



# **INSTALLATION** OPERATING & MAINTENANCE MANUAL









PROVIDING COBAL SYSTE SOLUTIONS **ECOLEAN** EAC/EAR

English 1003

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Our company is a member of the Eurovent Certification Programme. The  $EcoLean^{TM}$  range of Lennox chillers are tested and rated in accordance with the Eurovent certification program.



Our company's products comply with European standards.



The manufacturing of EcoLean™ answers to ISO9001 control quality system.



Lennox have been providing environmental solutions since 1895, our range of EcoLean™ reversible chillers continues to meet the standards that have made LENNOX a household name. Flexible design solutions to meet YOUR needs and uncompromising attention to detail. Engineered to last, simple to maintain and Quality that comes as standard. Information on local contacts at www.lennoxeurope.com.

All the technical and technological information contained in this manual, including any drawing and technical descriptions provided by us, remain the property of Lennox and must not be utilised (except in the operation of this product), reproduced, issued to or made available to third parties without the prior written agreement of Lennox.

The specifications and technical characteristics in this booklet are given for information purposes. The manufacturer reserves the right to modify them without prior notice or obligation to modify in a similar manner, the equipments previously supplied.

### **PREFACE**

Please read this operating manual prior to commissioning the EcoLean™ chiller. Familiarize yourself with the operation and control of the EcoLean™ chiller and closely follow the instructions. We would like to stress the importance of training with respect to the correct handling of the chiller. Please consult Lennox on the options available in this field. It is important that this manual be stored in a permanent location in the vicinity of the EcoLean™ chiller. For the sake of clarity, important items in this manual are shown as follows:

Text Important general instructions

Danger of damage to the chiller

This manual contains important instructions regarding the commissioning of the EcoLean™ chiller. It also includes important instructions to prevent personal injury and damage to the machine during operation.

Furthermore, in order to promote fault-free operation of the chiller, maintenance information has been included.

Please do not hesitate to contact one of our employees should you require further information on specific chiller subjects.

Order related documentation will be forwarded under separate cover. This documentation consists of:

- CE declaration
- Operating manual for control system
- Installation Operating manual
- Wiring diagram
- Unit detail are given on unit nameplate

FOR NETHERLAND: the STEK logbook, including the required certificates will be handed over by the installation technician or left with the machine following commissioning by Lennox. The data published in this manual is based on the most recent information available. It is supplied conditional to later modifications. We reserve the right to modify the construction and/or design of our EcoLean™ chillers, at any time, without prior notification or obligation to adapt previous supplies accordingly.

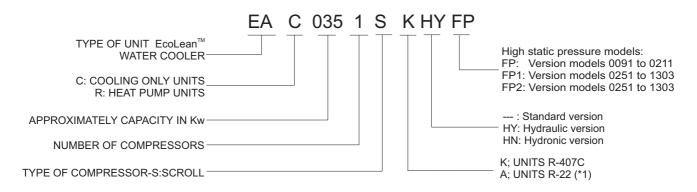
Any work on the Chiller should be carried out by trained and licensed competent technician. The following risks are present on the unit:

- risk of electrical shock
- risk of injury from rotating parts
- risk of injury from sharp edges and heavy weight
- risk of injury from high pressure gas
- risk of injury from high and low temperatures components

## DATA PAGE FOR UNIT COMMISSIONING

UNIT:	SERIAL No.:
CONTROL PANEL IDENTIFICATION CODE	
INSTALLATION ADDRESS:	
INSTALLER:	INSTALLER TEL.:
INSTALLER ADDRESS:	
DATE OF COMMISSIONING:	
CHECKS:	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE: RATE	ED VOLTAGE OF THE UNIT:
	YES NO
UNIT ON RUBBER ANTIVIBRATION MOUNTS	ПП
GENERAL POWER SUPPLY CONNECTION	
CONTROL PANEL CONNECTION (OPTION)	
COMPRESSOR OIL LEVEL INDICATOR	
HYDRAULIC CONNECTION	
PURGED OF THE INSTALLATION	
DATA INPUT:	
COOLING CYCLE	HEATING CYCLE
Air Input Temperature, Coil:	Air Input Temperature, Coil:
Water Output Temperature:°C	Water Output Temperature:
Water Input Temperature:°C	Water Input Temperature:
High Pressure:	High Pressure:
Low Pressure:	Low Pressure:
ELECTRIC POWER CONSUMPTION (Amp.)	
Compressor 1/	Compressor 1/
Fan 1 / /	Fan 1/
Compressor 2/	Compressor 2/
Fan 2/	Fan 2/
Compressor 3/	Compressor 3/
Options Installed:	
Comments:	

### 1.1.- TECHNICAL DATA



### **COOLING ONLY**

EAC M	ODEL	S	0091 S	0111 S	0151 S	0191 S	0211 S	0251 S	0291 S	0351 S	0431 S	0472 S	0552 S	0672 S	0812 S	1003 S	1103 S	1203 S	1303 S
Cooling ca	pacity (*	<b>')</b> kW.	8,8	11,1	13,3	17,3	19,1	23,0	27,0	32,0	38,5	44,0	51,4	62,5	75,5	90,0	101,0	114,5	127,0
Compresso	Compressor N		e:			- 1/	Scrol	ı —					2 / S	croll -			3 / Sc	roll —	
Hydraulic o	onnecti	ions	1"G	1"G	1"G	1"G	1"G	1 1/2"G	1 1/2"G	1 1/2"G	1 1/2"G	2"G	2"G	2"G	2"G	21/2"G	21/2"G	21/2"G	21/2"G
Min. water	rate	m <sup>3</sup> /h.	1,21	1,53	1,83	2,38	2,63	3,16	3,72	4,40	5,30	6,05	7,07	8,60	10,39	12,38	13,90	15,76	17,48
	Standa	rd kg.	147	155	168	181	245	272	281	309	345	540	551	596	670	803	948	1059	1104
Net weight	FP-FP1	kg.	156	173	186	199	263	297	296	324	360	590	581	626	700	843	988	1099	1144
	FP2	kg.						317	316	344	380	630	621	666	740	843	988	1099	1144
Refrigerant	R-4070	kg.	3,0	3,0	3,4	4,0	5,5	6,0	6,5	8,2	9,5	12,0	14,0	17,6	20,6	23,6	27,0	29,6	33,0

### **HEAT PUMP**

EAR MO	ODELS	6	0091 S	0111 S	0151 S	0191 S	0211 S	0251 S	0291 S	0351 S	0431 S	0472 S	0552 S	0672 S	0812 S	1003 S	1103 S	1203 S	1303 S
Cooling cap	acity (*)	kW.	8,8	11,1	13,3	17,3	19,1	23,0	27,0	32,0	38,5	44,0	51,4	62,5	75,5	90,0	101,0	114,5	127,0
Heating cap	acity (**	) kW.	9,0	11,1	13,15	17,5	19,8	24,0	27,5	34,0	39,0	47,5	54,5	64,5	79,0	91,0	102,5	117,0	130,0
Compresso	r I	Nr./Typ	e:			- 1/	Scrol	ı —					2 / Sc	roll -			3 / Sc	roll —	
Hydraulic co	onnectio	ons	1"G	1"G	1"G	1"G	1"G	1 1/2"G	1 1/2"G	1 1/2"G	1 1/2"G	2"G	2"G	2"G	2"G	21/2"G	21/2"G	21/2"G	21/2"G
Min. water r	ate	m <sup>3</sup> /h.	1,21	1,53	1,83	2,38	2,63	3,16	3,72	4,40	5,30	6,05	7,07	8,60	10,39	12,38	13,90	15,76	17,48
	Standar	d kg.	150	158	172	185	250	277	285	317	353	549	561	612	685	825	971	1084	1129
Net weight i	FP-FP1	kg.	159	176	190	204	268	302	301	332	368	599	592	642	716	865	1011	1124	1169
	FP2	kg.						322	321	352	388	639	632	682	756	865	1011	1124	1169
Refrigerant	R-407C	kg.	3,1	3,1	3,9	5,0	6,5	6,2	7,0	9,0	10,5	12,4	14,0	18,0	21,0	25,2	28,2	30,5	34,0

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Cooling capacity: Outside temperature: 35°C / Inlet/outlet  $\,$  water temperature: 12/7°C  $\,$  \*\* Heating capacity: Outside temperature: 7°C DB / 6°C WB / Inlet/water outlet temperature: 40/45°C

HYDRAULIC	VERS	ION	I / HY	'DRC	NIC '	VERS	SION											
Pump type:	ump type: — Multicellular centrifugal pump with one speed — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —																	
Expansion vessel	Capacity	5 L	5 L	5 L	5 L	5 L	12 L	12 L	12 L	12 L	18 L	18 L	18 L	18 L	35 L	35 L	35 L	35 L
SET PRESSURE																		
Security valves	bar	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Expansion vess	el bar	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Buffer tank (***)	Capacity	50 L	50 L	50 L	50 L	50 L	75 L	75 L	75 L	75 L	100 L	100 L	100 L	100 L	240 L	240 L	240 L	240 L

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Only in units with Hydronic module

<sup>(\*1)</sup> R22 is only for units used outside the EEC.

### 1.1.- TECHNICAL DATA

### **STANDARD AXIAL FAN UNITS**

MODELS		0091S	0111S	0151S	0191S	0211S	0251S	0291S	0351S	0431S	0472S	0552S	0672S	0812S
Fan type			Axi	al - Dire	ct coupli	ing	900	) rpm		11	N~230V	,		
Fan number		1			2			1				2	2	
Air flow rate	m <sup>3</sup> /h	3500	3500 6500 6700 6500 6300					11500	11000	10500	19000	23000	22000	21000
Power Input	ower 1.14 0.15 0.20 0.22 0.20 0.28					0,28	0,75	0,90	0,85	0,83	1,50	1,80	1,70	1,66

MODELS			1003S	1103S	1203S	1303S
Fan type			Axial - Dire	ect coupling	3~400	V
Fan number				1	+1	
A: 0 .	m <sup>3</sup> /h	High	32250	36250	36000	40000
Air flow rate	m°/h	Low	27250	29250	29000	31000
Power		High	1,05 + 1,05	2 + 1,05	2 + 1,05	2 + 2
nput	kW	Low	0,77 + 0,77	1,25 + 0,77	1,25 + 0,77	1,25 + 1,25
an speed	rnm	High	700 + 700	900 + 700	900 + 700	900 + 900
an speeu	n speed rpm	Low	550 + 550	700 + 550	700 + 550	700 + 700









### **HIGH STATIC PRESSURE UNITS**

### **AVAILABLE STATIC PRESSURE UP TO 200 Pa - FP VERSION**

MODELS	00918	S-FP	01118	S-FP	01518	-FP	01919	S-FP	02118	S-FP
Fan type		Centri	fugal - Dired	ct coupling				1450 rpm	1N~23	0V
Fan number	1	1				2	2			
Available static	Air flow rate	Power input								
pressure Pa	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW								
50	3500	0,9	6500	1,9	6700	1,95	6500	1,9	6300	1,85
100	2700	0,8	5700	1,75	5900	1,8	5700	1,75	5500	1,7
150	2500	0,75	5200	1,6	5400	1,65	5200	1,6	5000	1,55
200	2200	0,7	4700	1,45	4900	1,5	4700	1,45	4500	1,4

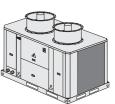




### **AVAILABLE STATIC PRESSURE UP TO 120 Pa - FP1 VERSION**

7 (17) (11)		<del>• 17</del>	1110		.000		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>u :</u>			01011					
MODELS	02518	S-FP1	02918	-FP1	03518	-FP1	04318	-FP1	04728	FP1	05528	S-FP1	06725	S-FP1	08128	FP1	1003S TO	1303S-FP1
Fan type			Axia	ıl - Di	rect co	ouplir	ıg		1450	) rpm				1N-	-230V		900 rpm (L 3~4	
Fan number				1	l											2	2	
Available static	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input
pressure Pa	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW
50	11500	1,7	11500	1,7	11000	1,65	10500	1,65	23000	3,4	23000	3,4	22000	3,3	21000	3,3	36000	5
75	9600	1,65	9600	1,65	9200	1,6	8800	1,6	19200	3,3	19200	3,3	18400	3,2	17600	3,2	34000	5,1
100	8500	1,6	8500	1,6	8100	1,55	7700	1,55	17000	3,2	17000	3,2	16200	3,1	15400	3,1	32000	5,2
125	7200	1,55	7200	1,55	6900	1,5	6600	1,5	14400	3,1	14400	3,1	13800	3	13200	3	28000	5,3

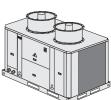




### AVAILABLE STATIC PRESSURE UP TO 250 OR 350 Pa - FP2 VERSION

MODELS	02518	S-FP2	02918	-FP2	03518	-FP2	0431S	-FP2	04728	-FP2	05528	-FP2	06728	-FP2	08128	-FP2	1003S TO	1303S-FP2
Fan type	Axi	al "sh	nort ca	se" -	Direct	coup	oling		1450	rpm		3	~230V	//3~4	00V			High speed) 100V
Fan number				1												2	2	
Available static	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input	Air flow rate	Power input
pressure Pa	m <sup>3</sup> /h	kW																
150	12400	2,45	12400	2,45	11900	2,4	11500	2,35	24800	4,9	24800	4,9	23800	4,8	23000	4,7	44000	9,2
200	10800	2,3	10800	2,3	10400	2,3	10000	2,25	21600	4,6	21600	4,6	20800	4,6	20000	4,5	40000	9,3
250	9200	2,3	9200	2,3	8800	2,3	8500	2,3	18400	4,6	18400	4,6	17600	4,6	17000	4,6	36000	9,4
300	7800	2,4	7800	2,4	7500	2,4	7250	2,45	15600	4,8	15600	4,8	15000	4,8	14500	4,9	N/A	N/A
350	6800	2,45	6800	2,45	6500	2,45	6250	2,5	13600	4,9	13600	4,9	13000	4,9	12500	5	N/A	N/A





## 1.2.- STANDARD UNIT ELECTRICAL DATA









EAC / EA	R MODELS	6		0091S	0111S	0151S	0191S	0211S	0251S	0291S	0351S	0431S
Voltage		V/f (5	50 Hz)	1N~230V	′							
		`	,				3~:	230V - 3N-	~400V			
	Compressor	kW.		4,05	4,70	5,78	7,60	8,62	11,15	12,90	15,55	19,77
Maximum consumption	Fan motor	kW.		0,15	0,30	0,32	0,30	0,28	0,75	0,90	0,85	0,83
	Total power	kW.		4,20	5,00	6,10	7,90	8,90	11,90	13,80	16,40	20,60
	Compressor	Α	1N~230V 3~230V 3~400V	23,10 12,12 7,00	 17,32 10,00	 21,48 12,40	 27,71 16,00	 26,15 15,10	 31,17 18,00	 35,85 20,70	 44,34 25,60	51,61 29,80
Maximum current	Fan motor	Α		0,80	1,60	1,60	1,60	1,60	3,00	3,50	3,50	3,50
current	Total current	Α	1N~230V 3~230V 3N~400V	23,90 12,92 7,80	 18,92 11,60	 23,08 14,00	 29,31 17,60	 27,75 16,70	34,17 21,00	39,35 24,20	 47,84 29,10	 55,11 33,30
LRC	Total current	Α	1N~230V 3~230V 3N~400V	95,80 91,80 44,30	 99,60 51,60	 134,60 63,60	 179,60 97,40	 167,60 95,60	213,00 119.00	 227,50 130,50	 282,50 161,50	333,50 192,50

HYDRAULIC VERSION / HYDRONIC VERSION												
Water pump	V/f	(50 Hz)		1N~23	OV			3	3~230V - 3~	-400V		
Maximum absorbed power kW.			0,49	0,49	0,49	0,72	0,72	0,72	0,72	1,10	1,10	
Maximum current	Α	1N~230V 3~230V 3~400V	2,30  	2,30 	2,30 	2,40 1,40	2,40 1,40	 2,40 1,40	2,40 1,40	3,00 1,70	3,00 1,70	

EAC / EA	R MODELS	5		0472S	0552S	0672S	0812S	1003S	1103S	1203S	1303S
Voltage		V/f (5	60 Hz)		3~230V	′ - 3N~400	V		3N~	400V	
	Compressor	kW.		22,10	25,50	30,90	38,14	45,6	51	56,2	62
Maximum consumption	Fan motor	kW.		1,50	1,80	1,70	1,66	2,1	3,1	3,1	4
	Total power	kW.		23,60	27,30	32,60	39,80	47,7	54,1	59,3	66
	Compressor	Α	3~230V 3~400V	62,35 36,00	71,70 41,40	88,68 51,20	103,22 59,60	 71,2	 81	 91,2	99,2
Maximum	Fan motor	Α		6,00	7,00	7,00	7,00	4,8	6,4	6,4	8
current	Total current	Α	3~230V 3N~400V	68,35 42,00	78,70 48,40	95,68 58,20	110,22 66,60	 76	 87,4	 97,6	 107,2
LRC	Total current	Α	3~230V 3N~400V	243,70 138,00	262,70 152,30	324,10 187,00	382,00 222,00	 235,2	 246,6	 282,6	331,2

HYDRAULIC VERSION / HYDRONIC VERSION											
Water pump	V/f	(50 Hz)		3~230V	- 3~400V			3~40	V00		
Maximum absorbed p	ower	kW.	1,17	1,17	1,55	1,55	2,20	2,30	2,50	2,70	
Maximum current	Α	3~230V 3~400V	3,00 1.70	3,00 1.70	4,80 2.80	4,80 2.80	3.70	3.90	4.20	4,50	
		3~400V	1,70	1,70	2,00	2,00	3,70	3,90	4,20	4,50	

## 1.2.- HIGH STATIC PRESSURE UNIT ELECTRICAL DATA

## **FP VERSION**

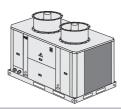
EAC / EA	R MODELS	3		0091S	0111S	0151S	0191S	0211S
Voltage		V/f (5	60 Hz)	1N~230V				
J			,		3-	~230V - 3N~4	00V	
	Compressor	kW.		4,05	4,70	5,78	7,60	8,62
Maximum consumption	Fan motor	kW.		0,90	1,90	1,95	1,90	1,85
•	Total power	kW.		4,95	6,60	7,73	9,50	10,47
	Compressor	Α	1N~230V 3~230V 3~400V	23,10 12,12 7,00	 17,32 10,00	 21,48 12,40	 27,71 16,00	 26,15 15,10
Maximum current	Fan motor	Α		4,00	8,00	8,00	8,00	8,00
	Total current	Α	1N~230V 3~230V 3N~400V	27,10 16,12 11,00	 25,32 18,00	 29,48 20,40	35,71 24,00	 34,15 23,10
LRC	Total current	Α	1N~230V 3~230V 3N~400V	99,00 95,00 47,50	 106,00 58,00	 141,00 70,00	 186,00 103,80	 174,00 102,00





HYDRAULIC VERSION / HYDRONIC VERSION											
Water pump	V/f	(50 Hz)		1N~230V		3~230V	′ - 3~400V				
Maximum absorbed po	wer	kW.	0,49	0,49	0,49	0,72	0,72				
		1N~230V	2,30	2,30	2,30						
Maximum current	Α	3~230V				2,40	2,40				
		3~400V				1,40	1,40				





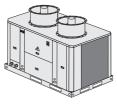
## **FP1 VERSION**

EAC / EA	AR MODELS		0251S	0291S	0351S	0431S	0472S	0552S	0672S	0812S	1003S	1103S	1203S	1303S
Voltage	V/f (	50 Hz)			3	~230V -	3N~400\	/				3N~	400V	
	Compressor kl	N.	11,15	12,90	15,55	19,77	22,10	25,50	30,90	38,14	45,60	51,00	56,20	62,00
Maximum consumption	Fan motor kl	٧.	1,70	1,70	1,65	1,65	3,40	3,40	3,30	3,30	5,00	5,00	5,00	5,00
	Total power kl	٧.	12,85	14,60	17,20	21,42	25,50	28,90	34,20	41,44	50,60	56,00	61,20	67,00
	Compressor A	3~230V 3~400V	31,17 18,00	35,85 20,70	44,34 25,60	51,61 29,80	62,35 36,00	71,70 41,40	88,68 51,20	103,22 59,60	 71,20	 81,00	 91,20	99,20
Maximum	Fan motor A		8,00	8,00	8,00	8,00	16,00	16,00	16,00	16,00	9,60	9,60	9,60	9,60
current	Total current A	3~230V 3N~400V	39,17 26,00	43,85 28,70	52,34 33,60	59,61 37,80	78,35 52,00	87,70 57,40	104,68 67,20	119,22 75,60	 80,80	90,60	 100,8	108,8
LRC	Total current A	3~230V 3N~400V	218,00 124,00	232,00 135,00	287,00 166,00	338,00 197,00	253,68 148,00	271,66 161,30	333,06 196,00	390,98 231,00	240,00	249,80	285,80	332,80

HYDRAULIC VERSION / HYDRONIC VERSION														
Water pump	/f (5	50 Hz)			3-	-230V - 3	3~400V					3~4	00V	
Maximum absorbed power		kW.	0,72	0,72	1,10	1,10	1,17	1,17	1,55	1,55	2,20	2,30	2,50	2,70
Maximum current	Α	3~230V	2,40	2,40	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	4,80	4,80				
Maximum current	^	3~400V	1,40	1,40	1,70	1,70	1,70	1,70	2,80	2,80	3,70	3,90	4,20	4,50

## 1.2.- HIGH STATIC PRESSURE UNIT ELECTRICAL DATA





## **FP2 VERSION**

EAC / EA	AR MODELS	}	0251S	0291S	0351S	0431S	0472S	0552S	0672S	0812S	1003S	1103S	1203S	1303S
Voltage	V/f	(50 Hz)			;	3~230V	- 3N~400	)V				3N	~400V	
	Compressor I	¢W.	11,15	12,90	15,55	19,77	22,10	25,50	30,90	38,14	45,60	51,00	56,20	62,00
Maximum consumption	Fan motor	¢W.	2,45	2,45	2,40	2,35	4,90	4,90	4,80	4,70	9,20	9,20	9,20	9,20
•	Total power I	¢W.	13,60	15,35	17,95	22,12	27,00	30,40	35,70	42,84	54,80	60,20	65,40	71,20
	Compressor	3~230V 3~400V		35,85 20,70	44,34 25,60	51,61 29,80	62,35 36,00	71,70 41,40	88,68 51,20	103,22 59,60	 71,20	 81,00	 91,20	 99,20
Maximum current	Fan motor	3~230V 3~400V		8,00 4,50	8,00 4,50	8,00 4,50	16,00 9,00	16,00 9,00	16,00 9,00	16,00 9,00	 16,20	 16,20	 16,20	 16,20
	Total current	3~230V 3N~400V	39,17 22,50	43,85 25,20	52,34 30,10	59,61 34,30	78,35 45,00	87,70 50,40	104,68 60,20	119,22 68,60	 87,40	 97,20	107,40	 115,40
LRC	Total current	3~230V 3N~400V	218,00 120,50	232,00 131,50	287,00 162,50	338,00 193,50	253,68 141,00	271,66 154,30	333,06 189,00	390,98 224,00	 246,60	 256,40	 292,40	 339,40

HYDRAULIC VERSION / HYDRONIC VERSION														
Water pump	V/f (	50 Hz)			3	3~230V -	3~400V					3~4	400V	
Maximum absorbed power	r	kW.	0,72	0,72	1,10	1,10	1,17	1,17	1,55	1,55	2,20	2,30	2,50	2,70
Maximum current	Α	3~230V 3~400V	2,40 1,40	2,40 1,40	3,00 1,70	3,00 1,70	3,00 1,70	3,00 1,70	4,80 2,80	4,80 2,80	3,70	3,90	4,20	 4,50

### 1.3.- COMPONENT

The EcoLean™ system comprises a water cooler or air/water pump combined with a series of hydraulic accessories obtaining the Hydraulic or Hydronic version.

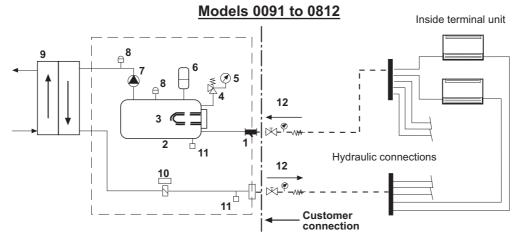
COMPONENTS:

HYDRONIC VERSION: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11

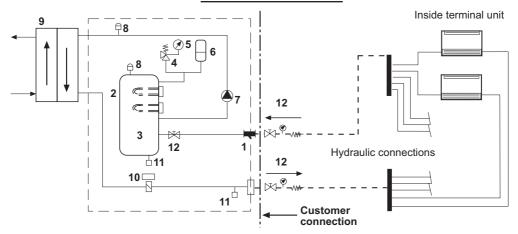
HYDRAULIC VERSION: 1,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11

- 1.- Detachable water filter
- 2.- Water tank
- 3.- Water tank heater (in option)
- 4.- Safety valve
- 5.- Manometer
- 6.- Expansion vessel
- 7.- Water pump
- 8.- Air purge valve
- 9.- Plate exchanger
- 10.- Flow switch
- 11.- Drain valve
- 12.- Water isolation valves (in option)

### **HYDRONIC VERSION**

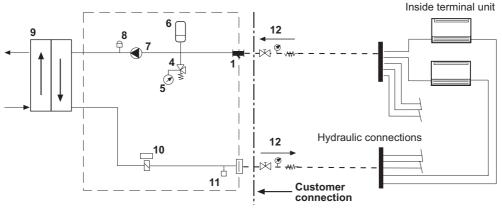


### Models 1003 to 1303



## **HYDRAULIC VERSION**

## Models 0091 to 1303



### 1.4.- OPERATION LIMITS

### STANDARD AXIAL FAN UNITS WITHOUT AIR DUCTS

### **COOLING MODE**

MODELS	EAC / EAR	0091 TO 0431S	0472 TO 0812S	1003 TO 1303S
Outlet chilled water temperature		Minimum : +5°C Maximum : +12°C	Minimum : +5°C Maximum : +12°C	Minimum : +5°C Maximum : +12°C
Inlet chilled water temperature		Minimum : +10 °C Maximum : +17°C	Minimum : +9 °C Maximum : +17°C	Minimum : +8°C Maximum : +17°C
Air inlet temperature	)	Minimum : 0°C (1) Maximum : +46°C	Minimum : 0°C (1) Maximum : +46°C	Minimum : 0°C (1) Maximum : +46°C

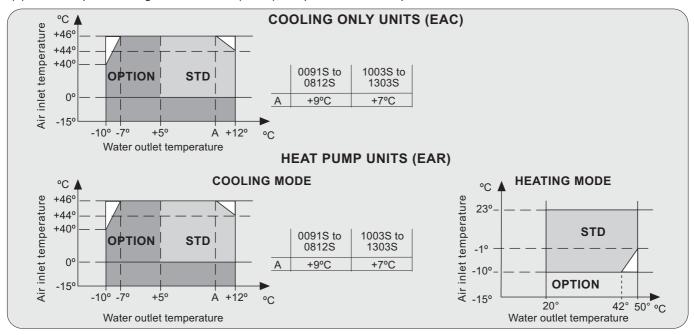
NOTE: With outdoor temperatures below +5°C, add glycol

### **HEATING MODE**

MODELS	EAR	0091 TO 0812S	1003 TO 1303S
Hot water outlet temperature (operation)		Minimum : +20°C Maximum : +50°C	Minimum : +20°C Maximum : +50°C
Hot water inlet temperature (start)		Minimum : +10 °C Maximum : +43°C	Minimum : +10°C Maximum : +43°C
Difference hot water inlet/outlet		Minimum :+3°C Maximum : +8°C	Minimum : +3°C Maximum : +8°C
Air inlet temperature		Minimum : -10°C (2) Maximum : +23°C	Minimum : -10°C (2) Maximum : +23°C

### OUTSIDE THESE VALUES, PLEASE CONSULT US

(2) With the option heating low ambient kit (-15°C), it is possible the unit operation down to -15°C



NOTE: With outdoor temperatures below +5°C, add glycol.

### STANDARD AXIAL FAN UNITS WITH AIR DUCTS

### **COOLING MODE**

AVAILABLE PRESSURE UP TO 50 Pa	0091 to	0211S	0251 to	1303S
Available static pressure Pa	30	50	30	50
Maximum ambient temperature °C	43	40	42	38

### **HEATING MODE**

AVAILABLE PRESSURE UP TO 50 Pa	0091 to	0211S	0251 to	1303S
Available static pressure Pa	30	50	30	50
Minimum ambient temperature °C (1)	-8	-6	-8	-6

(1) With the option heating low ambient kit (-15°C), it is possible the unit operation down to -15°C

<sup>(1)</sup> With the option cooling low ambient kit (-15°C), it is possible the unit operation down to -15°C in EAC units.

### 1.4.- OPERATION LIMITS

### **HIGH STATIC PRESSURE UNITS**

### **COOLING MODE**

AVAILABLE PRESSURE UP TO 200 Pa FP VERSION	0091 to	0211S-F	P MODE	L UNITS
Available static pressure Pa	50	100	150	200
Maximum ambient temperature °C	46	45	41	38
Minimum ambient temperature °C		0°0	C (1)	

AVAILABLE PRESSURE UP TO 120 Pa FP1 VERSION	0251 to 1	003S-FP	1 MODE	L UNITS	1103 to 1	303S-FP	MODEL	UNITS
Available static pressure Pa	50	75	100	125	50	75	100	125
Maximum ambient temperature °C	46	43	39	35	44	41	37	35
Minimum ambient temperature °C		0°C	(1)			0°C	(1)	

AVAILABLE PRESSURE UP TO 250 OR 350 Pa FP2 VERSION	0251 to	08128	-FP2 M	ODEL U	JNITS	1003 t	o 13039	S-FP2 M	ODEL U	JNITS
Available static pressure Pa	150	200	250	300	350	150	200	250	300	350
Maximum ambient temperature °C	47	44	41	38	35	47	44	41	N/A	N/A
Minimum ambient temperature °C			0°C					0°C (1)		

<sup>(1)</sup> With the option cooling low ambient kit (-15°C), it is possible the unit operation down to -15°C.

### **HEATING MODE**

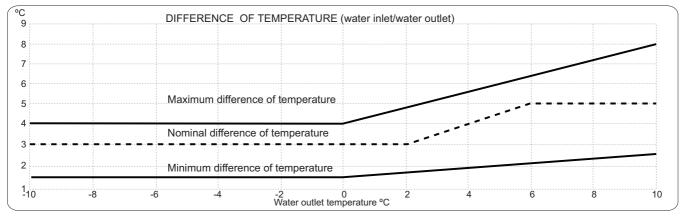
AVAILABLE PRESSURE UP TO 200 Pa FP VERSION	0091 to	0211S-FF	MODE	UNITS
Available static pressure Pa	50	100	150	200
Minimum ambient temperature °C (2)	-10	-10	-8	-6

AVAILABLE PRESSURE UP TO 120 Pa FP1 VERSION	0251 to 1	303S-FP	1 MODE	L UNITS
Available static pressure Pa	50	75	100	125
Minimum ambient temperature °C (2)	-10	-8	-6	-5

AVAILABLE PRESSURE UP TO 250 OR 350 Pa FP2 VERSION	0251 t	o 08125	S-FP2 M	ODEL (	JNITS	1003 t	o 1303S	S-FP2 M	ODEL (	JNITS
Available static pressure Pa	150	200	250	300	350	150	200	250	300	350
Minimum ambient temperature °C (2)	-10	-10	-8	-6	-5	-10	-10	-8	N/A	N/A

<sup>(2)</sup> With the option heating low ambient kit (-15°C), it is possible the unit operation down to -15°C.

### UNITS WITH LOW WATER TEMPERATURE KIT (OPTION)



### 1.5.- PRESSURE DROP IN THE WATER SYSTEM

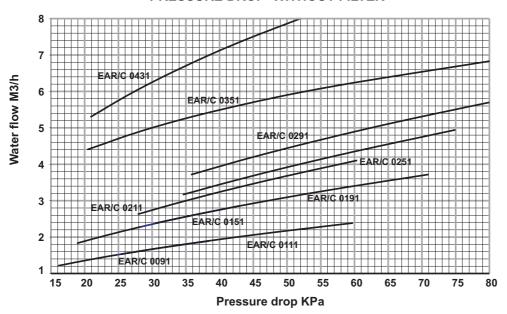


### **INSTALLATION ADVISE**

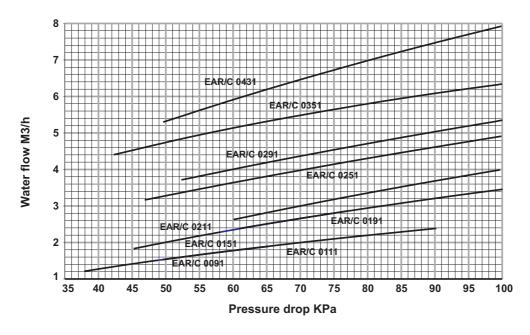
The units MUST be fitted with a water filter at the inlet to the unit (trapping any particles with a diameter greater than 1 mm.)

### MODELS EAC / EAR 0091 TO 0431

### PRESSURE DROP WITHOUT FILTER



### PRESSURE DROP + WATER FILTER (\*)



(\*) Option in standard version, included in Hydronic and Hydraulic version.

### 1.5.- PRESSURE DROP IN THE WATER SYSTEM



### **INSTALLATION ADVISE**

The units MUST be fitted with a water filter at the inlet to the unit (trapping any particles with a diameter greater than 1 mm.)

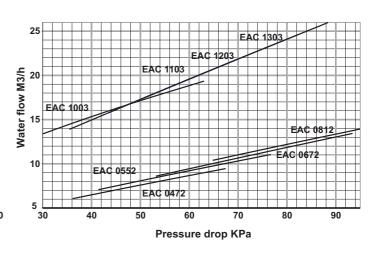
### **MODELS 0472 TO 1303**

### **COOLING ONLY (EAC)**

### PRESSURE DROP WITHOUT FILTER

## 25 EAC 1203 EAC 1003 15 EAC 1003 EAC 0672 10 5 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 Pressure drop KPa

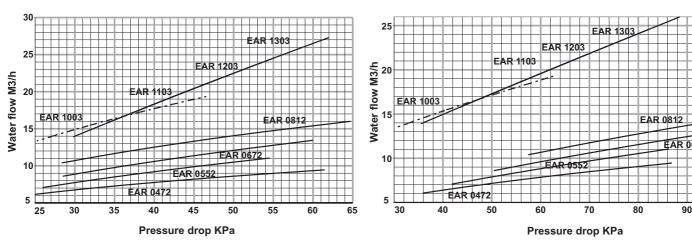
### PRESSURE DROP + WATER FILTER (\*)



### **HEAT PUMPS (EAR)**

### PRESSURE DROP WITHOUT FILTER

## PRESSURE DROP + WATER FILTER (\*)



(\*) Option in standard version, included in Hydronic and Hydraulic version.

### 1.6.- HYDRAULIC SYSTEM DATA

WATER FLOW AND AVAILABLE STATIC PRESSURE (Factory supplied; standard water pump and filter).

	MODEL		EAC	/ EAF	00918	3		EAC	/ EAR	01118			EAC	/ EAR	01518	5	
)A/ / G	l/s	0,34	0,38	0,42	0,47	0,53	0,42	0,48	0,53	0,59	0,66	0,51	0,57	0,64	0,71	0,79	
Water flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	1,21	1,36	1,51	1,68	1,89	1,53	1,72	1,91	2,12	2,39	1,83	2,06	2,29	2,54	2,86	
Available static pressure	kPa	216	207	196	183	163	196	178	161	144	126	186	170	152	132	104	
	MODEL		EAC /	/ EAF	01918	3		EAC	/ EAR	02118	3		EAC /	EAR (	)251S		
	l/s	0,66	0,74	0,83	0,92	1,03	0,73	0,82	0,91	1,01	1,14	0,88	0,99	1,10	1,22	1,37	
Water flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	2,38	2,68	2,98	3,31	3,72	2,63	2,96	3,29	3,65	4,11	3,16	3,56	3,96	4,40	4,95	
Available static pressure	kPa	170	154	140	124	107	167	144	126	111	100	175	152	131	110	87	
	MODEL	DEL EAC / EAR 0291S						EAC /	'EAR	)351S		EAC / EAR 0431S					
	l/s	1,03	1,16	1,29	1,43	1,61	1,22	1,38	1,53	1,70	1,91	1,47	1,6	6 1,	84	2,04	
Water flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	3,72	4,18	4,64	5,16	5,81	4,40	4,95	5,50	6,12	6,88	5,30	5,9	6 6,	62	7,36	
Available static pressure	kPa	153	129	106	83	55	210	176	140	98	43	161	132	2 9	16	47	
	MODEL	MODEL EAR 0472S						EAR 0552S					EAR 0672S				
	l/s	1,68	1,89	2,10	2,34	2,63	1,96	2,21	2,46	2,73	3,07	2,39	2,69	2,99	3,32	3,73	
Water flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	6,05	6,81	7,57	8,41	9,46	7,07	7,96	8,84	9,82	11,05	8,60	9,68	10,75	11,94	13,44	
Available static pressure	kPa	156	139	122	104	82	140	126	111	93	69	226	195	164	131	90	
	MODEL		EAF	R 081	2S			ΕA	AC 047	2S			EA	C 0552	2S		
	l/s	2,89	3,25	5 ;	3,61	4,01	1,68	1,89	2,10	2,34	2,63	1,96	2,21	2,46	2,73	3,07	
Water flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	10,39	11,6	9 1	2,99	14,43	6,05	6,81	7,57	8,41	9,46	7,07	7,96	8,84	9,82	11,05	
Available static pressure	kPa	188	153		111	56	156	141	128	115	101	140	128	115	99	78	
	MODEL		EAG	C 067	'2S			E/	AC 081	2S		E	EAC /	EAR 1	003S		
	l/s	2,39	2,69	2,99	3,32	3,73	2,89	3,2	_	61	4,01	3,44	3,87	4,30	4,78	5,38	
Water flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	8,60	9,68	10,75	11,94	13,44	10,39	11,6	69 12	2,99	14,43	12,38	13,93	15,48	17,20	19,35	
Available static pressure	kPa	223	194	165	134	97	180	14	7 1	07	54	215	206	196	183	164	
	MODEL					E	AC / E	EAR 12	203S		E	EAC /	EAR 1	303S			
	I/s	3,86	4,34	4,83	_	6,03	4,38	4,92	5,47	6,08	6,84	4,85	5,46	6,07	6,74	7,58	
Water flow	m <sup>3</sup> /h	13,90	15,63	17,37	- '	+ -	15,76	17,72	19,69	21,88	<u> </u>	17,48	19,66	21,84	24,27	27,31	
Available static pressure	kPa	206	195	181	164	139	194	178	160	138	105	180	161	138	109	75	
NOTE: The floor details			1 4							fl	•	-				•	

NOTE: The flow data indicated in table are between a minimum and a maximum water flow

With the option twin pump kit, the available static pressure will decrease 5% from the data shown above Unit conversion:

Pressure 1KPa = 1/9,8 m.c.a. = 0,01 bar

1 bar = 10 m.c.a. = 100 kPa

### MINIMUM WATER FLOW

The installation must never operate with less than the minimum water flow (see table above), this will cause:

- i. Freezing the water heat exchanger.
- ii. Contamination of the heat exchanger.

## **MAXIMUM WATER FLOW**

See maximum water flow, (see table above). Always assure the minimum  $\Delta T$  to the exchanger of 3°C.

### MAXIMUM WATER VOLUME IN THE INSTALLATION

The units with Hydronic or Hydraulic module include a expansion vessel.

The table below details the maximum water volume in the system.

Models	0091/0211	0251/0431	0472/0812	1003/1303						
Solution		Water volume in liters								
Water	225	550	850	1650						
Water + 10% gyt	175	400	650	1260						
Water + 20% gyt	150	350	575	1115						
Water + 30% gyt	125	300	450	875						
Water + 35% gyt	110	225	325	650						

If the water volume in the system is greater than that detailed in the table it will be necessary to add additional expansion vessel(s). The system design must allow for water expansion and contraction.

### 1.7.- SAFETY DEVICES



### It is strictly forbidden to change or remove any safety device.

When a safety device is activated, qualified personnel must investigate the unit and rectify the problem.

**Note:** Before resetting a safety device, the cause of the problem must be found and rectified before the unit can be restarted.

The units contain the following safety devices:

- 1.- Electrical safety devices.
- 2.- Cooling system safety devices.
- 3.- Water system safety devices.

They protect the unit's operation under both normal and abnormal conditions.

### **ELECTRICAL SAFETY DEVICES**

- The control circuit is protected against overloads and short circuits by a circuit breaker.
- The power circuit is protected against short circuit by fuses.
- The compressor and fan motors are also protected against overloads by an internal safety device.

### Units

	ADJU	STMENTS	0091S	0111S	0151S	0191S	0211S	0251S	0291S	0351S	0431S	0472S	0552S	0672S	0812S	1003S	1103S	1203S	1303S
	npressor	A (1N~230V) A (3~230V) A (3~400V)	3X20				 3X40 3x20		3X50 3x25		 3X80 3x40	 6x40 6x25		 6x63 6x32	 6x80 6x40	 6x25 3x40	 6x32 3x40		 6x32 3x63
	er pump uses	A (1N~230V) A (3~230V) A (3~400V)		1x6 	1x6  	3x6 3x6	 3x6 3x6	 3x6 3x6	3x6 3x6	3x6 3x6	 3x6 3x6	3x6 3x6	3x6 3x6	3x6 3x6	3x6 3x6	  3x10	  3x10	  3x10	  3x10
	Standard	A (1N~230V) A (3~400V)										1x16 	1x16 	1x16 	1x16 	 6x10	 6x10	 6x10	 6x10
	FP																		
Fan fuses		A (1N~230V)						1x10	1x10	1x10	1x10	1x20	1x20	1x20	1x20				
lacco		A (3~400V)														6x10	6x10	6x10	6x10
	FP2	A (3~230V)						3X10	3X10	3X10	3X10	6x10	6x10	6x10	6x10				
	2	A (3~400V)						3X16	3X16	3X16	3X16	6x16	6x16	6x16	6x16	6x10	6x10	6x10	6x10

### SYSTEM SAFETY DEVICES

### **Pressure switches**

HIGH PRESSURE (HP): The system is protected against high system pressure by a high pressure switch HP trip is reset manually by resetting the controller.

LOW PRESSURE (LP): The system is protected against low system pressures by a low pressure switch. The controller will stop the unit if the system low pressure set point is reached 3 times in one hour. The LP trip is reset manually by resetting the controller.

For heat pump units there are two low pressure switches one for cooling operation, the other for heating operation. Operation for LP is the same but set point varies for the different operating modes.

ON START UP LP IS BYE PASSED FOR 2MIN.

ADJU	STMENTS	SET	RESET	SET	RESET				
High pressure switch	h (bar)	28,7	24	28,7	24				
Low pressure switch	h heat cycle (bar)	0,5	1,5	0,5	1,5				
Low pressure switch	timer (minutes)		2'						
Low pressure switch	cool cycle (bar)	Ambient ten	Ambient temp. standard Option low ambient to -1						
Standard	water temperature	1,8	2,7	0,5	1,5				
Option	0°C OPTION 1	2	2,5	1,5	2				
low water	-5°C OPTION 2	1,5	2	1	1,5				
temperature -	-10°C OPTION 3	0,8	1,3	0,5	1				

### 1.7.- SAFETY DEVICES

### WATER SYSTEM SAFETY DEVICES (included in units with Hydraulic or Hydronic module)

These units contain various safety devices, to protect against system damage.

### 1.- Flow switch (option for standard unit)

Stop the unit if water flow is under limits. Operating with water flow under limits is completely forbidden.

### 2.- Water filter (supply loose for standard unit)

The water filter protects the unit against particles getting inside the circuit. The units must be fitted with a water filter.



### IT IS NECESSARY TO FIT A WATER FILTER IN THE WATER INLET OF THE UNIT

### 3.- Anti-freeze protection

This protection is activated by the control of the unit.

It comes ON when the water outlet temperature probe (ST2), located inside the water interchanger, measures a certain temperature and RESETS when the water outlet temperature reaches set temperature as the following table shows:

	STANDARD UNIT (°C)	UNIT WITH LO'	W WATER TEMPERA -5°C	TURE KIT (°C) -10°C
Protection ON	+5°C	-2°C	-7°C	-12°C
Protection RESET	+6°C	0°C	-5°C	-10°C

If the unit is on STAND-BY as the operating mode and the protection is activated: the water pump comes on, along with electrical heater of evaporator and electrical heater of water tank (if included).



DO NOT TURN OFF THE POWER TO THE UNIT. WHEN THE POWER IS OFF THE ANTI FREEZE PROTECTION WILL NOT OPERATE.

- If the unit is operating in cooling mode: The power feeds the electrical heater of water tank, the electrical heater of the water heat exchanger, and activates the hot gas injection valve (if the unit is fitted with these options).
- If the unit is operating in heating mode: The power feeds the electrical heater of water tank and the electrical heater of the water heat exchanger (if the unit is fitted with these options).

### 4.- Low water temperature alarm

This alarm activates when the water outlet temperature probe (ST2) measures a certain temperature, the unit goes off, at table conditions below:

	STANDARD	UNIT WITH LOW WATER TEMPERATURE KIT (°C)			
	UNIT (°C)	0°C	-5°C	-10°C	
Alarm ON	+3°C	-3°C	-8°C	-13°C	

### OTHER PROTECTION

### Compressor crank case heater

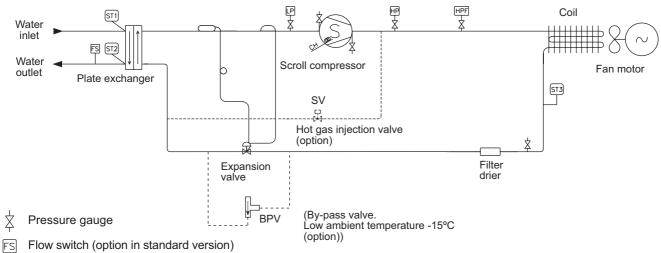
Located around compressors, this protection is activated when the compressor stops, to maintain the compressor oil temperature preventing the refrigerant diluting into the compressor oil.



DO NOT TURN OFF THE POWER TO THE UNIT. WHEN THE POWER IS OFF THE CRANK CASE HEATER PROTECTION WILL NOT OPERATE.

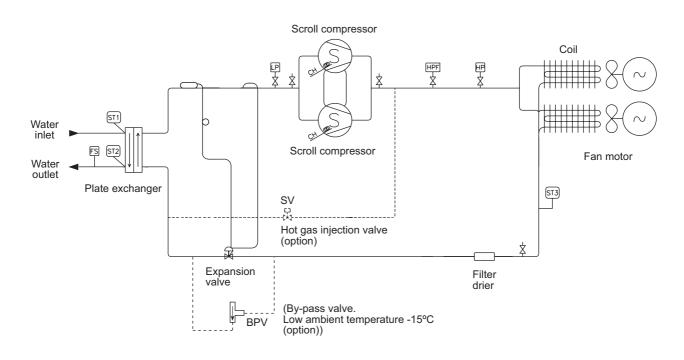
### 1.8.- PIPING DRAWINGS

### **COOLING ONLY UNITS EAC 0091S TO 0431S**



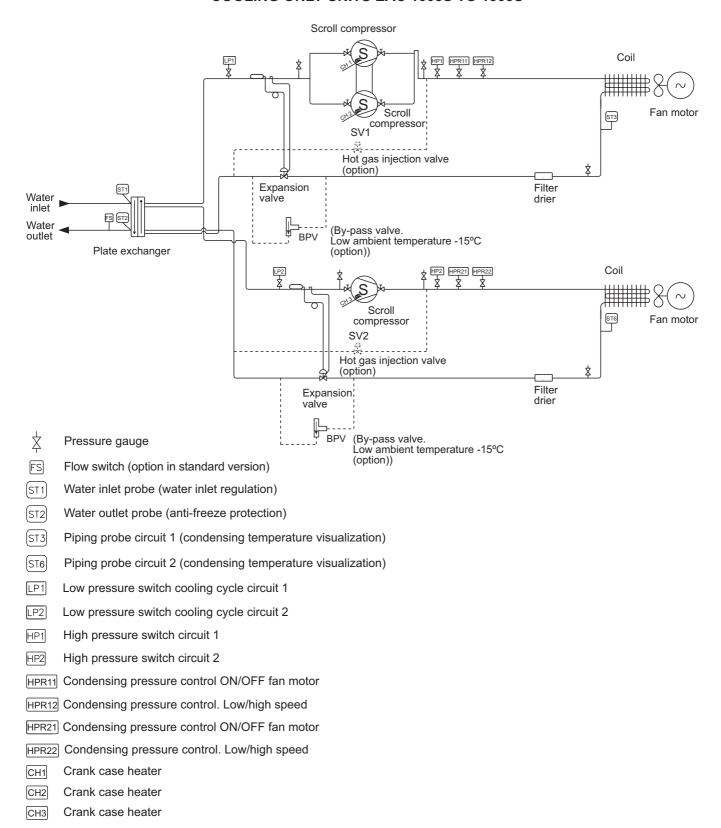
- Water inlet probe (water inlet regulation)
- Water outlet probe (anti-freeze protection)
- Piping probe (fan speed regulation) ST3
- LP Low pressure switch
- High pressure switch
- Crank case heater СН
- High pressure fan (Low ambient temperature -15°C (option))

### **COOLING ONLY UNITS EAC 0472S TO 0812S**

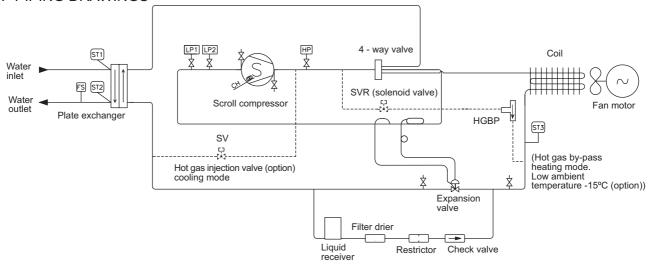


### 1.8.- PIPING DRAWINGS

### **COOLING ONLY UNITS EAC 1003S TO 1303S**

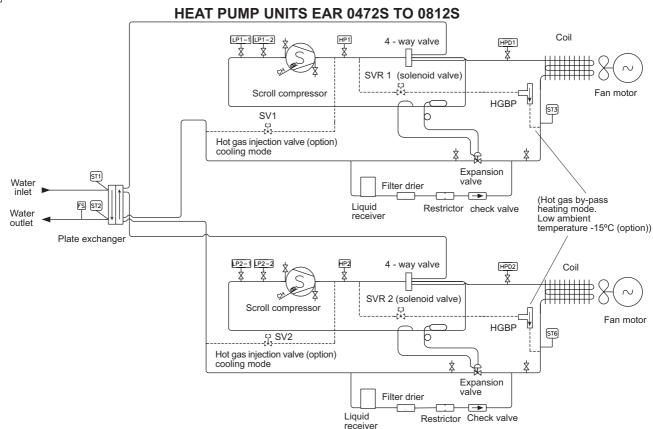


## 1.8.- PIPING DRAWINGS HEAT PUMP UNITS EAR 0091S TO 0431S



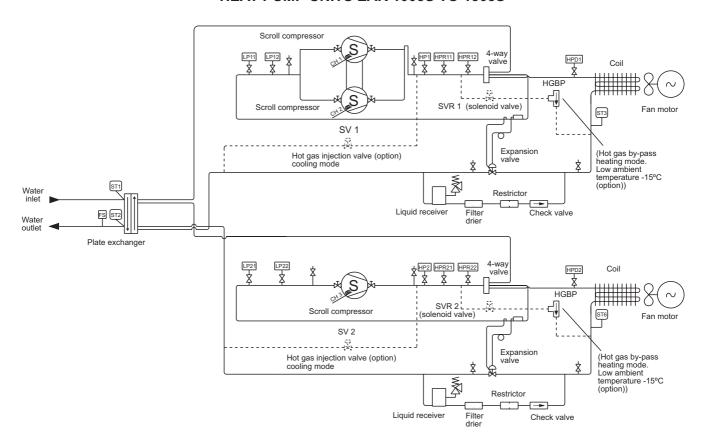
- Pressure gauge
- FS Flow switch (option in standard version)
- ST1 Water inlet probe (water inlet regulation)
- ST2 Water outlet probe (anti-freeze protection)
- Piping probe circuit 1 (fan speed regulation and defrost heat pump units)
- Piping probe circuit 2 (fan speed regulation and defrost heat pump units)
- LP1 Low pressure switch cooling cycle
- LP2 Low pressure switch heating cycle
- CH Crank case heater

- LP1-1 Low pressure switch cooling cycle circuit 1
- LP1-2 Low pressure switch heating cycle circuit 1
- LP2-1 Low pressure switch cooling cycle circuit 2
- LP2-2 Low pressure switch heating cycle circuit 2
- HP High pressure switch
- HP1 High pressure switch circuit 1
- HP2 High pressure switch circuit 2
- HPD1 End pressure defrost circuit 1
- HPD2 End pressure defrost circuit 2



### 1.8.- PIPING DRAWINGS

### **HEAT PUMP UNITS EAR 1003S TO 1303S**



$\perp$	
Ż	Pressure gauge

FS Flow switch (option in standard version)

ST1 Water inlet probe (water inlet regulation)

ST2 Water outlet probe (anti-freeze protection)

ST3 Piping probe circuit 1 (defrost temperature)

ST6 Piping probe circuit 2 (defrost temperature)

CH1 Crank case heater

CH2 Crank case heater

CH3 Crank case heater

HPR11 Condensing pressure control ON/OFF fan motor

HPR12 Condensing pressure control. Low/high speed

HPR21 Condensing pressure control ON/OFF fan motor

HPR22 Condensing pressure control. Low/high speed

LP11 Low pressure switch cooling cycle circuit 1

LP12 Low pressure switch heating cycle circuit 1

LP21 Low pressure switch cooling cycle circuit 2

LP22 Low pressure switch heating cycle circuit 2

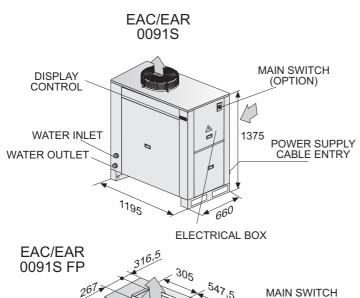
HP1 High pressure switch circuit 1

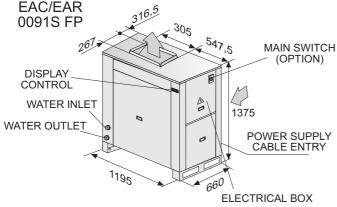
HP2 High pressure switch circuit 2

HPD1 End pressure defrost circuit 1

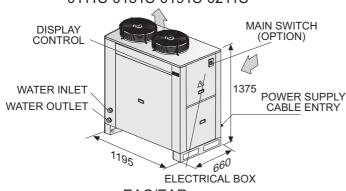
HPD2 End pressure defrost circuit 2

### 1.9.- DIMENSIONS

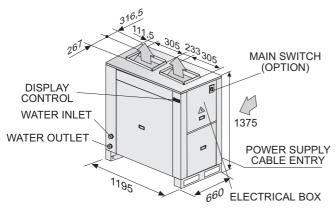




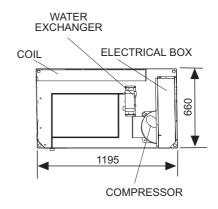
EAC/EAR 0111S-0151S-0191S-0211S



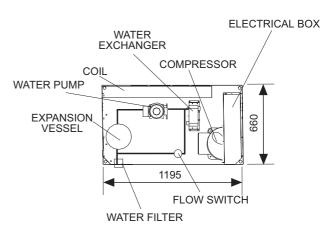
EAC/EAR 0111S-0151S-0191S-0211S FP



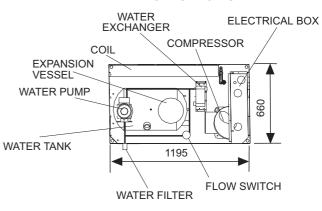
## COMPONENT DISPOSITION STANDARD UNIT



### COMPONENT DISPOSITION STANDARD UNIT WITH HYDRAULIC MODULE



### COMPONENT DISPOSITION STANDARD UNIT WITH HYDRONIC MODULE



### 1.9.- DIMENSIONS

## COMPONENT DISPOSITION STANDARD UNIT

DISPLAY CONTROL

WATER INLET

WATER OUTLET

1375

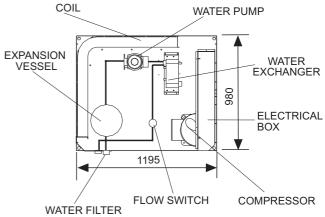
POWER SUPPLY CABLE ENTRY

CABLE ENTRY

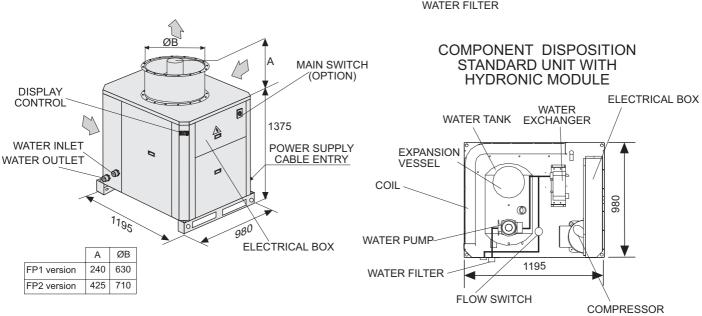
EAC/EAR 0251S-0291S-0351S-0431S

WATER EXCHANGER
COIL
1195
COMPRESSOR

### COMPONENT DISPOSITION STANDARD UNIT WITH HYDRAULIC MODULE

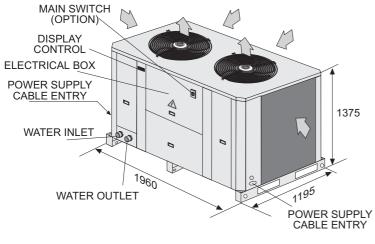


EAC/EAR 0251S-0291S-0351S-0431S FP1/FP2

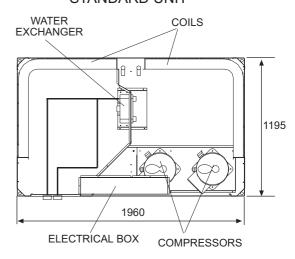


### 1.9.- DIMENSIONS

EAC/EAR 0472S-0552S-0672S-0812S



### COMPONENT DISPOSITION STANDARD UNIT

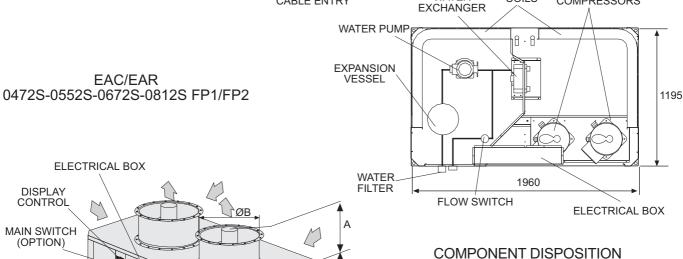


### COMPONENT DISPOSITION STANDARD UNIT WITH HYDRAULIC MODULE

COMPRESSORS

COILS

WATER



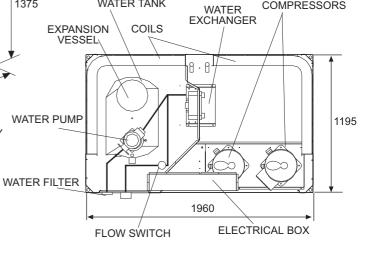
1375

1195

POWER SUPPLY

CABLE ENTRY

### STANDARD UNIT WITH HYDRONIC MODULE WATER TANK COMPRESSORS



1960

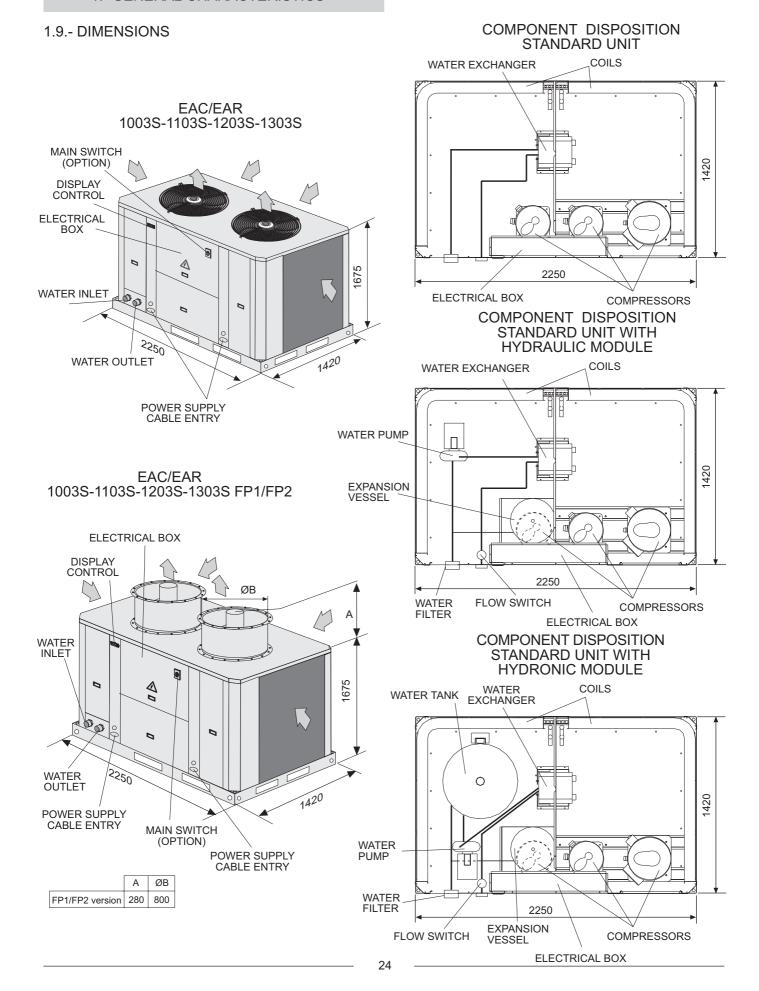
4

0

POWER SUPPLY CABLE ENTRY

WATER INLET

WATER OUTLET



1.10 OPTIONS	Standard version unit	Hydraulic version unit	Hydronic (1) version unit
Main ON/OFF switch	X	X	X
Flow switch	X	included	included
Water filter	X	included	included
Evaporator anti freeze protection	X	X	X
Condenser protection guards	X	X	X
Thermostatic hot gas injection	X	X	X
Three phase protection (Three phase units)	X	X	X
HP and LP refrigerant gauges	X	X	X
Epoxy coated Al fin coils treated	X	X	X
Remote display	X	X	X
In/Out isolating valves	X	X	X
Anti-vibration mounts rubber	X	X	X
Compressor noise insulation jacket	X	X	X
"Soft starter" only 3N~400V units	X	X	X
Inlet plenum	X	X	X
Square discharge duct (2)	X	X	X
Low water temperature	X	X	X
Water pump	X	included	included
Twin pumps (6)	not available	X	X
Tank anti-freeze heater	not available	not available	X
Water tank electrical heater (3)	not available	not available	X
Heating low ambient kit (-15°C). EAR units	X	X	X
Low ambient kit (-15°C). EAC units (4)	X	X	X
BMS (Interface Mod-bus KP06+Bus Adapter)	X	X	X
Alarm relay (5)	X	X	X
Dynamic set point (7)	X	X	X
X Option element (3) Only for heat pumps units.	54 FD2 to 0042 FD2	(6) For models 0251 to	1303.

Option element (1) Water tank included

(2) Only versions FP1/FP2

(3) Only for heat pumps units.(4) Not available for units EAC 0251 FP2 to 0812 FP2 (5) Standard for models: EAR 0472 to 1303 /EAC 1003 to 1303.

With twin pumps, water filter has to be mounted outside the unit (1003 to 1303 models)

(7) Not available for units EAC 0472 to 0812.



NOTE: All the option will be supplied and mounted in the unit, except the water filter, water isolation valves, rubber antivibration mounts, remote controller and air intake plenum supplied to mount in the moment of installation.

### MAIN ON/OFF SWITCH

Located at the electrical box of the unit.

FLOW SWITCH (included on Hydraulic and Hydronic versions)

The flow switch stops the unit if water flow is lower than the minimum.

WATER FILTER (included on Hydraulic and Hydronic versions)

The water filter must be fitted in the water inlet of the unit, it protects the unit against particles (greater than 1 mm) getting inside the water circuit, and prevents the water interchanger gets dirty.

### **EVAPORATOR ANTI FREEZE PROTECTION**

The evaporator anti freeze heater prevents the water exchange from low temperatures.

### **CONDENSER PROTECTION GUARDS**

The condenser coil protection grill prevents light damage to the coil when shipping and when installed. It cannot protect against very heavy impacts. THERMOSTATIC HOT GAS INJECTION

Supplies hot gas which is injected into the evaporator gas to increase the suction pressure if the chilled water temperature falls to low. It can be used to allow the unit to operate at reduced capacity, if the water temperature falls below the set point (5°C). It is controlled via the microprocessor controller ON at (5°C) and OFF (6°C) for example. This option is NOT available for units selected with low water temperature option.

### THREE PHASE PROTECTION

Located at the electrical box of the unit, it assures that unit will not begin operation if connection phases of compressor are not correct. Should this occur, then just switch two phase connections.

### **HP AND LP REFRIGERANT GAUGES**

Visualize the high and low pressures of the refrigerant circuit.

### **EPOXY COATED ALUMINIUM FIN COILS TREATED**

Special protection of the aluminium condenser coil fins, to give improved protection from aggressive external environmental conditions.

### REMOTE DISPLAY

Controls and visualizes the unit's operating, it may be installed until 50 m from the unit.

### **HEATING LOW AMBIENT KIT (-15°C)**

The reverse unit can operate in heating mode down to an ambient temperature of -15°C (standard unit just can operate down to -10°C).

### LOW AMBIENT KIT (-15°C)

The cooling only unit can operate down to an ambient temperature of -15°C (standard unit just can operate down to 0°C).

### IN/OUT ISOLATING VALVES

To fit at inlet and water outlet of the unit. Isolating the unit from water circuit, so service and maintenance of the unit will be easier.

For units EAC 1003-1303 SKHN this option includes another valve in order to isolate the buffer tank.

### ANTI-VIBRATION MOUNTS RUBBER

To install under the unit, to avoid transmission of vibrations, to the floor where unit is installed, while unit is operating.

### 1.10.- OPTIONS

### **COMPRESSOR NOISE INSULATION JACKET**

Each compressor is fitted with a compressor acoustic jacket this provides attenuation of the compressor noise that radiates from the unit when in operation.

**SOFT STARTER** (for 3N~400V units only)

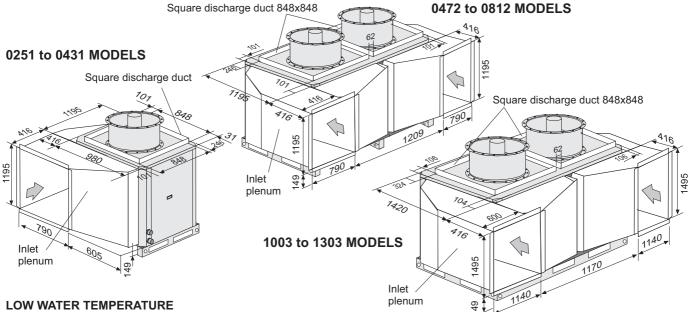
It is an electronic element, which reduces the peak compressor starting current up to 40%.

INLET PLENUM (models from 0251 to 1303 only)

It is a accessory for adapting the condenser air intake to accept a duct.

SQUARE DISCHARGE DUCT (FP1 and FP2 unit versions and models from 0251 to 1303 only)

It is formed by 1 or 2 square frames, for adapting discharge air from the unit to a square duct.



Necessary for water outlet temperatures below +5°C

There are three different kits, which depend for selecting on the water outlet temperature desired, as the following table shows:

Denomination	Application duty on the water outlet temperature
= ++	International Property of the Control of the Contro
KIT LOW WATER TEMPERATURE 0°C	For water temperatures below 5°C to 0°C
KIT LOW WATER TEMPERATURE -5°C	For water temperatures below 0°C to -5°C
KIT LOW WATER TEMPERATURE -10°C	For water temperatures below -5°C to -10°C

WATER PUMP (included on Hydraulic and Hydronic versions).

TWIN PUMPS KIT (models from 0251 to 1303 only)

It is formed by two-water pumps mounted in parallel and with same characteristics as a single pump. Only one pump is working, the other remains on stand by.

When the water pump which is operating cuts out, and the pump turns off, automatically starting the water pump on stand by. It is possible to select which one of the pumps we want to be working through an external switch supplied with the kit.

With the twin pumps, the available static pressure will decrease 5% from the available static pressure with one water pump only. **TANK ANTI-FREEZE HEATER AND WATER TANK ELECTRICAL HEATER** (available only for Hydronic version): an immersion heater can be supplied complete with safety thermostat and pressure switch fitted in the buffer tank, or an anti-freeze and supplementary heater (heat pump units only).

Tank anti-freeze heater: It starts when water temperature in the buffer tank is lower than +5°C (Not for units with low water temperature kit)

Water tank electrical heater: heat pump units only. The heater works as anti-freeze heater as explained before and as supplementary heater, when inlet warm water reaches a temperature below a value selected (example: 30°C) through an independent thermostat included.

THE POWER INPUT IS:

All of 16.						
Models		0091/0211	0251/0431	0472/0812	1003/1303	
Voltage	V	1N~230V				
voltage	V	3~230V - 3~400V			3~400V	
Tank anti-freeze heater	kW	2,25	2,25	2,25	6	
Water tank electrical heater*	kW	6	9	12	24	

(\*) Heat pump units only

### BMS (Interface Mod-bus KP06+Bus Adapter)

It is possible to connect several units with a communication system (MOD BUS Protocol).

### ALARM RELAY

It is a free voltage contact which indicates a general alarm in the unit.

### DYNAMIC SET POINT (Not available for units EAC 0472 to 0812).

It changes cooling and heating set point according ambient temperature (an extra sensor must be installed).

### 2.1.- SITE AND SHIPPING GUIDANCE



## All INSTALLATION, SERVICE and MAINTENANCE operations must be carried out by QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

The unit must be transported in a HORIZONTAL POSITION on its metal bedplate profiles . Any other position may cause serious damage to the machine.

When the unit is received, it should be checked to assure that there are no bumps or other damage, following the instructions on the packaging. If there is damage, the unit may be rejected by notifying the LENNOX Distribution Department and reporting why the machine is unacceptable on the transport agent's delivery notice. Any later complaint or claim made to the LENNOX Distribution Department, for this type of anomaly, cannot be considered under the Guarantee.

Sufficient space must be allowed to facilitate placement of the unit. The unit may be mounted outdoors. There should be adequate drainage around the unit.

In heat pump units during defrost cycle, the units produce a great amount of water melting the ice off coils. If you wish to drain the water, adequate drainage should be installed behind the unit to collect and carry out the water where desired.



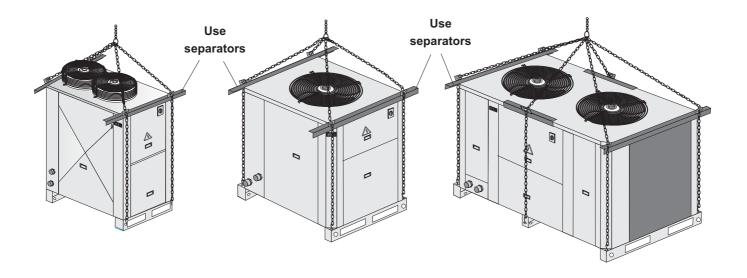
When positioning the unit, be sure that the Rating Plate will always be visible since this data will be necessary to assure proper maintenance.

It is advisable to unpack the unit at the place where the unit is going to be installed, to avoid damages during manage.

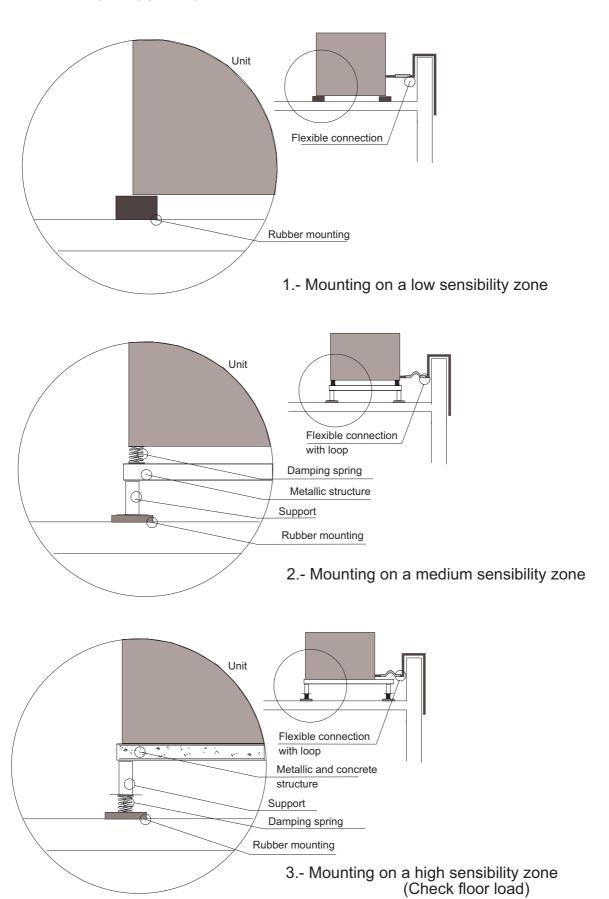
### 2.2.- UNIT LIFTING

### How to hoist the unit

If unloading and placement requires the use of a crane, then secure the suspension cables as shown in the figure. The unit can only be lifted and moved by its base.



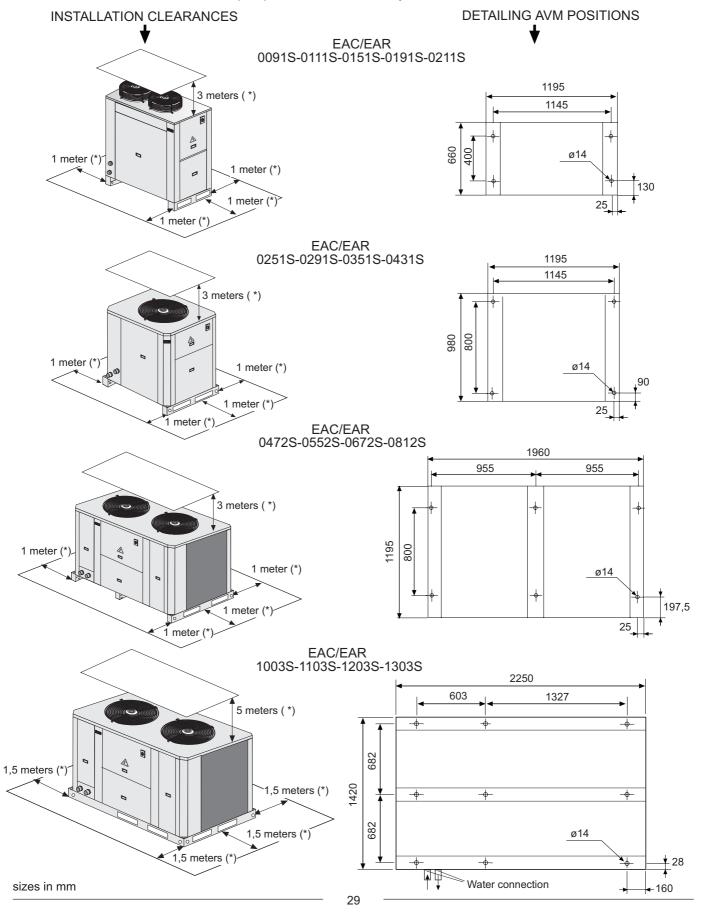
### 2.3.- ANTIVIBRATION MOUNTING



### 2.4.- INSTALLATION CLEARANCES

(\*) Clearance around the unit, for all unit versions.

Failure to install the units as shown will impact performance and reliability.



### 2.5.- UNIT INSTALLATION

- 1.- The EcoLean<sup>™</sup> units could be installed outside or inside.
- 2.- See the minimum clearance diagrams for access air supply to the batteries in the heating section of the unit. (see page 29)
- 3.- Assemble the unit on a resistant base, preferably concrete. To prevent vibrations, the concrete base should not come into contact with the building's foundations.
- 4.- It is advisable to assemble the unit on shock absorbers (antivibration mountings).
- 5.- During heating mode (heating pump coolers) ice forms in the coils. The defrost process is activated during heating mode in heat pump units, when the outside temperature is low and the outdoor coil could become frozen.

To melt the ice, the defrost function will switch the unit to cooling operation for a short period. When the evaporation temperature starts to drop, a defrost period sets in to provide sufficient heat transfer. During defrosting, the ice melts from the batteries. As a result, the ice contains water which must be removed.



#### WARNING

If the unit is exposed for long periods to installation conditions below 0°C the water from defrost can freeze in the base of the unit. This prevents drainage. Ice build up can occur preventing correct operation. For these conditions contact customer service team.

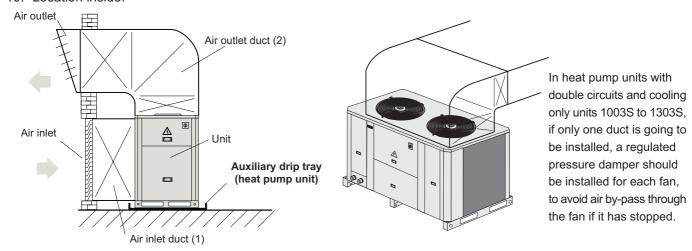
- 6.- The heat exchanger water flow during cooling must be the same as during heating.
- 7.- Fit a water filter in the unit inlet.



It is obligatory to install a mesh filter in units not equipped with Hydronic or Hydraulic module. The step of the mesh should not be superior to 1 mm.

- 8.- Use water treating if necessary.
- 9.- The water inlet to the circuit has to be filled from lowest point, with purges opened, to prevent air being trapped.

### 10.- Location inside:



For location inside, keep in mind following advice:

- In heat pump units during defrost cycle, the units produce a great amount of water melting the ice off coils. If you wish to drain the water, adequate drainage should be installed below the unit to collect and carry out the water where desired.

### - Air duct installation:

If air duct has been installed, the operating limits get reduced (see operation limits section in this manual).

- (1) The air intake plenum (option) available for models from 0251 to 1303 makes easier the installation of the air intake duct (see page 26).
- (2) The discharge plenum (option) lets the installation of a square discharge duct for the high static pressure units FP1 and FP2 (see page 26).

### 2.5.- UNIT INSTALLATION

- 11.- For cooling or heat pump units the hydraulic system must contain the following components pump, buffer tank, expansion device, safety valve, water filter, flow switch.
- 12.- To obtain the total water system pressure drop add the unit pressure drop + water pipework + fittings and terminal unit pressure drops the water pump can be selected to provide the correct water flow across the
- 13.- A water balancing valve is advised to ensure correct water flow.

### **IMPORTANT**



If the outside temperature in the area where the EcoLean<sup>™</sup> unit is to be installed is likely to drop below 5°C, it is very important to take the following precautions to avoid that water in the circuit freezing, that may produce damage to the components.

- -If unit has to work under low outside temperatures:
  - \* Do not disconnect power supply in order that water pump starts when detects water temperatures below +5 °C (only Hydraulic and Hydronic models).
  - \* If the outside temperature where the system is to be installed or the water outlet temperature is likely to drop below 5°C, it is very important to use glycol anti-freeze.

The amount of anti-freeze required will vary depending on the minimum ambient temperature or the water outlet temperature.

When the percentage of glycol increases the standard pump flow decreases, the pressure drop increases and the cooling and thermal capacities drop. As a result the minimum flow must be multiplied by the coefficient shown in the table:

MINIMUM AMBIENT TEMPERATURE OR WATER OUTLET TEMPERATURE	ETHYLENE GLYCOL %	PRESSURE DROP	WATER FLOW	CAPA( COOL	CITIES HEAT
FROM +5°C TO 0°C	10 %	1,05	1,02	0,99	0,994
FROM 0°C TO -5°C	20 %	1,10	1,05	0,98	0,993
FROM -5°C TO -10°C	30 %	1,15	1,08	0,97	0,99
FROM -10°C TO -15°C	35 %	1,18	1,10	0,96	0,987

Example: 10 % glycol in EAC0091SKHN Minimum flow: 1,19 m<sup>3</sup>/h x 1.02

Pressure drop x 1.07 System capacity x 0.99

Also is advisable to use the option "evaporator anti freeze protection"

Failure to follow this advice, may result in damage to the installation.

Optionally, an immersion heater can be supplied complete with safety thermostat and pressure switch fitted in the buffer tank of the cooling only chiller. A similar option is available for heat pump versions with the added advantage of a supplementary heating source (Hydronic version units).

### 2.6.- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS



- BEFORE MAKING ANY ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, BE SURE THAT ALL CIRCUIT BREAKERS ARE OPEN AND SUPPLY IS OFF. IN ORDER TO CARRY OUT THE ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, FOLLOW THE ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM SUPPLIED WITH THE UNIT,

POWER SUPPLY	230V SINGLE PHA UNITS		230V THREE-PHA UNITS		400V THREE- PHASE UNITS	PEL1 L2 L3 N
	1N ~ 230V - 50 H	z+PE ∽	3 ~ 230V - 50 Hz		3N ~ 400V - 50 Hz	+PE 😡
UNIT MODEL	Without AEH	With AEH	Without AEH	RES X SECTION With AEH	Without AEH	With AEH
0091S	3 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	3 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
0111S			4 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
0151S			4 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
0191S			4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
0211S			4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>
0251S			4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>
0291S			4 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 6 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
0351S			4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
0431S			4 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>
0472S			4 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 10 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
0552S			4 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>
0672S			4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup>
0812S			4 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	4 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup>
1003S					5 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>
1103S					5 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>
1203S					5 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup>
1303S					5 x 80 mm <sup>2</sup>	5 x 70 mm <sup>2</sup>

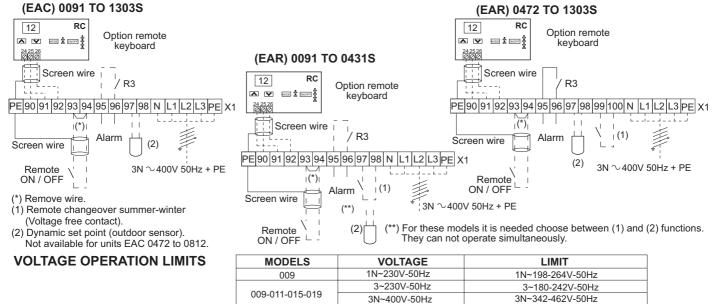
- AEH: Auxiliary Electric Heater
- The cable sections have been calculated based on a distance of 50m and variation of -10V. Do not start the unit if the drop is greater than this.
- The wiring and circuit breakers to be mounted in the installation must comply with the Regulations in force.

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100-110-120-130

- Ground wires must be properly connected and have a greater length than the phase wires.



3~230V-50Hz

3N~400V-50Hz

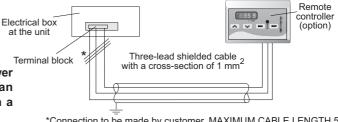
3N~400V-50Hz

A remote controller is offered as an option.

To install this option remote controller proceed as follow:

- Connect exactly as indicated in electrical diagram
- The wire should not exceed 50 m.

The three cables for connection from the keypad to the power board must be kept separate from other cables, using an individual cable channel; and use shielded cables, with a cross-section of 1 mm<sup>2</sup>.



\*Connection to be made by customer. MAXIMUM CABLE LENGTH 50m

3~198-264V-50Hz

3N~342-462V-50Hz

3N~342-462V-50Hz

### 3.- COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION

### 3.1.- STEPS TO FOLLOW FOR COMMISSIONING THE UNITS

### **PRE-START**

Before commissioning the unit check the following:

- 1.- Check that the voltage is the same as the rated voltage on the specification plate.
- 2.- Check that the supply to the control system is connected in accordance with the electrical diagram (if incorporates).
- 3.- Check that the main switch is ON (if incorporates).
- 4.- Make sure that the water connections are correct and have not been altered, as this can result in incorrect operation the flow divider will not operate if the connections are mixed.
- 5.- Check that the fan can rotate freely.
- 6.- Check the water pump's direction of rotation.
- 7.- Check for air in the water system. Purge if necessary.
- 8.- The compressor must not be started until the crankcase heater has been running for at least 8 hours.
- The compressor has a single phase electric heating element to assure a separation between the Refrigerant and the oil in the housing. This heater is activated when the compressor is off and stops working when the compressor is on.

About eight hours before start up or after a long shutdown period, voltage should be supplied to the unit so that this heater will be activated.

- Check that the compressor starts after two minutes.
- Select cool or heat as the operating mode at the control unit.
- When the compressor starts the fans rotate at maximum speed for a short time. They then rotate in accordance with the condensation temperature/pressure.



### REMEMBER THAT THE COMPRESSOR IS A SCROLL TYPE COMPRESSOR:

Before starting the unit, the compressor should be checked that rotates in the correct direction, through a three phase protection. Scroll type compressors only compress in one direction of the rotation. Single phase models are always started up in the proper direction; however, the three phase models, turn in either direction depending on the order of the power supply phases. Therefore, it is essential that the phase connection for scroll-type three-phase compressors be carried out correctly (the correct direction of rotation can be checked when the pressure on the suction side decreases and the pressure on the discharge side increases when the compressor is activated). If the connection is wrong, the rotation will be reversed causing a high noise level and a reduction in the amount of current consumed. If this occurs, the compressor's internal protection system will operate in shutting down the unit. The solution is to disconnect, switch the wires between two of the phases and connect the three again).

- Occasionally, when compressor stops and starts, there is a metallic noise because of spirals of the compressor. This is normal.
- Check compressor oil level, sight glass included (on the sides of the compressor, the level should be between 1/4 and 3/4 in the sight glass, while during operation the level should be between 3/4 and full).
- Connect high and low pressure gauges and check that operating pressure values are normal.
- Measure electrical consumption for the unit and check that it is near what is indicated on the specification plate.
- Check the electrical consumption of the compressor and the fans with what is specified in the physical data sheets.
- In the case of a Heat Pump unit, make a cycle change on the Control Panel checking that the 4-way valve makes the change correctly. Check the pressure values in the new cycle.
- Remember the low pressure switch is reset automatically and the high pressure switch is reset manually.
- Remember that low pressure switch is automatic reset, if it has 3 operations in one hour, it will be a manual reset, through the control of the unit.

### 3.- COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION

### 3.2.- CHECKING THE WATER FLOW RATE

It is very important that the unit operates at the correct water flow rate. It is dangerous to leave the unit operating at a low flow rate as this could result in serious damage to components as well as the water exchanger. If the unit operates at too high a flow rate, this will also hinder optimum performance. The best way of determining the operating flow rate is to measure the temperature difference between the inlet and water outlet.

### Checking the water flow rate (it is vital to measure the thermal peak) (Standard unit)

For nominal and minimum water flow the difference between the inlet and water outlet temperature should be 5°C (cooling and heating pump units in cooling cycle only) for an inlet temperature of 12°C, an outlet temperature of 7°C and an outside temperature of 35°C. If these conditions change, the unit capacity will also change and as a result for nominal flow the difference between the inlet and water outlet temperature will vary slightly from 5°C as can be seen in the following table, based on nominal flow rate.

	$\triangle$ T (water inlet temperature - water outlet temperature)						
		Outside temperature °C					
Water output °C	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
7	6,1	5,8	5,5	5,3	5,0	4,7	4,4
9	6,5	6,2	5,9	5,6	5,3	5,0	4,7
11	7,0	6,7	6,4	6,0	5,7	5,4	5,0

If the unit must be started in the heating cycle and if you wish to operate at nominal cooling rate, the following shows the approximate differences between the inlet and water outlet temperatures for the various conditions.

	$\triangle$ T ( water inlet temperature - water outlet temperature)					
	Outside temperature °C W.B.					
Water output °C	-6	0	6	12	18	
35	4,5	5,5	6,5	7,5	8,5	
50	4	5	6	7	8	

**Note**: The unit control system displays the inlet and water outlet temperature to be displayed. See the Control Description section.

Check that the correct water pump has been selected, taking into account the loss of pressure in the hydraulic system. It is dangerous to let the unit run at a low rate and any faults which may result will not be covered under warranty.

Do not start up the air conditioning units or the fan coils until the water temperature reaches the set temperature or use an automatic control device which cancels the air conditioning unit operation if the installation is not properly set.

When everything is operating normally, take a reading of all the data and fill out the Commissioning Sheet.

### 3.- COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION

## 3.3.- CORROSION RESISTANCE OF COPPER AND STAINLESS STEEL OF PLATES EXCHANGER (WATER EXCHANGER)

### GUIDE TO MEASURE A ANALYSIS OF THE WATER IN THE CIRCUIT.

The resistance guide below is an attempt of give a picture of the corrosion resistance of the stainless steel of the type AISI 316 and pure copper in the water, to a number of important chemical factors. The actual corrosion is however a very complex process influenced by many factors in combination. This table is therefore a considerable simplification and should not be overvalued.

### Explanations:

- + Good resistance under normal conditions
- 0 Corrosion problems can occur especially when the factors are valued as 0
- Use is not recommended

WATER CONTAINING	CONCENTRATION mg/l or ppm	AISI 316	COPPER
Alcanity (HCNO₃)	<70 70-300 >300	+ + +	0 + 0
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> )	<70 70-300 >300	+ + 0	+ - -
HCO <sub>3</sub> / SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	>1.0 <1.0	++	+
Electrical conductivity	<10 μS/cm 10-500 μS/cm >500 μS/cm	+ + + +	0 + 0
pΗ	<6.0 6.0-7.5 7.5-9.0 >9.0	0 0/+ + +	0 0 + 0
Ammonium (NH₃)	<2 2-20 >20	+ + + +	+ 0 -
Chloroides(Cl <sup>-</sup> )	<50 >50	+ 0	+ 0
Free chlorine (Cl <sub>2</sub> )	<1 1-5 >5	+ + 0/+	+ 0 -
Hydrogen sulfide (H₂S)	<0.05 >0.05	+ +	+
Free (aggressive) Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	<5 5-20 >20	+ + +	+ 0 -
Total hardness (°dH)	4.0-8.5	+	+
Nitrate (NO₃)	<100 >100	+ +	+ 0
Iron (Fe)	<0.2 >0.2	+ +	+ 0
Aluminum (Al)	<0.2 >0.2	++	+ 0
Manganese (Mn)	<0.1 >0.1	++	+ 0

### 4.- MAINTENANCE

### 4.1.- PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE



### PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PREVENTS COSTLY REPAIRS.

We recommend regular and thorough servicing of the LENNOX unit. It is therefore advisable to ask your dealer about maintenance contracts. Check maintenance of the following points (depending on the operating conditions maintenance every 6 months may be necessary).

Local legislation always takes precedence.

### - GENERAL STATE OF THE CASING:

Casing, paint, deterioration due to bumps, rust spots, leveling and supporting, state of the antivibration mounts, if installed, screwed panels, etc.

### - ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS:

State of cables, tightness of screws, grounding, current draw of the compressor and fans and checking that the unit is receiving the correct voltage.

### - COOLING CIRCUIT:

Check that pressure values are correct and that there are no leaks. Check that there is no damage to the pipe insulation, that the state of the batteries is correct and that there are no chips or clogs retained by the air flow, etc.

### - COMPRESSOR:

Inspect the oil level, if sight glass is present. Inspect the state of the compressor mountings.

### - FANS:

Check that fans turn freely and in the correct direction without excessive noises.

### - CONTROL:

Check Set Points and normal operation.

### - WATER:

If the installation contains anti-freeze, regularly check the state of the anti-freeze as well as the cleanliness of the water.

### - WATER FILTER:

Clean the water inlet filter if necessary.

### - WATER PUMP:

When the installation is going to work with percentages of glycol up to 20% and water temperatures below -5°C, even do we use a specific closing for the water pump, it is advisable to clean the water pump's closing every year and a half, in order to avoid leaks by crystallization.

### - PLATE EXCHANGER:

Prove the general isolation state and tightness of the water connections.

### - CHECK FOR REFRIGERANT LEAKAGE AND WATER LEAKAGE.

### 4.- MAINTENANCE

### 4.2.- CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

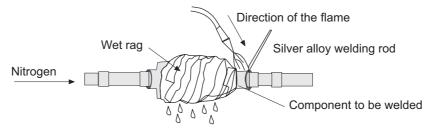


### **IMPORTANT**

## MAKE SURE THAT THE UNIT IS COMPLETELY DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SUPPLY WHEN CARRYING OUT ANY TYPE OF WORK ON THE MACHINE

If some component in the cooling circuit must be replaced, follow these recommendations:

- Always use original replacement parts.
- Remove the entire refrigerant charge from the unit from through the Schrader valves. Create a slight vacuum as a safety measure.
- Regulation prohibits the release on the refrigerant into the atmosphere.
- If cuts must be made in the pipe work, use pipe cutters. Do not use saws or any other tools that produce filings.
- All brazing must be carried out in a nitrogen atmosphere to prevent corrosion from forming.
- Use silver alloy brazing rod.
- Take special care that the flame from the torch is aimed in the opposite direction from the component to be welded and is covered with a wet rag in order to avoid overheating.



- Take very special care if 4-way check valves are to be replaced since these have internal components that are very heat-sensitive such as plastic, teflon, etc.
- If a compressor must be replaced, disconnect it electrically and un-braze the suction and discharge lines. Remove the securing screws and replace the old compressor with the new one. Check that the new compressor has the correct oil charge, screw it to the base and connect the lines and electrical connections.
- Carry out the vacuum above and below through the Schrader valves of the outdoor unit until -750 mm Hg is reached.

Once this level of vacuum has been reached, keep the pump in operation for at least one hour. **DO NOT USE THE COMPRESSOR AS A VACUUM PUMP.** If the compressor runs in vacuum it will fail.

- Charge the unit with refrigerant according to the data on the Rating Plate for the unit and **check that there are no leaks.** 



### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN THE USE OF R-407C Refrigerant

If R-407C Refrigerant is used in the unit, the following precautions characteristic of this gas should be taken:

- The Vacuum Pump must have a Check Valve or Solenoid Valve.
- Pressure Gauges and Hoses for the exclusive use with R-407C Refrigerant should be used.
- The charge should be carried out in the Liquid Phase.
- Always use scales to weight-in charge
- Use the Leak Detector exclusive for R-407C Refrigerant.
- Do not use mineral oil, only synthetic oil to ream, expand or make connections.
- Keep pipes capped before using them and be very thorough about any possible moisture and dirt (dust, filings, burrs, etc.).
- When there is a leak, gather what is left of the charge, create a vacuum in the unit and completely recharge with new R-407C Refrigerant.
- Brazing should always be carried out in a nitrogen atmosphere.
- Reamers should always be well sharpened.
- The refrigerant bottle must contain at least 10 % of the total amount .

## 4.- MAINTENANCE

## 4.3.- FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

PROBLEM	CAUSE	ACTION
The unit does not start after the last start.	* Disconnected supply.  * Main switch set to STOP.  * No water flow.  * Fuses are broken.  * Low electrical supply.  * One of the safety devices has been activated.  * Compressor fault.  * Low water temperature.	* Check electrical supply.  * Connect main switch.  * Start water pump (and check air in system).  * Check voltage.  * Check antifreeze thermostat.  * Check high/low pressure switch.  * Change compressor.  * Create demand for cooling.
The fan does not work (although the compressor is operating).	* Internal safety device open.  * Bad connection.  * Poor condensation control.	* Let the motor cool.  * Connect properly.  * Check operation.
The compressor stops when the high pressure switch is cut off.	* Condenser coil blocked.     * Unit operating outside of limiting.     * Abnormal operation of the fans.	* Maintain condenser coil. * Check the ventilators.
The compressor stops when the low pressure switch is cut off.	* Insufficient charge.  * The water exchanger is blocked (water side).  * No water flow.	* Check the charge.  * Maintain the exchanger.  * Check that there is sufficient water flow.
The oil level in the compressor is very low.	* The crank case heater is not working.	* Replace the crank case heater and check oil level.
High noise level of compressor and high and low pressures are abnormal.	* Phase connection for compressor power supply incorrectly.	* Switch the wires between two of the phases of compressor power supply.

GREAT BRITAIN. IRELAND: LENNOX INDUSTRIES LTD tél.: +44 1604 59 9400

fax: +44 1604 594200

**BELGIUM:** 

LENNOX BENELUX N.V./S.A.

e-mail: marketing @ lennoxind.com

tél.: +3236333045 fax: +3236330089

e-mail:info@lennoxbenelux.com

CZECH REPUBLIC:

JANKA LENNOX tél.:+420251088111 fax: +420 2 579 10 393 e-mail:janka@janka.cz

FRANCE:

LENNOX FRANCE tél.:+33 472232020 fax:+33 4 78 20 07 76

e-mail: accueil@lennoxfrance.com

**GERMANY:** 

LENNOX DEUTSCHLAND Gmbh

tél.:+49694209790 fax:+496942097940

e-mail: info@lennoxdeutschland.com

**NETHERLANDS:** 

LENNOX BENELUX B.V. tél.: +31332471800 fax: +31 33 2459 220

e-mail: info @ lennoxbenelux.com

POLAND:

tél.:+48 22 832 26 61 fax:+48228322662 e-mail: lennoxpolska @ inetia.pl

LENNOX POLSKA SP z o.o.

PORTUGAL:

LENNOX CLIMATIZAÇÃO LDA. tél.: +351 22 993 33 70

fax: +351 22 998 33 79

e-mail: marketing @ lennoxportugal.com

**RUSSIA:** 

LENNOX DISTRIBUTION MOSCOW

tél.:+70952460746 fax:+75029332955

e-mail: lennox.dist.moscow@co.ru

SLOVAKIA:

LENNOX SLOVAKIA tél.: +421744889216 fax:+421744881688

SPAIN:

LENNOX REFACS.A. tél.:+34902400405 fax: +34915428404 e-mail: marketing @ lennox-refac.com

**UKRAINE:** 

LENNOX DISTRIBUTION KIEV tél.: +380442131421 fax:+380442131421 e-mail: jankauk @uct.kiev.ua

OTHER EUROPEAN COUNTRIES, AFRICA,

MIDDLE-EAST:

LENNOX DISTRIBUTION tél.:+33472232014

fax:+33472232028

e-mail:marketing@lennoxdist..com









WWW.LENNOXEUROPE.COM