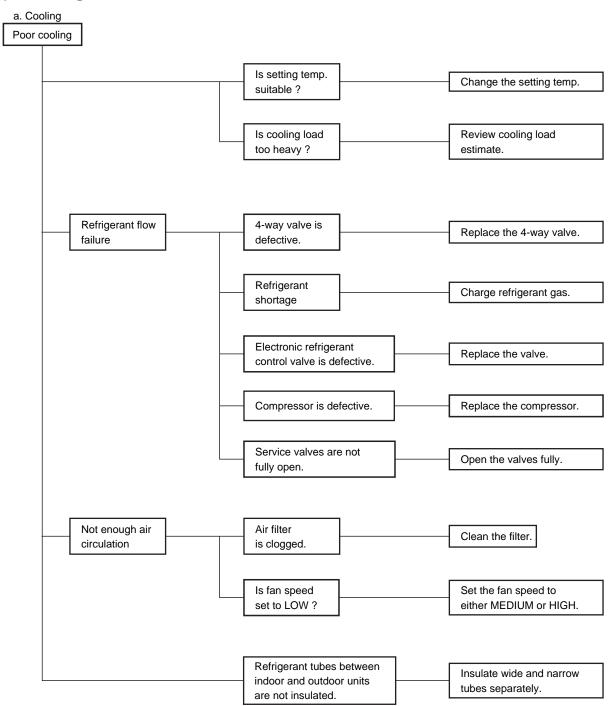
#### (4). Check the lead wires and connectors in indoor and outdoor units.

- ☐ Check that the sheath of lead wires is not damaged.
- ☐ Check that the lead wires are firmly connected at the terminal plate.
- Check that the wiring is correct.

#### (2) General Troubleshooting Flow Chart: Diagnosis and Remedy

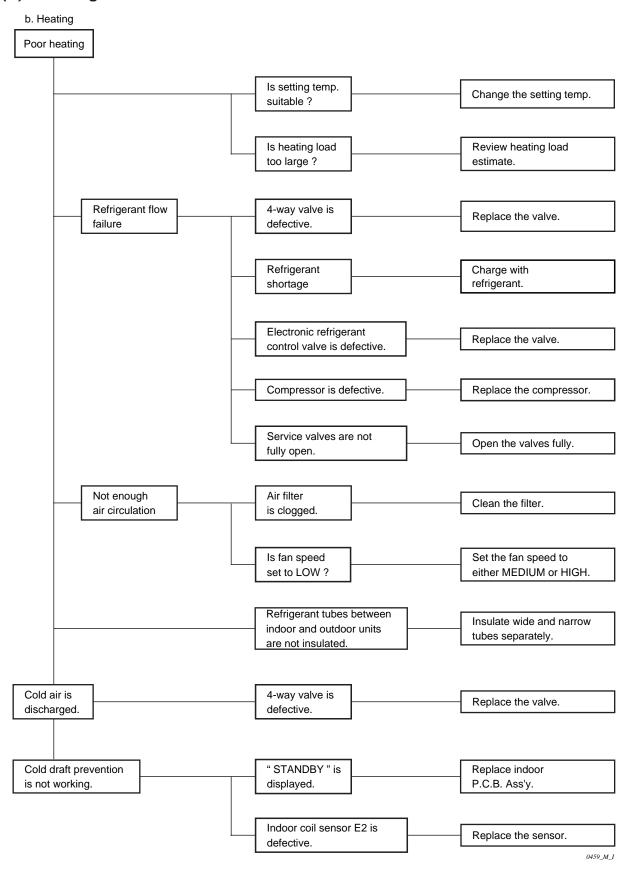
When you have found a major problem, such as refrigerant not flowing in the system or reduced air circulation, come to this section and find the box listing the problem. Connected to the box are the main causes of the problem and their remedies. To find out which malfunction is happening in your case, check the remote controller for an Alarm Message, and follow the steps in section 3).

### (A) Cooling



0458\_M\_I

### (B) Heating



### (3) Meanings of alarm messages

If an error occurred in the air conditioner, the error condition is presented by indicating the error code in the wired remote controller display or by the combination of lamp statuses for operation, timer and heat stand-by (OFF status and flashing status).

Pos	sible causes of troubles		Wired remote controller display	Wireless remote controller display	
	Remote controller is detecting	Error receiving of serial communications signal.	E01	Operation	
u	nusual signal from indoor unit.	Error transmitting of serial communications signal.	E02	lamp flashes	
	Indoor unit is detecting unusual s (No serial communications signal	E03	☼: Operation lamp		
In re-setting	mproper setting of indoor unit or	Indoor unit address setting is duplicated.	E08	●: Timer lamp	
re	emote controller.	Remote controller address (RCU.ADR) is duplicated.	E09	<ul><li>Heat stand</li><li>by lamp</li></ul>	
,  ''	ndoor unit is detecting unusual	Error transmitting of serial communications signal	E10	у іапір	
s Ir	ignal from signal option.	Error receiving of serial communications signal.	E11		
-	mproper setting of indoor unit or emote controller.	When using flexible combination control, main indoor unit address setting is duplicated. (judged by outdoor unit.)	E14		
Ir	ndoor unit is detecting unusual	Error receiving of serial communications signal.	E04	Heat stand-by	
S	ignal from outdoor unit.	Error transmitting of serial communications signal	E05	lamp flashes  Operation lamp	
5	Outdoor unit is detecting	Error receiving of serial communications signal.	E06		
น	nusual signal from indoor unit.	(Confirmation error of unit numbers included)			
5		Error transmitting of serial communications signal.	E07	: Timer lam	
Α	auto. address setting is not	No. of judged indoor units or total capacity of indoor units is small.	E15	☼: Heat stand- by lamp	
С	orrect.	No. of judged indoor units or total capacity of indoor units is large.	E16		
Ir	ndoor unit is detecting unusual	Error transmitting of serial communications signal	E17		
s	ignal from another indoor unit.	Error receiving of serial communications signal.	E18		
Ir	mproper setting of indoor unit or	Indoor unit group address is not correct.	L01	Operation lamp and heat standby lamp flash at the same time.	
re	emote controller.	Model setting of indoor unit is not matching the outdoor unit.	L02		
פ		When using group control, main indoor unit address setting is duplicated. (judged by indoor unit.)	L03		
		Outdoor unit address is duplicated.	L04	lamp	
6 111000 01101		Improper wiring between indoor units. (There is a group connection wiring in case of individual control.)	L07	●: Timer lam	
		Indoor unit address (or group address) is not set.	L08	by lamp	
		Capacity code of indoor unit is not set.	L09		
		Improper wiring of group control wiring.	L11		
		Indoor unit model setting is improper (capacity)	L13		
mpi	roper wiring connections of ce	iling panel.	P09	●: Operation lamp	
Ŋ F	Protective device in indoor unit	Thermal protector in indoor fan motor is activated.	P01		
is	s activated.	Float switch is activated.	P10		
y F	Protective device in outdoor unit sactivated.	<ul> <li>Thermal protector in outdoor fan motor is activated.</li> <li>PC or AC Compressor thermal protector is activated.</li> <li>Power supply voltage is unusual. (The voltage is more than 260 V or less than 160 V between L and N phase.)</li> </ul>	P02	Operation lamp and heat stand-by lamp flash alternately.	
0 00		Discharge gas temperature of PC comp. is unusual.	P03	☼: Operation lamp	
\all		High pressure switch is activated.	P04	: Timer lam	
ACI		Negative phase or voltage drops.	P05		
•	İ	Other indooor unit is warning.	P31	by lamp	

Possible causes of troubles				Wireless remote controller display	
	Indoor thermistor is either	Indoor coil temp. (E1 = TH2) cannot be detected.	F01	Operation lamp	
Thermistor failure	open or short.	Indoor coil temp. (E2 = TH3) cannot be detected.	F02	and heat stand-by lamp flash alternately.	
		Indoor room temperature cannot be detected.	F10		
	Outdoor thermistor is either open or short.	Discharge gas temp.A (PC compressor=TH0A) cannot be detected.	F04	☼: Operation lamp	
		Outdoor coil liquid temp. (C1 = TH0E) cannot be detected.	F06	: Timer lamp	
		Outdoor coil gas temp. (C2 = TH0C) cannot be detected.	F07	●:Heat stand-	
		Scroll protection thermostat	F09	by lamp	
• No	Non volatile memory IC (EEPROM) is abnormal (Indoor control panel)				
:=	Protective device for compressor is activated.	PC compressor motor is overloaded.	H01		
th ssor sircu		PC compressor motor is locked.	H02	●:Operation	
Fault with compressor and its circuit		Compressor current detection circuit is defective.	H03	lamp	
		Scroll proteiton thermostat	H04	:Heat stand-	
		No detection of scroll protection thermostat	H05	by lamp	
		Low-pressure switch	H06		
		Power supply voltage between phases is unbalanced.	H17		
		Standard comp. contactor (Mg SW)is chattering.	H18		

⊅: flashes

•: OFF

### (4) LED Indication on the Outdoor Unit's P.C.B. Ass'y

If something goes wrong with the outdoor unit, **LED** lamps on the **outdoor P.C.B. Ass'y** light up to show the cause of the trouble, in addition to the Alarm message on the remote controller.

LED 2 on P.C. board	LED 1 on P.C. board	Remote controller	Possible cause of trouble
•	•	No message	Normal
	0	E06, E07, L04	Outdoor unit serial communication signal is abnormal.
			Outdoor unit address is duplicated.
	*	No message	Other outdoor units are performing auto address and
			detecting refrigerant shortage.
	•	P02	FMo • CM thermal protection is in operation.
			Power supply voltage is abnormal.
0	0	P04, P05	High voltage SW activates
			Negative phase protector activates.
0	*	F04~F09	Sensor is abnormal. (Open or short)
*	•	H01, H02	Abnormal compressor current value is detected.
*	0	H04, H05	Scroll thermal protection failure is detected.
*	* .	E15, E16	Auto address failure
Flash at the	same time	Э	
*	*	"SETTING"	Auto address is in operation.
Flash alternately		flashes.	

NOTE ●: LED lamps OFF ○: LED lamps ON (lights up) \*: LED lamps ON (flashes)

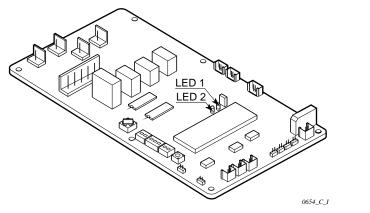


Fig. 30

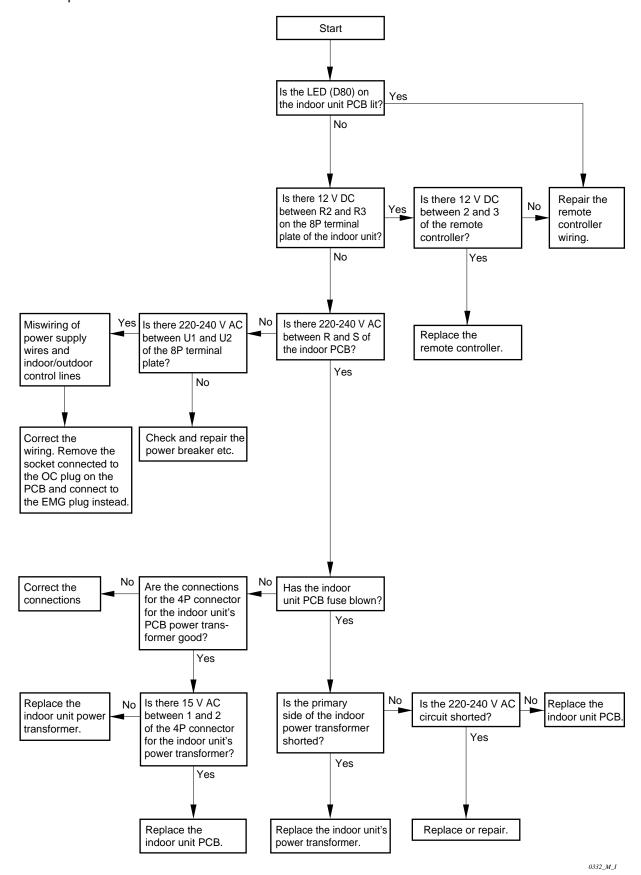


#### \* REFRIGERANT SHORTAGE

Note particularly that a **shortage of refrigerant** is only shown by the **outdoor P.C.B. Ass'y LEDs** and the Alarm Message does not appear on the Indoor Remote Controller. The compressor keeps running even when the refrigerant is less, so when you find the LED indication on the **outdoor P.C.B. Ass'y**, stop the air conditioner immediately to avoid the compressor damage.

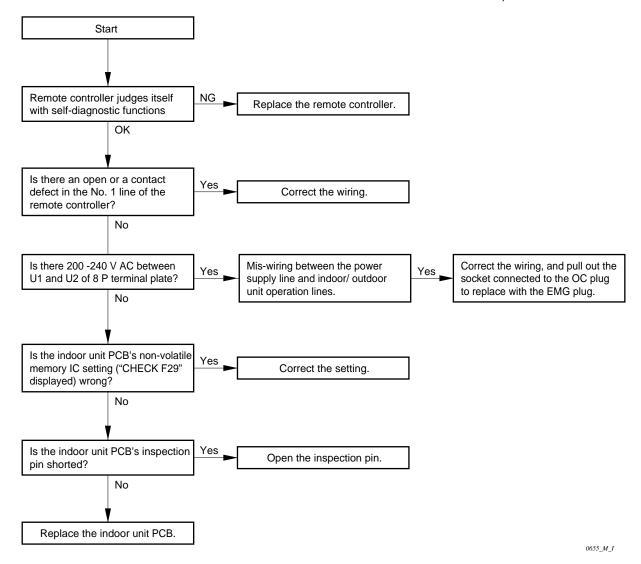
### (5) Symptoms and parts to inspect

 Symptom: LCD on the remote controller does not display and remote controller does not operate.

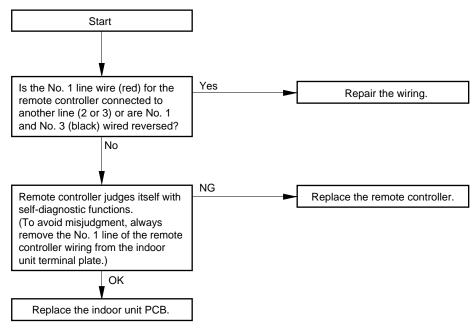


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2) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK E01". (Unusual communication between remote controller and indoor unit.)

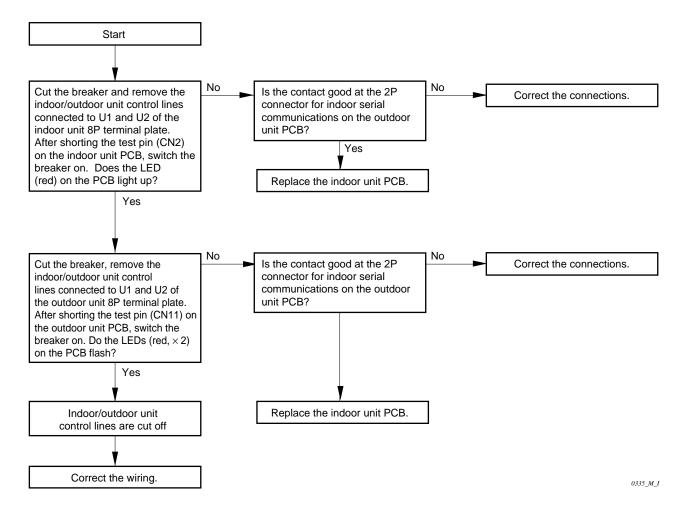


3) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK E02". (Unusual communication between remote controller and indoor unit)

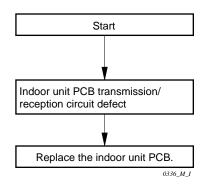


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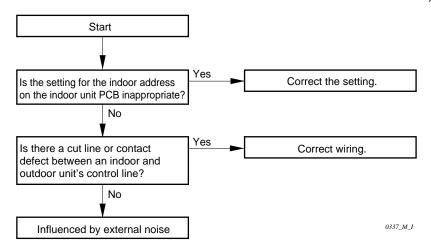
4) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller is displaying "CHECK E04". (Unusual communication between the indoor and outdoor units.)



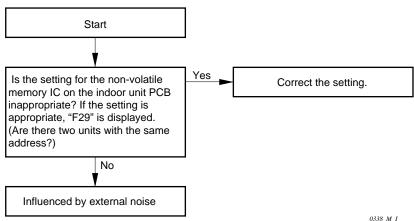
5) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller is displaying "CHECK E05". (Unusual communication between the indoor and outdoor units)



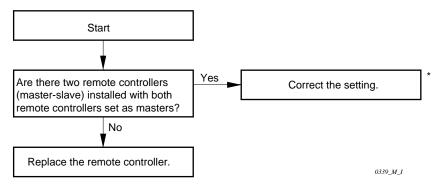
6) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller is displaying "CHECK E06". (Unusual communication between the indoor and outdoor units)



- \* See the section of INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION concerning with flexible combination system.
- 7) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller is displaying "CHECK E08". (Duplicate indoor unit address setting)

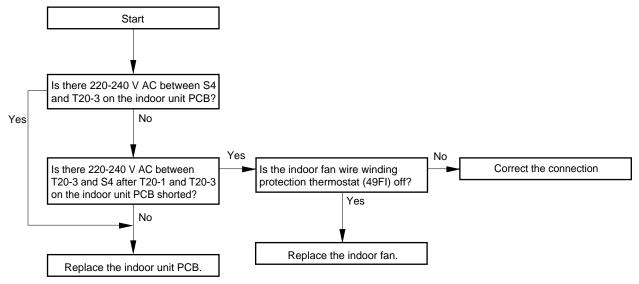


- \* See the section of INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION concerning with flexible combination system.
- 8) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller is displaying "CHECK E09". (Duplicate setting of RCU address switch of remote controllers)



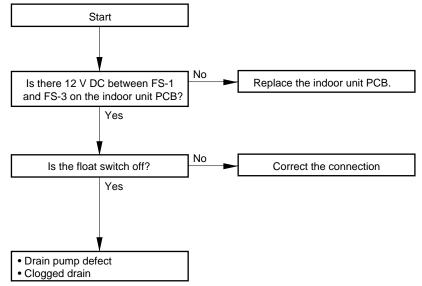
\* See the section of INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION concerning with controlling remote controller switches when there are two remote controllers.

9) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK P01". (Indoor fan protection thermostat operation warning)



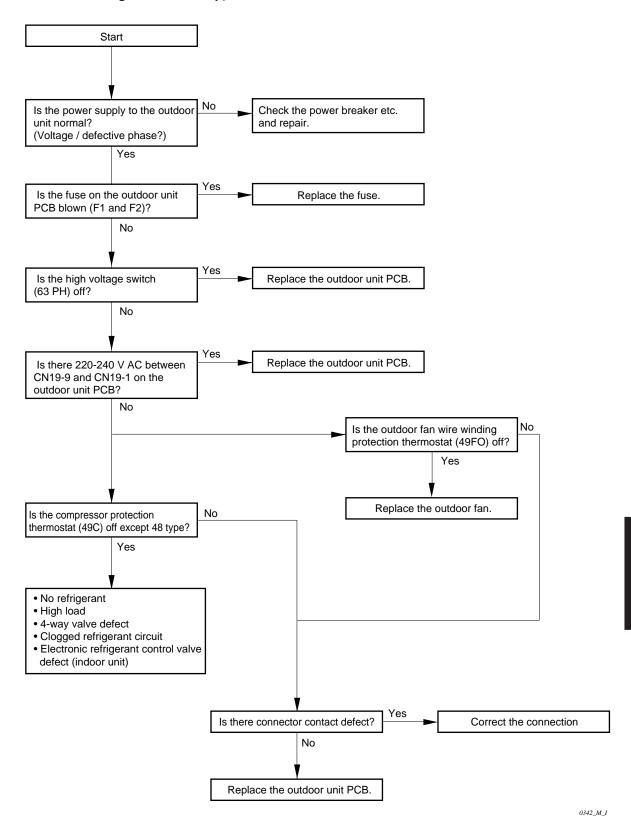
0340\_M\_I

10) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK P10". (Indoor float switch operation warning)



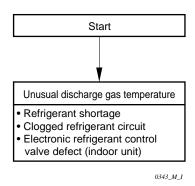
0341\_M\_I

 Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK P02". (Compressor / outdoor fan protection thermostat operation warning / power supply voltage abnormality)

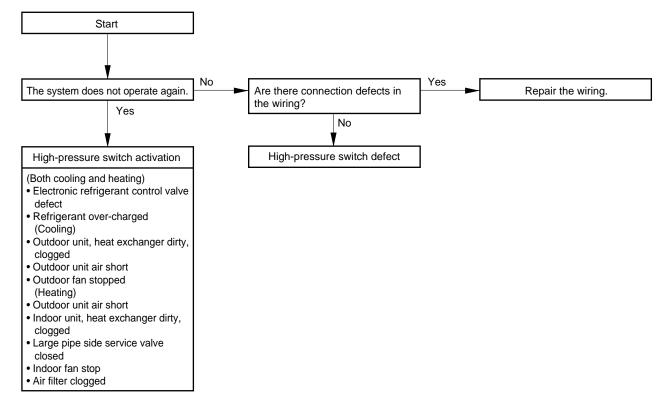


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12) Symptoms: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK P03". (Alarm for unusual discharge temp. of compressor)

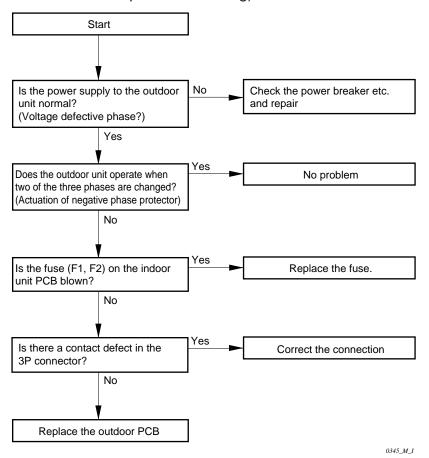


13) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK P04". (High-pressure switch activation warning)

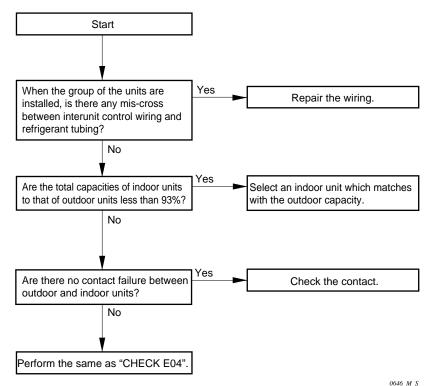


0344\_M\_I

# 14) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK P05". (Negative phase detection operation warning)

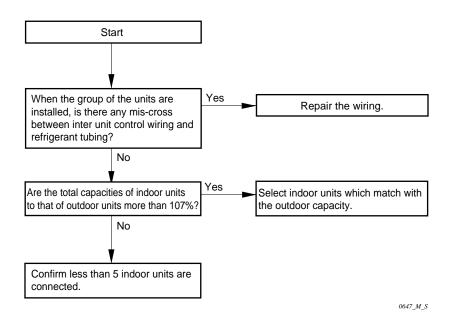


15) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK E15".

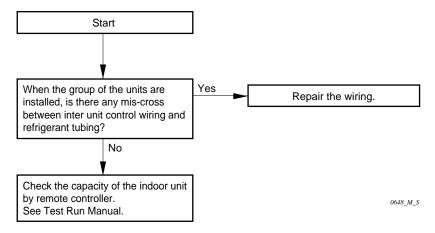


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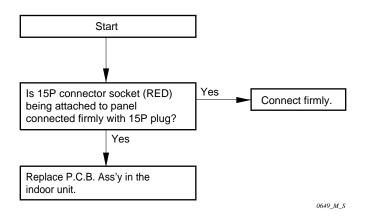
16) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK E16".



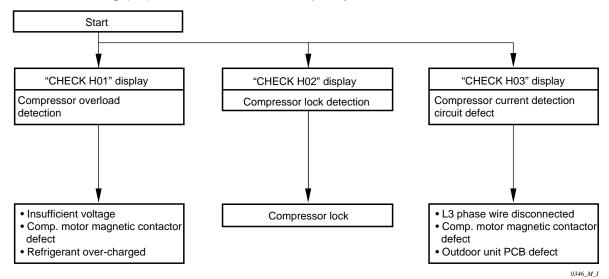
17) Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK L13".



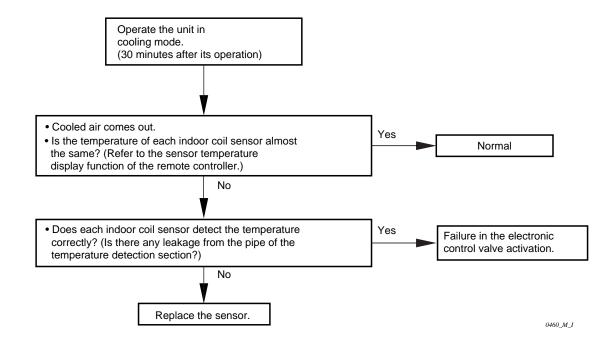
18) "Check P9" is displayed on the remote control unit.



- Symptom: LCD on the remote controller displays "CHECK H01, H02, H03". (PC compressor current detection)
  - \* Please check the related part described in the following chart after confirming the code setting (S4) of the outdoor unit's capacity on the PCB in the outdoor unit.

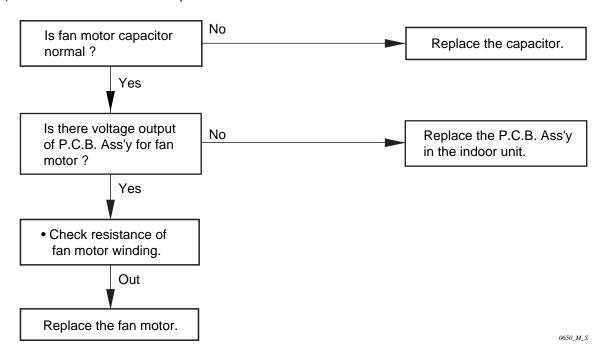


- 20) Check the indoor unit (When the alarm of communication failure is not activated)
  - If the electronic control valve failure occurred in Flexible Combination system (simultaneous operation system), one indoor unit would not be operated normally, then the other units won't be operated either. Due to this, try to detect the troubled unit and correct it.



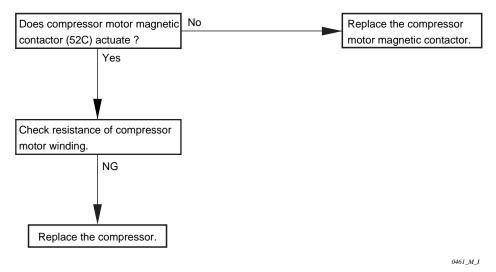
# (6) Procedures When a Specific Component Does Not Work

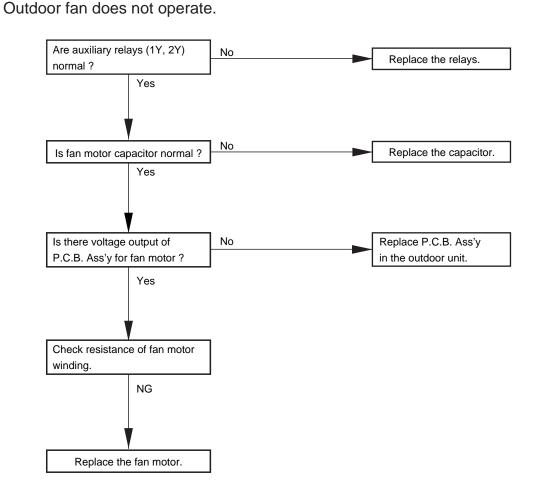
1) Indoor fan does not operate.



### 2) Compressor motor does not operate.

3)





0462\_M\_I

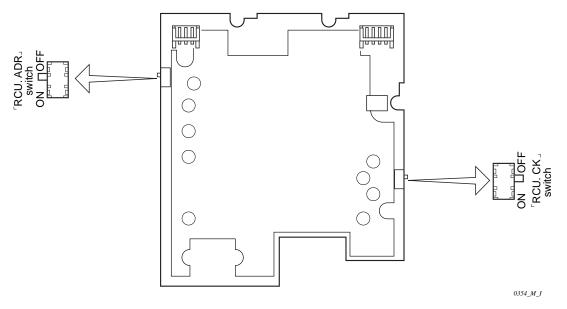
#### (7) Service Functions of Remote Controller

From the remote controller you can control both the operation and settings of the unit as well as perform several useful service checks. This section explains how to use the remote controller on the following items from (A) to (J).

- (A) Set service check switches.
- (B) Use the test run procedure.
- (C) Check the sensor temperature readings.
- (D) Find out about past service problems.
- (E) Check the remote controller itself for correct operation.
- (F) Excute the auto. address operation.
- (G) Confirm and change the indoor unit address.
- (H) Change the shift temperature in heating mode
- (I) Set the indoor unit address.

#### (A) Set service check switches

The service check switch (RCU.CK) is located on the back of the remote controller's P.C.B. Ass'y as follows:

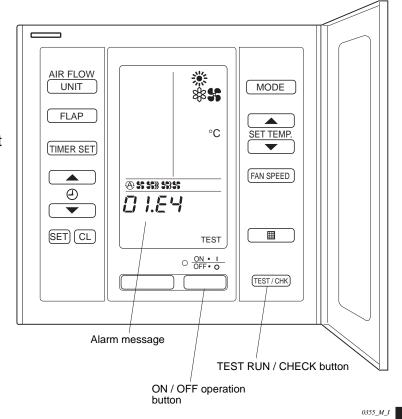


The followings are the correct switch settings for ordinary use of the unit. Only change the settings temporarily for making service checks. When you finish the settings, **be sure to return them to the standard settings** shown here.

- □ RCU.CK switch Refer to section (E) " Checking the remote controller for correct operation" (Remote Control Unit, Check)
- □ RCU.ADR switch Keep the switch OFF all the time except in case of sub remote controller (Remote Control Unit, Address)

#### (B) Use the test run procedure

- ☐ The purpose of the test run function is to let you control the operation of the unit directly without turning the unit on or off by thermostat. As indicated in the following procedure, be sure to stop test run operation when you finish the procedure, or the air conditioner may be damaged.
- ☐ To protect the air conditioner from overloading, the outdoor unit will not start running for 3 minutes after power is applied or the unit is turned OFF.
- a Press the TEST / CHK button at the bottom right on the remote controller.
- b Press the ON / OFF operation button to start the test run.
- © Press the **MODE** button to select either COOLING or HEATING mode.
- d When the test run starts, "TEST" shows on the remote controller's display.
- During the test run, the air conditioner runs continuously and the thermostat does not control the system.
- f After the test run, be sure to press the TEST / CHK button once again to finish this mode and make sure "TEST" is not shown on the display.





The TEST RUN button is used **only for servicing** the air conditioner. **Do not** press this button in normal operation, or the system may be damaged.

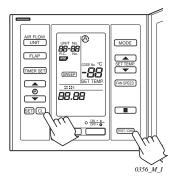
#### (C) Check the sensor temperature readings

The air conditioner has thermo sensors which are used to control the unit.

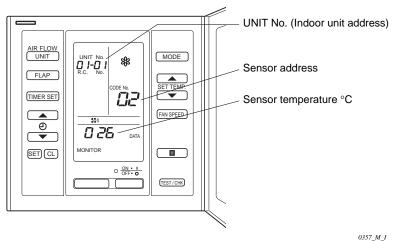
☐ Each sensor has an address which is made up of the indoor unit address, and the sensor address. The indoor unit address is used only when several units are hooked up to one remote controller (group control). If there is only one unit, made up of one indoor and one outdoor unit, then only the sensor address should be put in, as shown in the procedure below.

Follow this procedure to display the temperature of each sensor:

(a) On the remote controller, press both TEST / CHK and CL buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds.



- **(b)** The UNIT No., the address and temperature of the sensors instead of its usual information will flash on the display.
  - ☐ Following example shows the UNIT No. (Indoor unit address) is fixed at **01–01**.
  - ☐ In case of group control, select the UNIT NO. (Indoor unit address) which you want to check with **UNIT** button.
  - □ Each time you press the ▲, ▼ (SET TEMP.) button you can select a different sensor, and the display shows the sensor address and temperature as shown below.



NOTE

Do not press **TIMER SET** button during the procedure.

Refer to the table below for the relationship between the sensor address and the location of the sensor.

Relationship between the sensor address and the location of sensor

Sensor Address (CODE No.)		Location of Sensor (Themistor)			
Indoor Unit	01 02 03 04 05	TH1 Indoor air suction Temp. TH2 Indoor coil Temp. (E1) TH3 Indoor coil Temp. (E2) —			
Outdoor Unit	06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10 11 12 13	TH0A TH0B TH0D TH0E	Discharge gas Temp. A Scroll protection thermostat  Outdoor coil liquid Temp. (C2) Outdoor coil liquid Temp. (C1)		

#### NOTE

In case there are no sensor equipped with the unit, "- - -" is shown on the display.

- © Resetting the remote controller display to previous mode.
  - ☐ To reset the display, press **TEST / CHK** button, then the remote controller will return to previous mode.

#### (D) Find out about past service problems

The remote controller can memorize the **max. 4 most recent alarm messages**, so you can see problems the unit has had, if any. Knowing what has already occurred and been fixed helps you to know what to check at present.

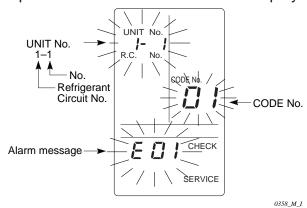
- ☐ This function is usable even if the unit is not working.
- ☐ To display the past error codes, follow the procedure below.

#### Procedure:

- (a) On the remote controller, press both TEST / CHK and SET buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds.
- Once in this mode, display changes from the normal display to service check display as shown in the table below:

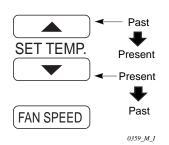
NORMAL DISPLAY	Display Change (→)	SERVICE CHECK DISPLAY
Set temp.	<b>→</b>	Code No.
UNIT No.	<b>→</b>	UNIT No. (Indoor unit address)
Hours, Minutes	<b>→</b>	Alarm Message

This picture shows the service check display.



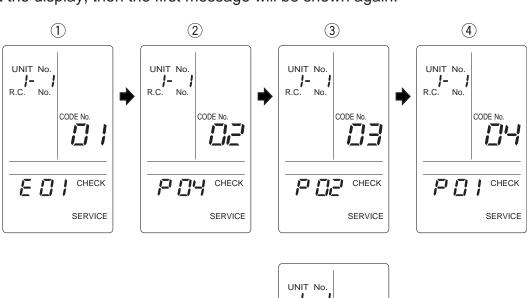
MODE

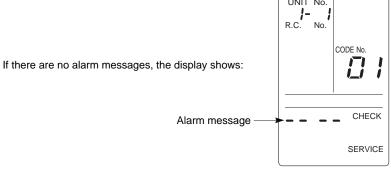
©. A maximum of 4 alarm messages can be accessed by pressing either **SET TEMP** button ▲ or ▼ as follows.



Pressing **CL** (Clear) button will clear all the service history.

For example, if the last four alarm messages were, in order of occurrence from oldest to most recent, **P01**, **P02**, **P04**, and most recently **E01**, then the display will be shown as below when you press ➡ button four times. The 5th time you press ➡ button you can repeat the display, then the first message will be shown again.





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#### Important

Never press **CL** (clear) button unless you want to erase the accessed data in memory. Follow the procedure below only when erasing is necessary.

- ☐ To erase accessed data, press the **CL** button.
- ☐ When erasing is finished, "----" mark appears on the controller's display.



After checking the alarm messages, be sure to press the **TEST / CHK** button.

#### (E) Check the remote controller itself for correct operation

The remote controller has a **self-diagnostic** function to check if it works properly. Use this procedure to find out if the remote controller itself is in trouble.

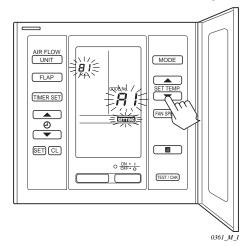
- ⓐ Turn ON the **RCU.CK** switch on the back of the **P.C.B.** Ass'y in the remote controller. See section (A) for exact location.
- (b) The appearance of the display will tell you whether or not the remote controller is working correctly or not.
  - □ **Normal condition** All displays appear for 10 seconds, then disappear.
  - ☐ Unusual condition All displays flash ON and OFF for 10 seconds, then disappear.



After checking the panel, be sure to set the RCU.CK switch to this original OFF position.

#### (F) Execute the auto. address operation

- Auto. address operation is executed by pressing the A. ADD (S1) button of outdoor unit's PCB usually.
  - For your convenience it can be executed by remote controller also.
- ② Press the TEST / CHK and ▲ ( ② ) buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds.
- ⑤ Set CODE No. A1 with ▲ , ▼ (SET TEMP) button.

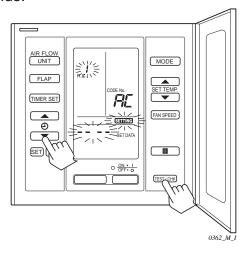


In this mode, the auto. address operation is executed at each R.C. (Refrigerant Circuit) line one by one.

- © Select R.C. No. which you want to execute the auto. address operation with **UNIT** button.
- Press the SET button. The auto. address operation will start. CODE No. changes from flashing to ON state.
- If an error occurs during operation, the alarm message will be displayed. Check and remove the cause. If you want to stop the operation, press the CL button then the unit stands in waiting mode (Press the SET button again.)
- (f) If the automatic address operation finishes, the display will disappear.
- Execute the operation of the other R.C. line in the same way by following the above steps © to ②.
- (h) Complete the automatic address operation by pressing the **TEST / CHK** button.

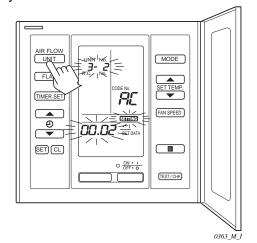
#### (G) Confirm and change the indoor unit address

- ☐ The purpose of the above function is to let you confirm the indoor unit address after the auto. address operation, and change the indoor unit address if it is needed.
- ② Press the TEST / CHK and ▼ (②) buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds.



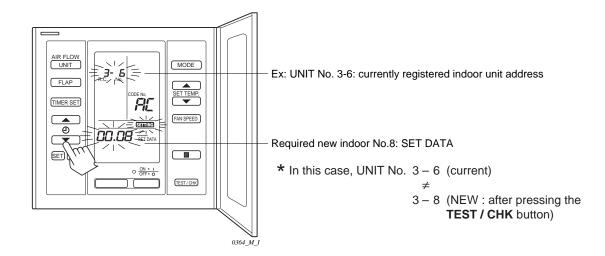
- Select the R.C. No. which you want to change with the UNIT (up) or FLAP (down) buttons.
- © Press the SET button (to confirm the R.C. No.).

  The smallest registered indoor No. and the selected R.C. No. will be displayed.



R.C. No. 3 is selected.
Indoor No. 2 is the smallest indoor No. of the R.C. No. 3.

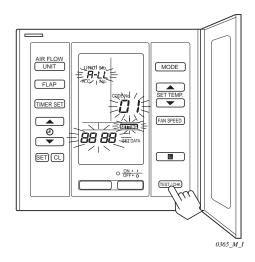
Select the indoor No. which you want to change with UNIT button. Once in this mode, the fan motor of selected indoor unit will turn on and let you confirm the indoor unit address. Set the required new indoor unit's No. by pressing the ▲ , ▼ ( ② ) button.



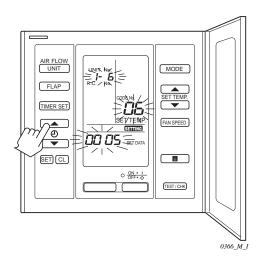
- f Press the SET button.
  UNIT No, SET DATA (0008) and SETTING changes from flashing to ON state.
- (9) If you made a mistake, press the **CL** button.
- h Finally, press the **TEST / CHK** button.
- i) If you want to change the indoor unit address of the other R.C. No., follow the step ⓐ to ⓑ in the same way.

#### (H) Change the shift temperature in heating mode

- If the indoor unit is installed at high location (ex. ceiling level), the thermostat tends to turn off at heating mode because of the hot air temperature around ceiling level. In order to solve the problem, the shift temp. (valid while heating only) is set when shipped from factory.
- ☐ If the shift temp. is not enough (ex. the indoor unit is installed at position higher than 3 m), the shift temp. can be set with remote controller from +1 to +10 deg. manually as follows:
- (a) Press the **TEST / CHK** button for more than 4 seconds.



- In case of group control, if you want to change all units in group control collectively, proceed next step remaining ALL displayed.
  If you want to change a unit individually, select the indoor unit address (UNIT No.) with UNIT button.
- © Select the CODE No. 06 with ▲ , ▼ (SET TEMP) button.
- d Choose the shift temp with  $\blacktriangle$  ,  $\blacktriangledown$  ( a ) button.



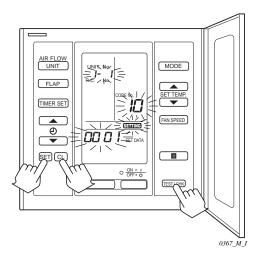
EX: UNIT No. 1–6 CODE No. 06 Shift temp. +5 deg

- © Press the SET button. CODE No. 06, SET DATA and STATE change from flashing to ON state.
- f) If you made a mistake, press the **CL** button.
- 9 Finally, press the TEST / CHK button.

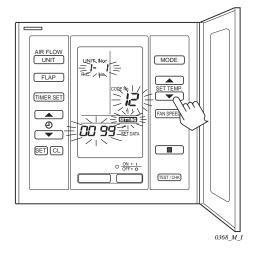
(I) Set the indoor unit address

- ☐ This function is usable if the auto. address operation is not available. Indoor unit address can be set one by one by remote controller in such case.

  NOTE
  - 1) In case of group control, branch wiring for group control should be removed temporarily.
  - 2) In case of remote controllerless system, remote controller should be connected with the indoor unit temporarily.
- (a) Short the two terminals of DISP PIN on indoor unit PCB. (DISP PIN : Refer to P. VI–2)
- Press the TEST / CHK , SET and CL buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds.

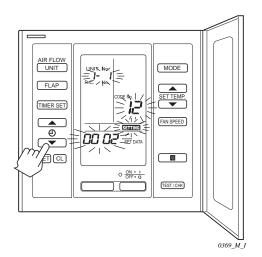


© Set the CODE No. 12 to set the No. of R. C. with the  $\blacktriangle$  ,  $\blacktriangledown$  (SET TEMP) button.



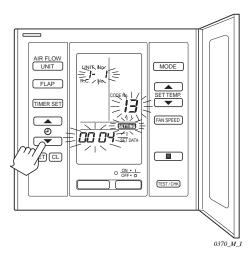
4

d Set the No. of R. C. which you want to set with ▲ , ▼ ( ② ) button.



Ex. No. of R. C. will be set 2.

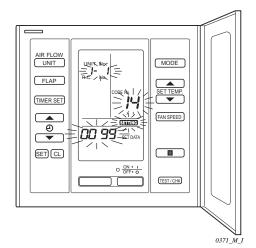
- © Press the **SET** button.
  UNIT No., CODE No. 12, **SETTING** and SET DATA (0002) change from flashing to ON state.
- f Select the CODE No. 13 to set the indoor unit No. with the ▲ , ▼ (SET TEMP) button.



Ex. Indoor unit No. 4 will be set. In this example, indoor unit address (UNIT No.) will be set 2–4.

h Press the **SET** button. UNIT No., CODE No. 13, **SETTING** and SET DATA (0004) change from flashing to ON state.

- (i) Select the code No. 14 to set group setting with the ▲ , ▼ (SET TEMP) button.
- ⑤ Set the No. of group setting as shown below with the ▲ , ▼ ( ② ) button.



Nos. of group setting.

- 0 : Standard system (except group control)
- 1 : Main indoor unit in case of group control
- 2 : Sub indoor unit in case of group control
- 99: No setting (at factory shipment)
- (k) Press the **SET** button. UNIT No., CODE No. 14, SETING and SET DATA change from flashing to ON state.
- ① If you made a mistake, press the **CL** button so that setting returns to the initial state.
- Press the **TEST / CHK** button to finish this mode. The display is disappeared.
- On Confirm the indoor unit address (UNIT No.) with the UNIT button after pressing the ON / OFF button.
- Finally, remove the short circuit of DISP PIN.
   And in case of group control, be sure to restore the branch wiring to its original wiring.
   In case of remote controller—less system, remove the remote controller.

## 4-2 Checking the Electrical Components

# (1) Measurement of Insulation Resistance

• The insulation is in good condition if the resistance exceeds 1  $M\Omega$ .

#### Power Supply Wires

Clamp the earthed wire of the Power Supply wires with a lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on either of the power wires. (**Fig. 39**)

Then measure the resistance between the earthed wire and the other power wire. (Fig. 39)

#### (2) Indoor Unit

Clamp an aluminum plate fin or copper tube with the lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on high voltage terminal on the terminal plate (**Fig. 40**)

See Fig. 28.

### **3 Outdoor Unit (SPW-C253GH5)**

Clamp a metallic part of the unit with the lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on 1 and then 2 on the 8 or 6P terminal plate. (Fig. 40)

See Fig. 28.

# 3 Outdoor Unit (SPW-C253GH8, SPW-C363GH8, SPW-C483GH8)

Clamp a metallic part of the unit with the lead clip of the insulation resistance tester and measure the resistance by placing a probe on ⑤ and then ⑥, and then ⑦ on the 8P terminal plate. (**Fig. 40**)

See Fig. 29.

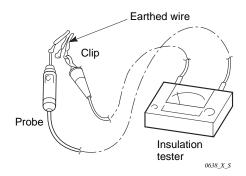


Fig. 39

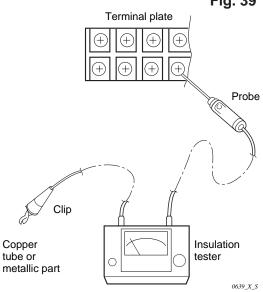


Fig. 40

# 4 Measurement of Insulation Resistance for Electrical parts

- Disconnect the connector of the desired electric part from terminal plate, P.C.B. Ass'y, etc. (Fig. 42)
- Similary, disconnect the lead wires from compressor, capacitor, etc. (Fig. 43)
- Measure the resistance in the same manner as illustrated on the right.
   Refer to Electrical Wiring Diagram.

#### NOTE

If the probe does not enter the hole because the hole is too narrow, use a probe with a thinner pin.

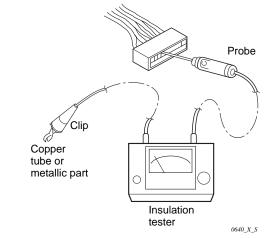


Fig. 42

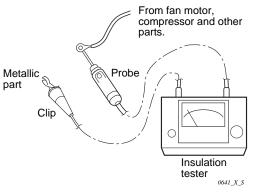


Fig. 43

#### (2) Checking the Protective Devices

- Disconnect the connector, which consists of P (plug) and S (socket) when you want to check the protective device.
- Then check continuity among plug's (and/or socket's) terminal as in Fig. 44.
- Normality of the protective device can be judged by the following table.
   The Protective Device is proved normal if there is a continuity between terminals.

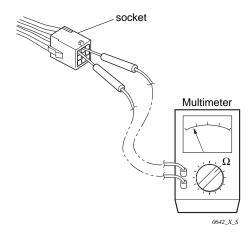


Fig. 44

- 1 Indoor fan motor thermal protector (49FI) ..... Indoor unit
  - Disconnect 9P connector (WHT) which leads to the indoor fan motor (FMI).
  - Check the socket's terminals between No. 8 (GRY lead wire) and No. 9 (GRY lead wire).
- 2 Compressor motor thermal protector (49C) ..... Outdoor unit
  - Only for the SPW-C253GH8 and SPW-C363GH8. Disconnect the 8P connector (white), and the 9P connector (white) on the P.C. board, and check 8P (white) plug's No. 4 (GRY lead wire) and socket's No. 9 (GRY lead wire) on the P.C.board.
- 3 Outdoor fan motor thermal protector (49FO) ..... Outdoor unit
  - Disconnect 8P connector(s) (WHT) which lead(s) to the outdoor fan motor (FMO).
  - Check socket's terminal between No. 3 (GRY lead wire) and No.4 (GRY lead wire).
- 4 High pressure switch (63PH) . . . . . Outdoor unit
  - Disconnect the socket (63PH) of 3P (red) connecting to the P.C. board, and check both sides (1 (white), 3 (red)).

### (3) Checking the Electrical Parts

Secondary

1 Power transformer (TR1) ...... Indoor unit \*Measure the coil resistance.

• Primary ; Measure the resistance between No.1 and No.3 (WHT lead wires) terminals of 3P (WHT) socket

connected to power transformer.

• Secondary 14V; Measure the resistance between No.1 and No.2 (RED lead wires).

10V; Measure the resistance between No.3 and No.4 (BRN lead wires).

Refer to "1-3 Other component specifications".

2 Power transformer (TR2) ...... Outdoor unit \*Measure the coil resistance.

 Primary ; Measure the resistance between No.1 and No.3 (WHT lead wires) terminals of 3P(WHT) socket jointed to power transformer.

14 V; Measure the resistance between No.1 and No.2 (BRN lead wires).

Refer to "1-3 Other component specifications".

3 Indoor fan motor (FMI) ...... Indoor unit \*Measure the coil resistance.

 Measure the resistance between each terminal of 9P (WHT) socket connected to the indoor fan motor.

Refer to "1-2-(A) Major component specifications".

4 Outdoor fan motor (FMO) .......... Outdoor unit \*Measure the coil resistance.

Measure the resistance in the same manner as explained above ③.

Refer to "1–2–(B)Major component specifications".

5 Fan motor capacitor ...... Both in indoor and outdoor unit

 Remove the lead wires from the capacitor terminals, and then place a probe on the capacitor terminals as shown in Fig. 45. Observe the deflection of the pointer, setting the resistance measuring range of the multimeter to the maximum value.

• The capacitor is "good" if the pointer bounces to a great extent and then gradually returns to its original position.

#### NOTE

The range of deflection and the deflection time differ according to the capacity of the capacitor.

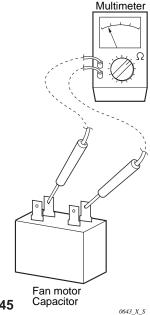


Fig. 45

- Solenoid coil of the electronic refrigerant \*Measure the coil resistance. control valve (ERCV) ............ Indoor unit
  - Measure the resistance between No. 5 (GRY lead wire) and other terminals (another color of lead wires) of 5P (WHT) plug connected to the solenoid coil.

Refer to "1-2-(A) Major component specifications".

- 7 Compressor motor (CM) ....... Outdoor unit \*Measure the coil resistance.
  - In case of triple -phase compressor

Measure the resistance between "R" (RED lead wire) and "S" (WHT lead wire) terminals, "R" and "T" (BLU lead wire) terminals and "S" and "T" terminals on the compressor motor magnetic contactor.

In case of single -phase compressor

Remove the cover of compressor terminal and measure the resistance between terminals.

Refer to "1-2 Major component specifications".

- **8** Compressor motor magnetic contactor (52C) ...... Outdoor unit
  - Measure the resistance between A (ORG lead wire) and B (GRY lead wire) terminals on the compressor motor magnetic contactor.

Refer to "1-3 Other component specifications".

• Check the continuity between contactors.

MODEL	FMCA-1S					
Push button on	Pair of terminals					
the magnetic contactor	R – U	S-V	T – W	31 – 32		
no press				YES		
press	YES	YES	YES			

9 Solenoid coil of 4-way valve (20S) ... Outdoor unit

\*Measure the coil resistance.

 Measure the resistance between No.1 (BLU lead wire) and No.2 (BLU lead wire) terminals of 2P (YEL) socket connected to the solenoid coil.

Refer "1-3 Other component specifications".

- Fuse on indoor and outdoor P.C.B. Ass'y .... Both in indoor and outdoor unit \*Check the continuity.
  - Remove the P.C.B. Ass'y from the electrical component box. Then pull out the fuse from the P.C.B. Ass'y. (**Fig. 46**)

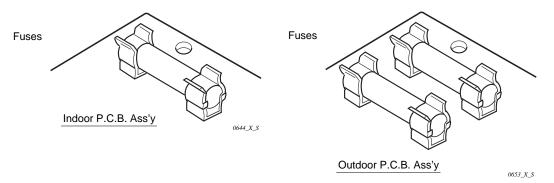


Fig. 46

• Then check the continuity of the fuse by using the multimeter. (Fig.47)

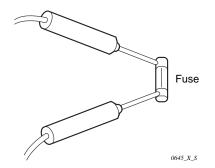


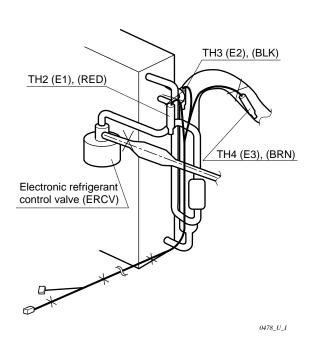
Fig. 47

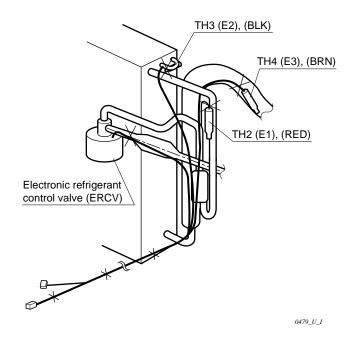
# (4) Sensor and Solenoid Layout Diagram

#### **Indoor Unit**

• SPW-U253GH56

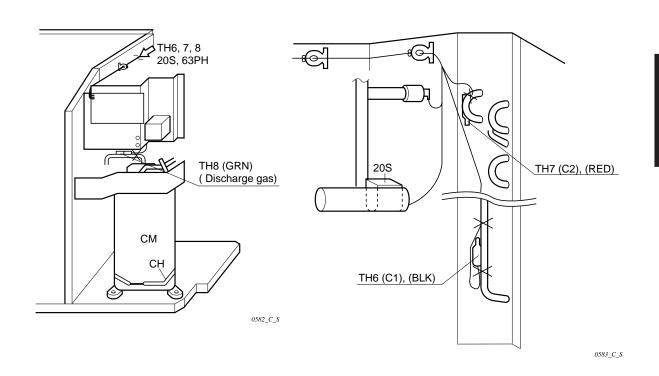
- SPW-U363GH56
- SPW-U483GH56



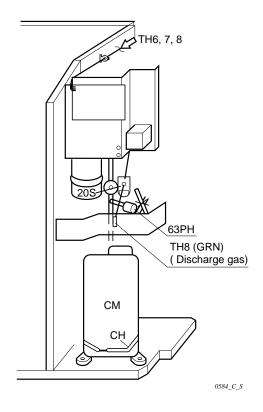


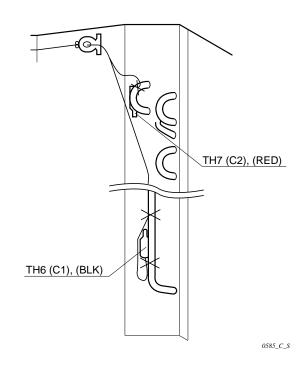
#### **Outdoor Unit**

• SPW-C253GH5, SPW-C253GH8

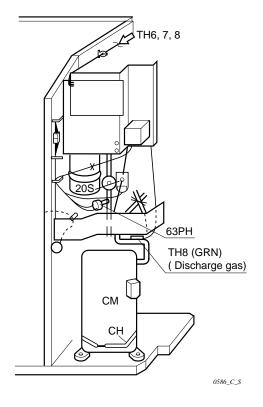


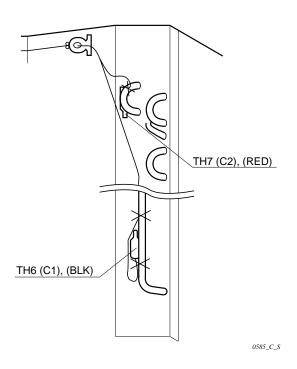
• SPW-C363GH8





### • SPW-C483GH8





4

# (5) Thermistor Characteristic Curve

(1) Room temp. sensor: TH1 (KTEC-35)

Temperature (°C)

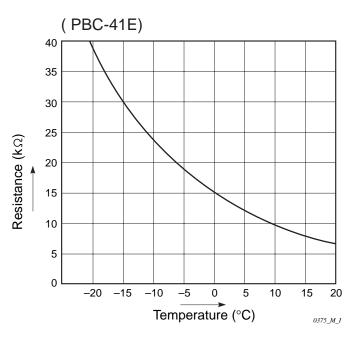
(2) Indoor heat exch.

coil sensor : TH2(E1), TH3(E2),

TH4(E3)

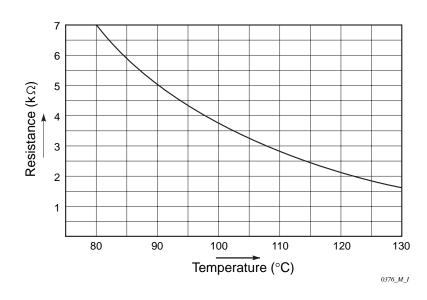
Outdoor heat

exch. coil sensor: TH6(C1), TH7(C2)



(3) Compressor discharge gas temp. sensor: TH8 (PTC-51H)

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#### (6) PCB Setting

#### Setting of outdoor control PCB

#### (A) Standard control (single outdoor unit)

In case of single outdoor unit installation, no indoor unit's setting is necessary for twin, triple or quartet types (2, 3 or 4 indoor units).

Keep R.C. address setting at "0" as factory shipment state.

In this case, auto. address operation is performed automatically for the first time when the power is switched on. This operation takes about a few minutes.

### (B) Group control (Multiple outdoor units)

In case of group control (up to 8 indoor units can be connected with one remote controller), before turning on the power supply, set the R.C. address with S2, S3 on the outdoor control PCB.

R.C. address: Refrigerant circuit address 1 ~ 30.

Regarding the example of R.C. address for group control, please refer to R.C. Address Setting Method.

#### (C) Central control (when using the system controller)

In case of central control (when using the system controller, that is, when linking outdoor units in a network),

- (a) Before turning the power supply on, set the R.C. address with S2, S3 on the outdoor control PCB.
- (b) Remove the short plug (CN4, 2P Black) from all outdoor units except one outdoor unit.

Regarding the example of R.C. address for central control and the position of CN4, please refer to R.C. Address Setting Method.

#### Setting of indoor control PCB

No setting is necessary.

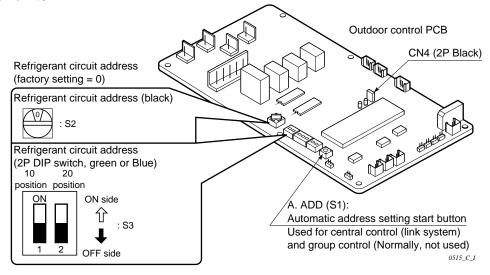
Each indoor unit address (UNIT No.: R.C. – No.) is decided after auto. address operation. Indoor unit No. - Refrigerant Circuit No. (R.C. address)

Manual setting for indoor unit address can be performed also by remote controller.

# (7) R.C. Address Setting Method

### Outdoor unit R.C. address setting method

In case of group control or central control, set the R.C. address to 1, 2, 3, ... according to the No. of outdoor units.



D.C. address	R.C. ac	ddress	R.C. address		
R.C. address	(S3: 2P dip switch	n, green or Blue)	(S2: Rotary switch, Black)		
00 auto address ("0" when shipped from factory)	Both OFF	ON side  ON Side  OFF side		Set to 0	
02 (In case of No. 2 outdoor unit)	Both OFF	ON side Îr		Set to 2	
03 (In case of No. 3 outdoor unit)	Both OFF	ON side  ON Side  OFF side		Set to 3	
11 (In case of No. 11 outdoor unit)	10's SW is ON	ON side 1		Set to 1	
21 (In case of No. 21 outdoor unit)	20's SW is ON	ON side		Set to 1	
30 (In case of No. 30 outdoor unit)	Both 10's and 20' switches are Of		0	Set to 0	

#### (8) Automatic Address Setting Method

 For group control and central control with multiple outdoor units —

# Carry out automatic address setting with the remote controller.

- All auto. address operation
  - ① Press the TEST / CHK and ▲ ( ② ) buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds.
  - 2 Press the SET button after confirming the CODE No. AA (CODE No. AA: All Auto. address operation). After addresses are automatically set in order for the outdoor units from No. 1 to No. 30, the system returns to the normal stopped state.
- Individual auto. address operation for each refrigerant circuit
  - To select each refrigerant circuit individually and set addresses automatically, press the TEST / CHK and ▲ (②) buttons at the same time for more than 4 seconds, then press the ▲, ▼ (SET TEMP) button once to set CODE No. A1. (CODE No. A1: Auto. address operation)
  - ② Select R.C. No. which you want to execute the auto. address operation with **UNIT** button.
  - ③ Press the SET button. The auto. address operation will start. CODE No. changes from flashing to ON state.
  - If the error occurred during the operation, the alarm message will be displayed. Check and remove the cause. If you want to interrupt the operation, press the CL button then the unit stands in waiting mode (Press the SET button).
  - (5) If the auto. address operation finishes, the display will disappear.
  - Execute the operation of the other R.C. line in the same way by following the above steps ② to ③.
  - Omplete the auto. address operation by pressing the TEST / CHK button.

#### NOTE

Required time for auto. address operation: In case of group control: a few minutes for

each R.C.

In case of central control: max. about 20 min. for each

min. ior e R.C.

# (9) Displaying Indoor / Outdoor Unit Combination Numbers

Display the indoor / outdoor unit address after automatic address setting.

1) When installing multiple units, match the indoor unit address numbers and the outdoor R.C. address numbers and display them at an easy-to-check location (near the nameplate) with an oil-based magic marker or other indelible marker so that the individual indoor and outdoor unit combinations can be checked.

Example:

Outdoor Unit 1 – Indoor Units 1-1, 1-2, 1-3, ....

Outdoor Unit 2 – Indoor Units 2-1, 2-2, 2-3, ....

2) Displaying indoor / outdoor unit address is necessary for maintenance. Always label numbers. \*Check indoor unit address with the remote controller. Press the TEST / CHK button for at least 4 seconds and check the indoor unit address with the UNIT button. (Each time you press the UNIT button, the address changes 1-1, 1-2, ... 2-1, 2-2, ...) The fan for only the selected indoor unit turns on at high speed, so check which indoor unit runs and label the indoor unit address.

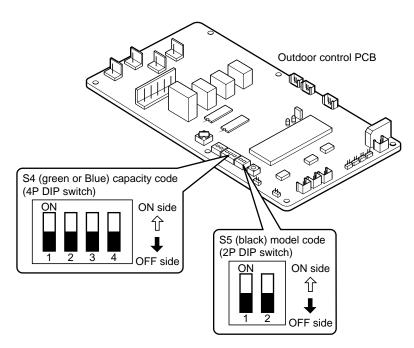
(If there is 1 outdoor unit, the addresses are 1-1, 1-2, ...)

When you press the **TEST / CHK** button again, the system returns to normal remote control mode.

#### (10) Items to Check Prior to Test Run

- Turn on the power supply switch more than 5 hours before in order to charge the crank case heater.
- Fully open the outdoor service valve after making the leak inspection of field connected tubing, vacuuming, and gas charging if necessary.
- Check the capacity code and model code setting.
  - \* The factory setting is as shown in the table.
  - \* The capacity code is set by S4 (green or Blue 4P DIP switch) on outdoor control PCB.

The model code is set by S5 (black, 2P DIP switch) on outdoor control PCB.



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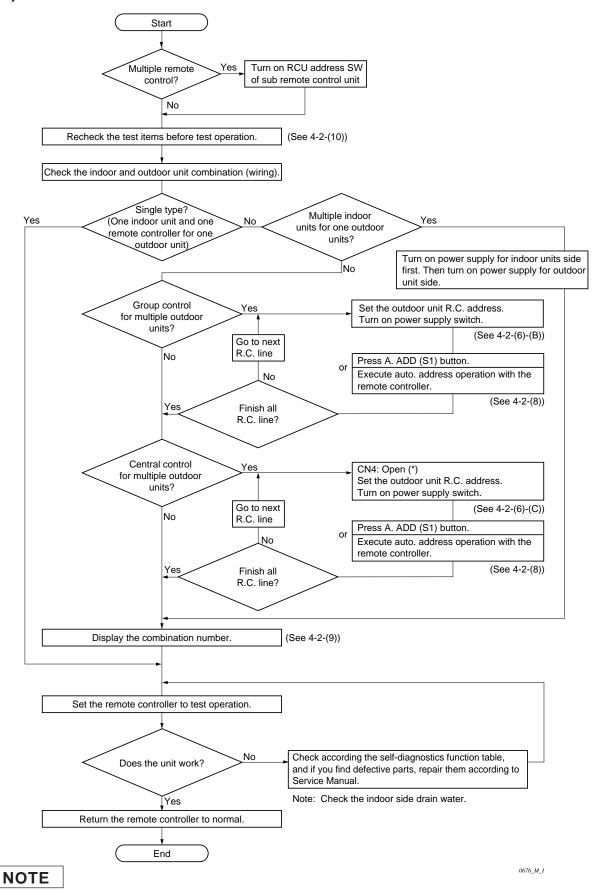
S4. Capacity code

	<u> </u>				
	No.	Outdoor PCB			
Model No.		1	2	3	4
25 type (1 pł	nase)	ON	ON	ON	OFF
25 type (3 pł	nase)	ON	ON	ON	OFF
36 type (3 pł	nase)	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
48 type (3 ph	nase)	OFF	OFF	ON	ON

S5. Model code

No.	Outdoor PCB		
Model No.	1	2	
25 type (1 phase)	ON	OFF	
25 type (3 phase)	OFF	OFF	
36 type (3 phase)	OFF	OFF	
48 type (3 phase)	OFF	ON	

#### (11) Test Run Procedure



- One of CN4 of all linked outdoor units shold be short.
- In case of using system controller, zone registration is required after finishing Test run.
   Regarding the zone registration, please refer to Installation Instructions attached with system controller.